

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

**FORM S-3
REGISTRATION STATEMENT
UNDER
THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933**

EQUINIX, INC.

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

Delaware
(State or Other Jurisdiction
of Incorporation or Organization)

77-0487526
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor
Foster City, CA 94404
(650) 513-7000
(Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Brandi Galvin Morandi
General Counsel and Assistant Secretary
Equinix, Inc.
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Foster City, CA 94404
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(Name, Address, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including Area Code, of Agent for Service)

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Approximate date of commencement of proposed sale to the public: From time to time after the effective date of this Registration Statement.

If the only securities being registered on this Form are being offered pursuant to dividend or interest reinvestment plans, please check the following box.

If any of the securities being registered on this Form are to be offered on a delayed or continuous basis pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, other than securities offered only in connection with dividend or interest reinvestment plans, check the following box.

If this Form is filed to register additional securities for an offering pursuant to Rule 462(b) under the Securities Act, please check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment filed pursuant to Rule 462(c) under the Securities Act, check the following box and list the Securities Act registration statement number of the earlier effective registration statement for the same offering.

If this Form is a registration statement pursuant to General Instruction I.D. or a post-effective amendment thereto that shall become effective upon filing with the Commission pursuant to Rule 462(e) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

If this Form is a post-effective amendment to a registration statement filed pursuant to General Instruction I.D. filed to register additional securities or additional classes of securities pursuant to Rule 413(b) under the Securities Act, check the following box.

CALCULATION OF REGISTRATION FEE

Title of each class of Securities to be Registered	Amount to be Registered	Proposed Maximum Offering Price per Security	Proposed Maximum Aggregate Offering Price	Amount of Registration Fee
Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012	\$230,000,000 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	100%	\$230,000,000 ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	\$7,061 ⁽³⁾
Common Stock, par value \$.001 per share	— ⁽⁴⁾	— ⁽⁴⁾	— ⁽⁴⁾	— ⁽⁵⁾

(1) Equals the aggregate principal amount of Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012 to be registered hereunder. These amounts are estimated solely for the purpose of calculating the registration fee pursuant to Rule 457(o) of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act").

(2) Includes \$30,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of Convertible Subordinated Notes that may be offered and sold by the underwriters pursuant to the exercise in full of the underwriters' option to cover over-allotments.

(3) Calculated pursuant to Rule 457(o) under the Securities Act.

(4) The settlement feature of the Convertible Subordinated Notes allows, upon conversion, that cash or shares of common stock be paid. As a result, the Registrant is unable to presently calculate or give a reasonable good faith estimate of the number of shares of common stock, if any, that may be issuable upon conversion of the Convertible Subordinated Notes. Pursuant to Rule 416 of the Securities Act, the registration statement shall include an indeterminate number of shares of common stock that may be issued or become issuable in connection with stock splits, stock dividends, recapitalizations or similar events.

(5) Pursuant to Rule 457(i) under the Securities Act, no separate registration fee is required for the shares of common stock underlying the Convertible Subordinated Notes because no additional consideration is to be received in connection with the exercise of the conversion privilege.

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The information in this prospectus is not complete and may be changed. This prospectus is not an offer to sell these securities and it is not soliciting an offer to buy these securities in any state where the offer or sale is not permitted.

SUBJECT TO COMPLETION, DATED MARCH 27, 2007



\$200,000,000

Equinix, Inc.

% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012

The notes will bear interest at the rate of _____ % per annum. Interest on the notes is payable on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2007. The notes will mature on April 15, 2012.

The notes are convertible into shares of our common stock under the following circumstances: (1) if the price of our common stock exceeds a specified threshold during specified periods, (2) if the trading price of the notes is below a specified threshold, subject to specified exceptions, (3) if the notes have been called for redemption, (4) if specified corporate transactions occur or (5) at any time on or after March 15, 2012, each as described in this prospectus.

The conversion rate will initially be _____ shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment. This is equivalent to a conversion price of \$ _____ per share of common stock. In addition, if a change of control occurs, we will in certain circumstances increase the conversion rate as described in this prospectus.

Upon conversion, holders will receive, at our election, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. However, we may at any time irrevocably elect for the remaining term of the notes to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash up to 100% of the principal amount of the notes converted, with any remaining amount to be satisfied at our election in cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock.

We may at our option redeem some or all of the notes on or after April 16, 2010 for cash at 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date, if the closing sale price of our common stock for at least 20 of the 30 consecutive trading days immediately prior to the day we give notice of redemption is greater than 130% of the conversion price then in effect.

Holders may require us to repurchase some or all of their notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change at 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the repurchase date.

The notes will be our unsecured obligations and will be subordinated in right of payment to all of our senior debt and equal in right of payment with all of our subordinated debt.

We have granted to the underwriters named in this prospectus an over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional \$30,000,000 principal amount of notes.

Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "EQIX." The last reported sale price of our common stock on March 26, 2007 was \$90.00 per share. The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange.

Investing in the notes involves risks. See "[Risk Factors](#)" beginning on page 9.

Neither the Securities and Exchange Commission nor any state securities commission has approved or disapproved of these securities or determined if this prospectus is truthful or complete. Any representations to the contrary is a criminal offense.

	<u>Per Note</u>	<u>Total</u>
Public Offering Price	\$	\$
Underwriting Discount	\$	\$
Proceeds to Equinix (before expenses)	\$	\$

The underwriters expect to deliver the notes to purchasers on or about March _____, 2007.

Sole Book-Running Manager

Citigroup

March _____, 2007

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ABOUT THIS PROSPECTUS

This prospectus incorporates important business and financial information about us that is not included in or delivered with this prospectus. Information incorporated by reference is available without charge to prospective investors upon written request to us at 301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor, Foster City, California 94404, Attention: Investor Relations, or by telephone at (650) 513-7000.

You should rely only on the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus or in any related free writing prospectus. Neither we nor the underwriters have authorized any other person to provide you with different or additional information. If anyone provides you with different or additional information, you should not rely on it. We are not, and the underwriters are not, making an offer or sale of securities in any jurisdiction where the offer or sale is not permitted. You should assume that the information in this prospectus is accurate as of the date appearing on the front cover of this prospectus only. Our business, financial condition, results of operations and prospects may have changed since that date.

We have not taken any action to permit an offering of the notes outside the United States or to permit the possession or distribution of this prospectus outside the United States. Persons outside the United States who come into possession of this prospectus must inform themselves about and observe any restrictions relating to the offering of the notes and the distribution of this prospectus outside of the United States.

You must comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in any applicable jurisdiction and you must obtain any consent, approval or permission required by you for the purchase, offer or sale of the notes under the laws and regulations in force in the jurisdiction to which you are subject or in which you make your purchase, offer or sale, and neither we nor the underwriters will have any responsibility therefor.

We reserve the right to withdraw this offering of notes at any time. We and the underwriters also reserve the right to reject any offer to purchase, in whole or in part, for any reason, or to sell less than the amount of notes offered hereby.

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Certain persons participating in this offering may engage in transactions that stabilize, maintain or otherwise affect the price of the notes or our common stock. Such transactions may include stabilization and the purchase of notes to cover short positions. For a description of these activities, see “Underwriting.”

Unless expressly stated or the context otherwise requires, the terms “we,” “our,” “us,” “the company” and “Equinix” refer to Equinix, Inc., a Delaware corporation, and its consolidated subsidiaries.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This prospectus, including the documents incorporated by reference herein, contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Statements contained in this prospectus or incorporated by reference herein that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, including statements regarding our financial outlook, competitive position, business strategies, expectations, beliefs, intentions or other strategies regarding the future. All forward-looking statements included in this document are based on information available to us on the date hereof, and we assume no obligation to update any such forward-looking statements. Our actual results could differ materially from those anticipated in these forward-looking statements as a result of certain factors, including, but not limited to, those set forth in this prospectus under “Risk Factors.” You should carefully consider the risks described in the “Risk Factors” section, in addition to the other information set forth in this prospectus and incorporated by reference herein, before making an investment decision.

SUMMARY

This summary highlights the information contained or incorporated by reference in this prospectus. Because this is only a summary, it does not contain all of the information that may be important to you. For a more complete understanding of our business and financial affairs, we encourage you to read this entire prospectus, including "Risk Factors," together with the documents incorporated by reference into this prospectus which include our financial statements and the notes to those financial statements, before making a decision whether to invest in the notes.

Unless expressly provided, the information contained in this prospectus assumes that the underwriters' over-allotment option is not exercised.

Overview

Equinix provides network neutral colocation, interconnection and managed services to enterprises, content companies, systems integrators and the world's largest network providers. Through our Internet Business Exchange hubs, or IBX hubs, in ten markets in the United States and the Asia-Pacific region, customers can directly interconnect with each other for critical traffic exchange requirements. Direct interconnection to our aggregation of networks, which serve more than 90% of the world's Internet routes, enables our customers to increase performance while significantly reducing costs. Based on our network neutral model and the quality of our IBX hubs, we believe we have established a critical mass of customers. We believe that this critical mass and the resulting "network effect," combined with a strong financial position, will continue to drive new customer growth and bookings. In addition to our business momentum, significant increases in overall customer demand combined with reduced supply in the data center market has resulted in strong market growth and pricing power. As a result of our largely fixed cost model, any growth in revenue from our current IBX hubs would likely drive incremental margins and increased operating cash flow.

Our network neutral business model is a key differentiator for us in the market. Because we do not operate a network, we are able to offer our customers direct interconnection to the largest aggregation of bandwidth providers and Internet service providers. The world's top tier Internet service providers, numerous access networks, second tier providers and international carriers, such as AOL, at&t, British Telecom, Cable & Wireless, Comcast, Level 3, NTT, Qwest, SingTel, Sprint and Verizon Business are all currently located at our IBX hubs. Access to such a wide variety of networks has attracted nine of the top 10 Internet properties and numerous other enterprise and government customers, including Amazon.com, Bank of America, Electronic Arts, Fox Interactive Media, Gannett, The Gap, Goldman Sachs, Google, IBM, McGraw Hill, MSN, NASA, News Corporation, Salesforce.com, Solo Cup, Sony and Yahoo!.

Our services are primarily comprised of colocation, interconnection, and managed IT infrastructure services.

- Colocation services include cabinets, power, operations space and storage space for our customers' colocation needs.
- Interconnection services include cross connects and switch ports on the Equinix Exchange service. These services provide scalable and reliable connectivity that allow our customers to exchange traffic directly with the service provider of their choice or directly with each other.
- Managed IT infrastructure services allow our customers to leverage our significant telecommunications expertise, maximize the benefits of our IBX hubs and optimize their infrastructure and resources.

The market for our services has historically been served by large telecommunications carriers who have bundled their telecommunications services and managed services with their colocation offerings. Over the past several years, a number of these telecommunications carriers have eliminated or reduced their colocation

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footprint to focus on their core businesses. Additionally, many of the competitive providers have failed to scale their businesses and have been forced to exit the market. Although some of our larger customers, including companies such as AOL, Google or MSN operate or are building their own data centers for their large infrastructure deployments, these customers continue to have a presence in an Equinix data center to use our interconnection services to reach their business partners. The need for large, wholesale outsourced data centers is also, more recently, being addressed by real estate investment trusts (REITs) who are building large centers to meet customers' needs for large or standalone centers, a different customer segment than Equinix serves. However, with the departure of most of the telecommunications companies from this market and a lack of new supply resulting from legacy centers that are often unable to address the significant power needs of today's customers and a lack of new centers being built, there now exists a significant supply and demand imbalance in the customer segment we serve. This reduction in supply in the industry has led to stabilized pricing and increased demand for our centers. We have gained many of those customers no longer served by the large telecommunications companies as access to their networks is also available in our IBX hubs. Strategically, we will continue to look at attractive opportunities to grow our market share and selectively improve our footprint and service offerings.

Our Strategy

Our objective is to become the premier hub for critical Internet properties, enterprises, content providers and government agencies to locate their information technology infrastructure operations in order to gain maximum benefits from the choice of networks and partners in the most simple and efficient manner. Key components of our strategy include the following:

Continue to Build upon our Critical Mass of Network Providers and Content Companies and Grow our Position within Enterprise and Government. We have assembled a critical mass of premier network providers and content companies and have become one of the core hubs of the Internet. This critical mass is a key selling point since content companies want to connect with a diverse set of networks to provide the best connectivity to their end-customers and network companies want to sell bandwidth to content customers and interconnect with other networks in the most efficient manner available. Currently, we service over 200 unique networks, including all of the top tier networks, allowing our customers to directly interconnect with providers that serve more than 90% of global Internet routes. We have a growing mass of key players in the enterprise sector, such as Bank of America, The Gap, Gannett, Goldman Sachs, IBM, Salesforce.com, SOLO Cup, Sony and others. Similarly, we have experienced increasing success in attracting customers from the government sector, such as NASA. We expect the success we have experienced in the financial and digital media segments to continue to drive our growth in 2007 and beyond.

Leverage the Network Effect. As networks, content providers and other enterprises locate in our IBX centers, it benefits their suppliers and business partners to do so as well to gain the full economic and performance benefits of direct interconnection. These partners, in turn, pull in their business partners, creating a "network effect" of customer adoption. Our interconnection services enable scalable, reliable and cost-effective interconnection and traffic exchange, thus lowering overall cost and increasing flexibility. The ability to directly interconnect with a wide variety of companies is a key differentiator for us in the market.

Promote our IBX Centers as the Highest Performance Points on the Internet. Data center reliability, power availability and network choice are the most important attributes when our customers are choosing a data center provider. Our premier IBX hubs are next-generation data centers and offer customers advanced security, reliability and redundancy. Our security design in the U.S. IBX centers includes five levels of biometrics security to access customer cages. Our power infrastructure includes N+1 redundancy for all systems and has delivered 99.999% uptime over the period from January 1, 2002 through December 31, 2006. We provide access to over 200 different network providers. Our support staff, trained to aid customers with operational support, is available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

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Provide New Products and Services within our IBX Centers. We plan to continue to offer additional products and services that are most valuable to our customers as they manage their Internet and network businesses and, specifically, as they attempt to effectively utilize multiple networks. Examples include our IBX Link services which allows customers to easily move traffic between IBX centers located in the same metro area or the Financial Exchange service which allows direct interconnection with electronic financial exchanges, such as the Chicago Mercantile Exchange.

Expand to Satisfy our Customers' Growth Needs. We plan to expand in key markets based on customer demand to ensure a smooth growth path for our customers. For example, from October 2003 to October 2005, we acquired six new IBX centers in our key markets, increasing our customer cabinet capacity by 50%. We currently have four additional new IBX builds underway in the U.S. and Tokyo, Japan markets, and two IBX expansions underway in Singapore and Sydney, Australia. Our strategy is to continue to grow in select existing markets and possibly expand to additional markets where we believe warranted based on anticipated demand and financial return. We expect to execute this expansion strategy in a cost-effective and prudent manner through a combination of acquiring existing centers through lease or purchase, or building new centers based on key criteria, such as demand and potential financial return, in each market.

Recent Developments

San Jose Property Acquisition

In January 2007, we entered into an agreement to purchase the building and property where our original Silicon Valley IBX center is located for \$65.0 million, which is expected to close no later than November 2007. We made an initial \$6.5 million deposit, and we intend to finance the balance with external financing. We refer to this transaction as the San Jose property acquisition.

Chicago IBX Financing

In February 2007, we entered into a construction loan facility of up to \$110.0 million which has a term of three years and bears interest at a floating rate (one, three or six month LIBOR plus 2.75%), with an initial rate of 8.125%, to finance a portion of the design, development and construction costs of the Chicago metro area IBX expansion project. We refer to this transaction as the Chicago IBX financing. As of March 23, 2007, we had drawn \$24.6 million on the Chicago IBX loan facility and expect to be fully drawn on the Chicago IBX loan facility by the end of 2007.

Conversion of 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024

In March 2007, we entered into agreements with certain holders of our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024, pursuant to which we exchanged an aggregate of 1,367,090 newly issued shares of our common stock for such holders' \$54.0 million principal amount of the debentures. The number of shares of common stock issued equaled the amount issuable upon conversion of the debentures in accordance with their terms. In addition, each holder received cash consideration equal to accrued and unpaid interest through the redemption date and the present value of the future interest payments due through February 15, 2009, plus an immaterial inducement fee.

Appointment of New Chief Executive Officer and Director

On March 16, 2007, we extended an offer of employment to Stephen M. Smith to serve as our Chief Executive Officer and President, and Mr. Smith accepted this offer. Mr. Smith is expected to commence his employment with us on April 2, 2007. Mr. Smith will be appointed to our Board of Directors effective April 2,

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2007. As a member of our Board of Directors, Mr. Smith will be appointed to serve on our Stock Option Committee. As previously disclosed, Peter Van Camp, our current Chief Executive Officer and President, will become Executive Chair upon Mr. Smith's commencement of employment.

New IBX Expansion within our Existing Washington, D.C. Area Campus

On March 27, 2007, we announced that we will build a new 85,000 square foot IBX data center in the Washington, D.C. area to meet continued customer demand in the region. The new center will be located adjacent to the four other data centers that we currently operate in the Washington, D.C. area. We intend to invest approximately \$70.0 million of capital expenditures in the new expansion, of which approximately \$45.0 million is expected to be incurred in 2007.

2007 Expected Capital Expenditures

As a result of the Washington, D.C. area expansion, we expect our capital expenditures for the full year 2007 to be in a range of \$361.0 to \$381.0 million, comprised of \$36.0 million of ongoing capital expenditures and approximately \$325.0 to \$345.0 million of expansion capital expenditures.

Company Information

Our principal executive offices are located at 301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor, Foster City, CA 94404 and our telephone number is (650) 513-7000. Our website is located at www.equinix.com. Information contained on or accessible through our website is not part of this prospectus.

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The Offering

The Offering

Issuer	Equinix, Inc.
Securities Offered	\$200,000,000 aggregate principal amount of % Convertible Subordinated Notes due April 15, 2012. We have also granted the underwriters an over-allotment option to purchase up to an additional \$30,000,000 aggregate principal amount of notes.
Maturity Date	April 15, 2012, unless earlier redeemed, repurchased or converted.
Interest and Payment Dates	The notes will bear interest at an annual rate of %. Interest is payable on April 15 and October 15 of each year, beginning on October 15, 2007.
Subordination	The notes are our unsecured obligations and will be subordinated in right of payment to all of our existing and future senior indebtedness and equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future subordinated indebtedness, including our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024. See “Description of Notes—Ranking.” The notes are also effectively subordinated to all existing and future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries. As of December 31, 2006, we had outstanding approximately \$98.9 million of senior indebtedness and \$180.9 million of subordinated indebtedness (\$54.0 million of which was converted into common stock prior to this offering) of which our subsidiaries had approximately \$193.6 million of debt, excluding intercompany debt. The indenture governing the notes does not limit our ability or the ability of our subsidiaries to incur debt, including senior indebtedness.
Optional Redemption	We do not have the right to redeem the notes prior to April 16, 2010. At any time on or after April 16, 2010, we will have the right, at our option, to redeem the notes, in whole or in part, in cash but only if the closing sale price of our common stock for at least 20 of the 30 consecutive trading days immediately prior to the day we give notice of redemption is greater than 130% of the applicable conversion price on the date of the notice. The redemption price will be paid in cash and will equal 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the date of redemption.
Conversion Rights	<p>The notes are convertible into shares of our common stock at a conversion rate of shares per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment. This is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ per share of common stock.</p> <p> Holders may convert their notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date under the following circumstances:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• during any fiscal quarter (and only during that fiscal quarter) ending after June 30, 2007, if the sale price of our common

stock, for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous fiscal quarter, is greater than 130% of the conversion price per share of common stock on such last trading day;

- subject to certain exceptions, during the five business day period following any ten consecutive trading day period in which the trading price of the notes for each day of such period was less than 98% of the product of the sale price of our common stock and the conversion rate;
- if such notes have been called for redemption;
- upon the occurrence of specified corporate transactions described under “Description of Notes—Conversion of Notes—Conversion Upon Specified Corporate Transactions;” or
- at any time on or after March 15, 2012.

Upon conversion, holders will not receive any cash representing accrued interest, except in limited circumstances. See “Description of Notes—Conversion Procedures.”

Upon conversion, holders will receive, at our election, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. However, we may at any time irrevocably elect for the remaining term of the notes to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash up to 100% of the principal amount of the notes converted, with any remaining amount to be satisfied in shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. Any such election is in our sole discretion and will apply for the remaining term of the notes following such election. See “Description of Notes—Conversion Procedures—Payment upon Conversion.”

As described in this prospectus, the conversion rates may be adjusted upon the occurrence of certain events, including for any cash dividend, but they will not be adjusted for accrued and unpaid interest. Except in limited circumstances, you will not receive any cash payment representing accrued and unpaid interest upon conversion of a note. Upon conversion, accrued but unpaid interest will be deemed paid in full rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited.

Notes called for redemption may be surrendered for conversion prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the scheduled trading day immediately preceding the redemption date.

Fundamental Change

If we experience a fundamental change, as described under “Description of Notes—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change,” holders will, subject to specified conditions, have the right, at their option, to require us to repurchase for cash all or a portion of their notes. The repurchase price will be paid in cash

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and will equal 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to, but not including, the fundamental change repurchase date.

Following certain corporate transactions that constitute a change of control we will increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert notes in connection with such change of control in certain circumstances, as described under “Description of Notes—Adjustment to Conversion Rate Upon a Change of Control.”

Use of Proceeds

We intend to use the net proceeds of this offering for general corporate purposes, including the funding of our expansion activities and working capital requirements. See “Recent Developments—New IBX Expansion within our Existing Washington, D.C. Area Campus” and “Use of Proceeds.”

Trading

The notes will not be listed on any securities exchange. Our common stock is listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol “EQIX.”

Risk Factors

Investment in the notes involves risks. You should carefully consider the information under “Risk Factors” and all other information included in this prospectus before buying any notes.

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Summary Consolidated Financial Data

The following summary consolidated financial data should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and our consolidated financial statements and their related notes incorporated by reference into this prospectus and “Use of Proceeds” and “Capitalization.” The historical financial information presented below may not be indicative of our future performance.

	Years ended December 31,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
	(dollars in thousands, except per share data)				
Statement of Operations Data:					
Revenues	\$ 77,188	\$ 117,942	\$ 163,671	\$ 221,057	\$ 286,915
Costs and operating expenses:					
Cost of revenues	104,073	128,121	136,950	158,354	188,379
Sales and marketing	15,247	19,483	18,604	20,552	32,619
General and administrative	30,659	34,293	32,494	45,110	72,123
Restructuring charges	28,885	—	17,685	33,814	1,527
Gain on Honolulu IBX sale	—	—	—	—	(9,647)
Total costs and operating expenses	178,864	181,897	205,733	257,830	285,001
Income (loss) from operations	(101,676)	(63,955)	(42,062)	(36,773)	1,914
Interest income	998	296	1,291	3,584	6,627
Interest expense	(35,098)	(20,512)	(11,496)	(8,880)	(14,875)
Gain (loss) on debt extinguishment and conversion	114,158	—	(16,211)	—	—
Income taxes	—	—	(153)	(543)	(439)
Cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	—	—	—	—	376
Net loss	\$ (21,618)	\$ (84,171)	\$ (68,631)	\$ (42,612)	\$ (6,397)
Net loss per share:					
Basic and diluted	\$ (7.23)	\$ (8.76)	\$ (3.87)	\$ (1.78)	\$ (0.22)
Weighted average shares	2,990	9,604	17,719	23,956	28,551
Ratio of earnings to fixed charges ⁽¹⁾	1.0:2.0	—	—	—	1.0:1.5

	As of December 31, 2006	
	Actual	Pro Forma As Adjusted ⁽²⁾
	(dollars in thousands)	
Balance Sheet Data:		
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments	\$ 156,481	\$ 362,015
Accounts receivable, net	26,864	26,864
Property and equipment, net	546,395	546,395
Total assets	771,832	991,672
Capital lease and other financing obligations, excluding current portion	92,722	92,722
Mortgage payable, excluding current portion	96,746	96,746
Chicago IBX Financing	—	24,607
Convertible subordinated debentures due 2024	86,250	32,250
Convertible subordinated notes due 2012 offered hereby	—	200,000
Total stockholders’ equity	355,028	404,767
Other Financial Data:		
Net cash provided by operating activities	75,412	71,499
Net cash used in investing activities	(158,470)	(164,970)
Net cash provided by financing activities	46,107	262,054

- (1) In calculating the ratio of earnings to fixed charges, earnings consist of net loss before each of income tax expense, cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle and fixed charges. Fixed charges consist of interest expense, including such portion of rental expense that was attributed to interest. The ratio of earnings to fixed charges was less than 1.0 to 1.0 for each of the periods presented, except the years ended December 31, 2002 and December 31, 2006. The coverage deficiency for the years ended December 31, 2003, 2004 and 2005 was \$84.2 million, \$68.5 million and \$42.1 million, respectively.
- (2) Pro forma as adjusted to give effect to (1) the conversion of \$54.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024 in March 2007, (2) \$24.6 million in total drawdowns through March 23, 2007 from our \$110.0 million Chicago IBX loan facility, (3) a \$6.5 million deposit paid in January 2007 related to the San Jose property acquisition and (4) the sale of the notes offered hereby, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses.

RISK FACTORS

Any investment in the notes or our common stock involves a high degree of risk. You should consider the risks described below carefully and all of the information contained in this prospectus before deciding whether to purchase the notes or to convert the notes. The risks and uncertainties described below are not the only risks and uncertainties we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial may also impair our business operations. If any of the following risks actually occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations would suffer. In that event, the price of the notes and our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment in the notes and our common stock. The risks discussed below also include forward-looking statements and our actual results may differ substantially from those discussed in these forward-looking statements. See "Forward-Looking Statements."

Risks Related to Our Business

We have incurred substantial losses in the past and may continue to incur additional losses in the future.

Although we have generated cash from operations since the quarter ended September 30, 2003, for the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, we incurred net losses of \$6.4 million, \$42.6 million and \$68.6 million, respectively. Although we believe we are approaching a position of having our net losses decrease to a breakeven level or even possibly producing some nominal level of net income in the foreseeable future, we are also currently investing heavily in our future growth through the build-out of several additional IBX centers. As a result, we will incur higher depreciation and other operating expenses that will negatively impact our ability to achieve and sustain profitability unless and until these new IBX centers generate enough revenue to exceed their operating costs and cover our additional overhead needed to scale our business for this anticipated growth. Although our goal is to achieve profitability, there can be no guarantee that we will become profitable, and we may continue to incur additional losses. Even if we achieve profitability, given the competitive and evolving nature of the industry in which we operate, we may not be able to sustain or increase profitability on a quarterly or annual basis.

We are continuing to invest in our expansion efforts but may not have sufficient customer demand in the future to realize expected returns on these investments.

We are considering the acquisition or lease of additional properties, including construction of new IBX centers beyond those expansion projects already announced. We will be required to commit substantial operational and financial resources to these IBX centers, generally 12-18 months in advance of securing customer contracts, and we may not have sufficient customer demand in those markets to support these centers once they are built. In addition, unanticipated technological changes could affect customer requirements for data centers and we may not have built such requirements into our new IBX centers. Any of these contingencies, if they were to occur, could make it difficult for us to realize expected or reasonable returns on these investments.

We have begun construction of new IBX centers, and may begin construction of additional new IBX centers, which could involve significant risks to our business.

We believe that most of the pre-existing built-out data centers have already been acquired, and that there are few if any viable distressed assets available for us to acquire in our key markets today. In order to sustain our growth in these markets, we must acquire suitable land with or without structures to build our new IBX centers from the ground up (a "greenfield" build). Greenfield builds are currently underway in the Chicago, Washington D.C. and New York metro areas. A greenfield build involves substantial planning and lead-time, much longer time to completion than we have currently experienced in our recent IBX retrofits of existing data centers, and significantly higher costs of construction, equipment, and materials which could have a negative impact on our returns. A greenfield build also requires us to carefully select and rely on the experience of one or several general

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contractors and associated subcontractors during the construction process. Should a general contractor or significant subcontractor experience financial or other problems during the construction process, we could experience significant delays, increased costs to complete the project and other negative impacts to our expected returns. Site selection is also a critical factor in our expansion plans, and there may not be suitable properties available in our markets with the necessary combination of high power capacity and fiber connectivity.

While we may prefer to locate new IBX centers adjacent to our existing locations, we may be limited by the inventory and location of suitable properties as well as the need for adequate power and fiber to the site. In the event we decide to build new IBX centers separate from our existing IBX centers, we may provide services to interconnect these two centers. Should these services not provide the necessary reliability to sustain service, this could result in lower interconnection revenue, lower margins and could have a negative impact on customer retention over time.

If we are not able to generate sufficient operating cash flows or obtain external financing, our ability to fund capital expenditures or fulfill our obligations or execute expansion plans may be limited.

Our capital expenditures, together with ongoing operating expenses and obligations to service our debts, will be a substantial drain on our cash flow and may decrease our cash balances. We regularly assess markets for external financing opportunities, including debt and equity. Additional debt or equity financing may not be available when needed or, if available, may not be available on satisfactory terms. Our inability to obtain needed debt and/or equity financing or to generate sufficient cash from operations may require us to abandon projects or curtail capital expenditures. If we curtail capital expenditures or abandon projects, we could be materially adversely affected.

Any failure of our physical infrastructure or services could lead to significant costs and disruptions that could reduce our revenue and harm our business reputation and financial results.

Our business depends on providing customers with highly reliable service. We must protect our customers' IBX infrastructure and their equipment located in our IBX centers. We continue to acquire IBX centers not built by us. If these IBX centers and their infrastructure assets are not in the condition we believe them to be in, we may be required to incur substantial additional costs to repair or upgrade the centers. The services we provide in each of our IBX centers are subject to failure resulting from numerous factors, including:

- human error;
- physical or electronic security breaches;
- fire, earthquake, flood, tornados and other natural disasters;
- extreme temperatures;
- water damage;
- fiber cuts;
- power loss;
- terrorist acts;
- sabotage and vandalism; and
- failure of business partners who provide our resale products.

Problems at one or more of our IBX centers, whether or not within our control, could result in service interruptions or significant equipment damage. For example, in the event of an unusually long period of extreme heat, we may not be able to keep certain of our centers in compliance with our stated cooling objectives or the center's cooling units could fail under the strain. The extreme temperatures could also lead to our suppliers

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experiencing electrical power outages or shortages. We have service level commitment obligations to certain of our customers, including our significant customers. As a result, service interruptions or significant equipment damage in our IBX centers could result in difficulty maintaining service level commitments to these customers and potential claims related to such failures. For example, for the year ended December 31, 2005, we recorded \$457,000 in service level credits to various customers, primarily associated with two separate power outages that affected our Chicago and Washington, D.C. metro area IBX centers.

If we incur significant financial commitments to our customers in connection with a loss of power, or our failure to meet other service level commitment obligations, our liability insurance may not be adequate. In addition, any loss of services, equipment damage or inability to meet our service level commitment obligations could reduce the confidence of our customers and could consequently impair our ability to obtain and retain customers, which would adversely affect both our ability to generate revenues and our operating results.

Furthermore, we are dependent upon Internet service providers, telecommunications carriers and other website operators in the U.S., Asia and elsewhere, some of which have experienced significant system failures and electrical outages in the past. Users of our services may in the future experience difficulties due to system failures unrelated to our systems and services. If for any reason, these providers fail to provide the required services, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially adversely impacted.

A portion of the managed services business we acquired in our combination with i-STT Pte. Ltd. and Pihana Pacific, Inc. in 2002, which we call the combination, involves the processing and storage of confidential customer information. Inappropriate use of those services could jeopardize the security of customers' confidential information causing losses of data or financially impacting our customers or us and subjecting us to the risk of lawsuits. Efforts to alleviate problems caused by computer viruses or other inappropriate uses or security breaches may lead to interruptions, delays or cessation of our managed services.

There is no known prevention or defense against denial of service attacks. During a prolonged denial of service attack, Internet service may not be available for several hours, thus negatively impacting hosted customers' on-line business transactions. Affected customers might file claims against us under such circumstances. Our property and liability insurance may not be adequate to cover these customer claims.

We expect our operating results to fluctuate.

We have experienced fluctuations in our results of operations on a quarterly and annual basis. The fluctuations in our operating results may cause the market price of our common stock to decline. We expect to experience significant fluctuations in our operating results in the foreseeable future due to a variety of factors, including:

- financing or other expenses related to the acquisition, purchase or construction of additional IBX centers;
- mandatory expensing of employee stock-based compensation, including restricted shares and units;
- demand for space, power and services at our IBX centers;
- changes in general economic conditions and specific market conditions in the telecommunications and Internet industries;
- costs associated with the write-off or exit of unimproved or underutilized property;
- the provision of customer discounts and credits;
- the mix of current and proposed products and services and the gross margins associated with our products and services;
- the timing required for new and future centers to open or become fully utilized;

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- competition in the markets in which we operate;
- conditions related to international operations;
- increasing repair and maintenance expenses in connection with aging IBX centers;
- lack of available capacity in our existing IBX centers to book new revenue or delays in opening up new or acquired IBX centers may delay our ability to book new revenue in markets which have otherwise reached capacity;
- the timing and magnitude of other operating expenses, including taxes, capital expenditures and expenses related to the expansion of sales, marketing, operations and acquisitions, if any, of complementary businesses and assets; and
- the cost and availability of adequate public utilities, including power.

Any of the foregoing factors, or other factors discussed elsewhere in this prospectus or incorporated by reference herein, could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and financial condition. Although we have experienced growth in revenues in recent quarters, this growth rate is not necessarily indicative of future operating results. It is possible that we may never generate net income on a quarterly or annual basis in the future. In addition, a relatively large portion of our expenses are fixed in the short-term, particularly with respect to lease and personnel expenses, depreciation and amortization and interest expenses. Therefore, our results of operations are particularly sensitive to fluctuations in revenues. As such, comparisons to prior reporting periods should not be relied upon as indications of our future performance. In addition, our operating results in one or more future quarters may fail to meet the expectations of securities analysts or investors. If this occurs, we could experience an immediate and significant decline in the trading price of our stock.

Our inability to use our tax net operating losses will cause us to pay taxes at an earlier date and in greater amounts, which may harm our operating results.

We believe that our ability to use our pre-2003 tax net operating losses, or NOLs, in any taxable year is subject to limitation under Section 382 of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), as a result of the significant change in the ownership of our stock that resulted from the combination. We expect that a significant portion of our NOLs accrued prior to December 31, 2002 will expire unused as a result of this limitation. In addition to the limitations on NOL carry-forward utilization described above, we believe that Section 382 of the Code will also significantly limit our ability to use the depreciation and amortization on our assets, as well as certain losses on the sale of our assets, to the extent that such depreciation, amortization and losses reflect unrealized depreciation that was inherent in such assets as of the date of the combination. These limitations will cause us to pay taxes at an earlier date and in greater amounts than would occur absent such limitations.

We are exposed to potential risks from legislation requiring companies to evaluate controls under Section 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

Although we received an unqualified opinion regarding the effectiveness of our internal controls over financial reporting as of December 31, 2006, in the course of our ongoing evaluation of our internal controls over financial reporting, we have identified certain areas which we would like to improve and are in the process of evaluating and designing enhanced processes and controls to address these areas identified during our evaluation, none of which we believe constitutes or will constitute a material change. However, we cannot be certain that our efforts will be effective or sufficient for us, or our independent registered public accounting firm, to issue unqualified reports in the future, especially as our business continues to grow and evolve.

It may be difficult to design and implement effective financial controls for combined operations, and differences in existing controls of any acquired businesses may result in weaknesses that require remediation when the financial controls and reporting are combined.

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Our ability to manage our operations and growth will require us to improve our operational, financial and management controls, as well as our internal reporting systems and controls. We may not be able to implement improvements to our internal reporting systems and controls in an efficient and timely manner and may discover deficiencies in existing systems and controls.

If we cannot effectively manage international operations, including our international expansion plans, our revenues may not increase and our business and results of operations would be harmed.

For the years ended December 31, 2006, 2005 and 2004, we recognized 14%, 13% and 13%, respectively, of our revenues outside North America. We anticipate that, for the foreseeable future, a significant part of our revenues will be derived from sources outside North America.

To date, the neutrality of our IBX centers and the variety of networks available to our customers has often been a competitive advantage for us. In certain of our acquired IBX centers, in Singapore in particular, the limited number of carriers available reduces that advantage. As a result, we may need to adapt our key revenue-generating services and pricing to be competitive in that market.

We may experience gains and losses resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. To date, the majority of our revenues and costs have been denominated in U.S. dollars; however, the majority of revenues and costs in our international operations have been denominated in Singapore dollars, Japanese yen and Australia and Hong Kong dollars. Although we have in the past and may decide to undertake foreign exchange hedging transactions in the future to reduce foreign currency transaction exposure, we do not currently intend to eliminate all foreign currency transaction exposure. Where our prices are denominated in U.S. dollars, our sales could be adversely affected by declines in foreign currencies relative to the U.S. dollar, thereby making our products and services more expensive in local currencies.

We are currently undergoing an expansion of our IBX center in the Tokyo, Japan metro area and have announced our plans to expand our IBX center in Singapore. Undertaking and managing these expansions in foreign jurisdictions may present unanticipated challenges to us. In addition, any expansion requires substantial operational and financial resources, and we may not have sufficient customer demand to support the expansion once complete. Unanticipated technological changes could also affect customer requirements for data centers and we may not have built such requirements into our expanded IBX centers. We are also exposed to risks resulting from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates in connection with our international expansions. To the extent we are paying contractors in foreign currencies, our expansions could cost more than anticipated from declines in the U.S. dollar relative to foreign currencies.

Our international operations are generally subject to a number of additional risks, including:

- the costs of customizing IBX centers for foreign countries;
- protectionist laws and business practices favoring local competition;
- greater difficulty or delay in accounts receivable collection;
- difficulties in staffing and managing foreign operations;
- political and economic instability;
- our ability to obtain, transfer, or maintain licenses required by governmental entities with respect to our business; and
- compliance with evolving governmental regulation with which we have little experience.

The increased use of high power density equipment may limit our ability to fully utilize our IBX centers.

Customers are increasing their use of high-density electrical power equipment, such as blade servers, in our IBX centers which has significantly increased the demand for power on a per cabinet basis. Because most of our

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centers were built several years ago, the current demand for electrical power may exceed the designed electrical capacity in these centers. As electrical power, not space, is typically the limiting factor in our IBX data centers, our ability to fully utilize those IBX centers may be limited. The availability of sufficient power may also pose a risk to the successful operation of our new IBX centers. The ability to increase the power capacity of an IBX, should we decide to, is dependent on several factors including, but not limited to, the local utility's ability to provide additional power; the length of time required to provide such power; and/or whether it is feasible to upgrade the electrical infrastructure of an IBX to deliver additional power to customers. Although we are currently designing and building to a much higher power specification, there is a risk that demand will continue to increase and our IBX centers could become obsolete sooner than expected.

We may make acquisitions, which pose integration and other risks that could harm our business.

We have recently acquired several new IBX centers, and we may seek to acquire additional IBX centers, real estate for development of new IBX centers, or complementary businesses, products, services or technologies. As a result of these acquisitions, we may be required to incur additional debt and expenditures and issue additional shares of our common stock to pay for the acquired businesses, products, services or technologies, which may dilute our stockholders' ownership interest and may delay, or prevent, our profitability. These acquisitions may also expose us to risks such as:

- the possibility that we may not be able to successfully integrate acquired businesses or achieve the level of quality in such businesses to which our customers are accustomed;
- the possibility that additional capital expenditures may be required;
- the possibility that senior management may be required to spend considerable time negotiating agreements and integrating acquired businesses;
- the possible loss or reduction in value of acquired businesses;
- the possibility that our customers may not accept either the existing equipment infrastructure or the "look-and-feel" of a new or different IBX center;
- the possibility that carriers may find it cost-prohibitive or impractical to bring fiber and networks into a new IBX center;
- the possibility of pre-existing undisclosed liabilities regarding the property or IBX center, including but not limited to environmental or asbestos liability, of which our insurance may be insufficient or for which we may be unable to secure insurance coverage; and
- the possibility that the concentration of our IBX centers in the Silicon Valley, Los Angeles and Tokyo, Japan metro areas may increase our exposure to seismic activity, especially if these centers are located on or near fault zones.

We cannot assure you that the price for any future acquisitions will be similar to prior IBX acquisitions. In fact, we expect acquisition costs, including capital expenditures required to build or render new IBX centers operational, to increase in the future. If our revenue does not keep pace with these potential acquisition and expansion costs, we may not be able to maintain our current or expected margins as we absorb these additional expenses. There is no assurance we would successfully overcome these risks or any other problems encountered with these acquisitions.

Our business could be harmed by prolonged electrical power outages or shortages, increased costs of energy or general lack of availability of electrical resources.

Our IBX centers are susceptible to regional costs of power, electrical power shortages, planned or unplanned power outages, and limitations, especially internationally, on the availability of adequate power resources.

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Power outages, such as those that occurred in California during 2001, the Northeast in 2003, and from the tornados on the U.S. East Coast in 2004, could harm our customers and our business. We attempt to limit exposure to system downtime by using backup generators and power supplies; however, we may not be able to limit our exposure entirely even with these protections in place, as was the case with the power outages we experienced in our Chicago and Washington, D.C. metro area IBX centers in 2005.

In addition, global fluctuations in the price of power can increase the cost of energy, and although contractual price increase clauses may exist in some of our customer agreements, we may not be able to pass these increased costs on to our customers.

In each of our markets, we rely on third parties to provide a sufficient amount of power for current and future customers. At the same time, power and cooling requirements are growing on a per unit basis. As a result, some customers are consuming an increasing amount of power per cabinet. We generally do not control the amount of electric power our customers draw from their installed circuits. This means that we could face power limitations in our centers. This could have a negative impact on the effective available capacity of a given center and limit our ability to grow our business, which could have a negative impact on our financial performance, operating results and cash flows.

We may also have difficulty obtaining sufficient power capacity for potential expansion sites in new or existing markets. We may experience significant delays and substantial increased costs demanded by the utilities to provide the level of electrical service required by our current IBX center designs.

We may be forced to take steps, and may be prevented from pursuing certain business opportunities, to ensure compliance with certain tax-related covenants agreed to by us in connection with the combination.

We agreed to a covenant in connection with the combination (which we refer to as the FIRPTA covenant) that we would use all commercially reasonable efforts to ensure that at all times from and after the closing of the combination none of our capital stock issued to STT Communications would constitute “United States real property interests” within the meaning of Section 897(c) of the Code. Under Section 897(c) of the Code, our capital stock issued to STT Communications would generally constitute “United States real property interests” at such point in time that the fair market value of the “United States real property interests” owned by us equals or exceeds 50% of the sum of the aggregate fair market values of (a) our “United States real property interests,” (b) our interests in real property located outside the United States, and (c) any other assets held by us which are used or held for use in our trade or business. Currently, the fair market value of our “United States real property interests” is significantly below the 50% threshold. However, in order to assure compliance with the FIRPTA covenant, we may be limited with respect to the business opportunities we may pursue, particularly if the business opportunities would increase the amounts of “United States real property interests” owned by us or decrease the amount of other assets owned by us. In addition, we may take proactive steps to avoid our capital stock being deemed “United States real property interest,” including, but not limited to, (a) a sale-leaseback transaction with respect to some or all of our real property interests, or (b) the formation of a holding company organized under the laws of the Republic of Singapore which would issue shares of its capital stock in exchange for all of our outstanding stock (this reorganization would require the submission of that transaction to our stockholders for their approval and the consummation of that exchange). We will take these actions only if such actions are commercially reasonable for our stockholders and us. We have entered into an agreement with STT Communications and its affiliate pursuant to which we will no longer be bound by the FIRPTA covenant as of September 30, 2009. If we were to breach this covenant, we may be liable for damages to STT Communications.

Increases in property taxes could adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our IBX centers are subject to state and local real property taxes. The state and local real property taxes on our IBX centers may increase as property tax rates change and as the value of the properties are assessed or

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reassessed by taxing authorities. Many state and local governments are facing budget deficits, which may cause them to increase assessments or taxes. If property taxes increase, our business, financial condition and operating results could be adversely affected.

STT Communications has voting control over a substantial portion of our stock and has influence over matters requiring stockholder consent.

As of December 31, 2006, STT Communications, through its subsidiary, i-STT Investments (Bermuda) Ltd., had voting control over approximately 15% of our outstanding common stock. In addition, STT Communications is not prohibited from buying shares of our stock in public or private transactions. As a result, STT Communications is able to exercise significant control over all matters requiring stockholder approval, including the election of directors and approval of significant corporate transactions, which could prevent or delay a third party from acquiring or merging with us.

Our non-U.S. customers include numerous related parties of STT Communications.

We continue to have contractual and other business relationships and may engage in material transactions with affiliates of STT Communications. Circumstances may arise in which the interests of STT Communications' affiliates may conflict with the interests of our other stockholders. In addition, entities affiliated with STT Communications make investments in various companies. They have invested in the past, and may invest in the future, in entities that compete with us. In the context of negotiating commercial arrangements with affiliates, conflicts of interest have arisen in the past and may arise, in this or other contexts, in the future. We cannot assure you that any conflicts of interest will be resolved in our favor.

If regulated materials are discovered at centers leased or owned by us, we may be required to remove or clean-up such materials, the cost of which could be substantial.

We are subject to various environmental and health and safety laws and regulations, including those relating to the generation, storage, handling and disposal of hazardous substances and wastes. Certain of these laws and regulations also impose joint and several liability, without regard to fault, for investigation and cleanup costs on current and former owners and operators of real property and persons who have disposed of or released hazardous substances into the environment. Our operations involve the use of hazardous substances and materials such as petroleum fuel for emergency generators, as well as batteries, cleaning solutions and other materials. In addition, we lease, own or operate real property at which hazardous substances and regulated materials have been used in the past. At some of our locations, hazardous substances or regulated materials are known to be present in soil or groundwater and there may be additional unknown hazardous substances or regulated materials present at sites we own, operate or lease. At one of our locations, there are land use restrictions in place relating to an earlier environmental cleanup that do not materially limit our use of the site. To the extent any hazardous substances or any other substance or material must be cleaned up or removed from our property, we may be responsible under applicable laws, regulations or leases for the removal or cleanup of such substances or materials, the cost of which could be substantial. In addition, noncompliance with existing, or adoption of more stringent, environmental or health and safety laws and regulations or the discovery of previously unknown contamination could require us to incur costs or become the basis of new or increased liabilities that could be material.

We depend on a number of third parties to provide Internet connectivity to our IBX centers; if connectivity is interrupted or terminated, our operating results and cash flow could be materially adversely affected.

The presence of diverse telecommunications carriers' fiber networks in our IBX centers is critical to our ability to retain and attract new customers. We are not a telecommunications carrier, and as such we rely on third parties to provide our customers with carrier services. We believe that the availability of carrier capacity will directly affect our ability to achieve our projected results. We rely primarily on revenue opportunities from the telecommunications carriers' customers to encourage them to invest the capital and operating resources required to

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connect from their centers to our IBX centers. Carriers will likely evaluate the revenue opportunity of an IBX center based on the assumption that the environment will be highly competitive. We cannot assure you that any carrier will elect to offer its services within our IBX centers or that once a carrier has decided to provide Internet connectivity to our IBX centers that it will continue to do so for any period of time. Further, many carriers are experiencing business difficulties or announcing consolidations. As a result, some carriers may be forced to downsize or terminate connectivity within our IBX centers, which could have an adverse effect on our operating results.

Our new IBX centers require construction and operation of a sophisticated redundant fiber network. The construction required to connect multiple carrier facilities to our IBX centers is complex and involves factors outside of our control, including regulatory processes and the availability of construction resources. If the establishment of highly diverse Internet connectivity to our IBX centers does not occur, is materially delayed or is discontinued, or is subject to failure, our operating results and cash flow will be adversely affected. Any hardware or fiber failures on this network may result in significant loss of connectivity to our new IBX expansion centers. This could affect our ability to attract new customers to these IBX centers or retain existing customers.

Our networks may be vulnerable to unauthorized persons accessing our systems, which could disrupt our operations and result in the theft of our proprietary information.

A party who is able to breach the security measures on our networks could misappropriate either our proprietary information or the personal information of our customers, or cause interruptions or malfunctions in our operations. We may be required to expend significant capital and resources to protect against such threats or to alleviate problems caused by breaches in security, which could have a material adverse affect on our financial performance and operating results.

A small number of customers, including IBM, account for a significant portion of our revenues, and the loss of any of these customers could significantly harm our business, financial condition and results of operations.

As of December 31, 2006, we had 1,290 customers. While no single customer accounted for 10% of our revenues for the year ended December 31, 2006, our top 10 customers accounted for 25% of our revenues during this period. We expect that a small percentage of our customers will continue to account for a significant portion of our revenues for the foreseeable future. We cannot guarantee that we will retain these customers or that they will maintain their commitments in our IBX centers at current levels. For example, although the term of our contract with IBM, our single largest customer, runs through 2011, IBM currently has the right to reduce its commitment to us pursuant to the terms and requirements of its customer agreement. If we lose any of these key customers, or if any of them decide to reduce the level of their commitment to us, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected.

We resell products and services of third parties that may require us to pay for such products and services even if our customers fail to pay us for the products and services, which may have a negative impact on our operating results.

In order to provide resale services such as bandwidth, managed services and other network management services, we contract with third party service providers. These services require us to enter into fixed term contracts for services with third party suppliers of products and services. If we experience the loss of a customer who has purchased a resale product, we will remain obligated to continue to pay our suppliers for the term of the underlying contracts. The payment of these obligations without a corresponding payment from customers will reduce our financial resources and may have a material adverse affect on our financial performance and operating results.

We may not be able to compete successfully against current and future competitors.

Our IBX centers and other products and services must be able to differentiate themselves from those of other providers of space and services for telecommunications companies, webhosting companies and other

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colocation providers. In addition to competing with neutral colocation providers, we must compete with traditional colocation providers, including local phone companies, long distance phone companies, Internet service providers and webhosting facilities. Similarly, with respect to our other products and services, including managed services, bandwidth services and security services, we must compete with more established providers of similar services. Most of these companies have longer operating histories and significantly greater financial, technical, marketing and other resources than us.

Because of their greater financial resources, some of our competitors have the ability to adopt aggressive pricing policies, especially if they have been able to restructure their debt or other obligations. As a result, in the future, we may suffer from pricing pressure that would adversely affect our ability to generate revenues and adversely affect our operating results. In addition, these competitors could offer colocation on neutral terms, and may start doing so in the same metropolitan areas in which we have IBX centers. Some of these competitors may also provide our target customers with additional benefits, including bundled communication services, and may do so in a manner that is more attractive to our potential customers than obtaining space in our IBX centers. If these competitors were able to adopt aggressive pricing policies together with offering colocation space, our ability to generate revenues would be materially adversely affected.

We may also face competition from persons seeking to replicate our IBX concept by building new centers or converting existing centers that some of our competitors are in the process of divesting. We may continue to see increased competition for data center space and customers from large REITS who also operate in our market. We may experience competition from our landlords, some of which are REITS, in this regard. Rather than leasing available space in our buildings to large single tenants, they may decide to convert the space instead to smaller square foot units designed for multi-tenant colocation use. Landlords/REITS may enjoy a cost effective advantage in providing services similar to those provided by our IBXs, and in addition to the risk of losing customers to these parties this could also reduce the amount of space available to us for expansion in the future. Competitors may operate more successfully or form alliances to acquire significant market share. Furthermore, enterprises that have already invested substantial resources in outsourcing arrangements may be reluctant or slow to replace, limit or compete with their existing systems by becoming a customer. Customers may also decide it is cost effective for them to build out their own data centers which could have a negative impact on our results of operations. In addition, other companies may be able to attract the same potential customers that we are targeting. Once customers are located in competitors' facilities, it may be extremely difficult to convince them to relocate to our IBX centers.

Because we depend on the retention of key employees, failure to maintain competitive compensation packages, including equity incentives, may be disruptive to our business.

Our success in retaining key employees and discouraging them from moving to a competitor is an important factor in our ability to remain competitive. As is common in our industry, our employees are typically compensated through grants of equity in addition to their regular salaries. In addition to granting equity to selected new hires, we periodically grant new equity awards to certain employees as an incentive to remain with us. To the extent we are unable to offer competitive compensation packages to our employees and adequately maintain equity incentives due to equity expensing or otherwise, and should employees decide to leave us, this may be disruptive to our business and may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Because we depend on the development and growth of a balanced customer base, failure to attract and retain this base of customers could harm our business and operating results.

Our ability to maximize revenues depends on our ability to develop and grow a balanced customer base, consisting of a variety of companies, including network service providers, site and performance management companies, and enterprise and content companies. The more balanced the customer base within each IBX center, the better we will be able to generate significant interconnection revenues, which in turn increases our overall revenues. Our ability to attract customers to our IBX centers will depend on a variety of factors, including the

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presence of multiple carriers, the mix of products and services offered by us, the overall mix of customers, the IBX center's operating reliability and security and our ability to effectively market our services. In addition, some of our customers are, and are likely to continue to be, Internet companies that face many competitive pressures and that may not ultimately be successful. If these customers do not succeed, they will not continue to use the IBX centers. This may be disruptive to our business and may adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Our products and services have a long sales cycle that may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

A customer's decision to license cabinet space in one of our IBX centers and to purchase additional services typically involves a significant commitment of resources. In addition, some customers will be reluctant to commit to locating in our IBX centers until they are confident that the IBX center has adequate carrier connections. As a result, we have a long sales cycle. Furthermore, we may expend significant time and resources in pursuing a particular sale or customer that does not result in revenue. Delays due to the length of our sales cycle may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations.

Failure to comply with listing standards for audit committee membership could result in our delisting from The NASDAQ Stock Market and severely limit the liquidity of our common stock.

Our common stock is currently traded on the NASDAQ Global Select Market. Under NASDAQ's listing maintenance standards, the audit committee of each NASDAQ issuer must have at least three independent members on its audit committee, at least one of whom is a financial expert. On February 8, 2007, we notified NASDAQ that we were not in compliance with these requirements due to the vacancy created by Mr. Louis J. Lavigne, Jr.'s resignation from Equinix's Board of Directors and its Audit Committee. Mr. Lavigne was the Audit Committee's chairman and considered its financial expert. With Mr. Lavigne's resignation, the Audit Committee is comprised of just two independent members and does not have a financial expert. On February 9, 2007, we received a NASDAQ Staff Deficiency Letter confirming that we fail to comply with NASDAQ's audit committee requirements.

We have a cure period until August 8, 2007 to comply with these requirements and we are currently searching for a new candidate to serve on our Board of Directors and its Audit Committee who possesses qualifications that will satisfy both the independence requirements and the audit committee financial expert requirement. However, if we are unable to find a suitable candidate before August 8, 2007, we may be subject to delisting by NASDAQ.

If our stock is delisted and thus no longer eligible for quotation on the NASDAQ Global Select Market or the NASDAQ Global Market, it would trade either on the NASDAQ Capital Market or on the over-the-counter market, both of which are viewed by most investors as less desirable and less liquid marketplaces. The loss of our listing on the NASDAQ Global Select Market would also complicate compliance with state blue-sky laws. Furthermore, our ability to raise additional capital would be severely impaired. As a result of these factors, the value of the common stock would decline significantly.

If the market price of our stock continues to be highly volatile, the value of an investment in our common stock may decline.

Since the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, the closing sale price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market ranged from \$41.43 to \$90.00 per share. The market price of the shares of our common stock has been and may continue to be highly volatile. Actual sales, or the market's perception with respect to possible sales, of a substantial number of shares of our common stock within a narrow period of time could cause our stock price to fall. Announcements by others or us may also have a significant impact on the market price of our common stock. These announcements may include:

- our operating results;

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- new issuances of equity, debt or convertible debt;
- developments in our relationships with corporate customers;
- announcements by our customers or competitors;
- changes in regulatory policy or interpretation;
- governmental investigations;
- changes in the ratings of our stock by securities analysts;
- purchase or development of real estate and/or additional IBX centers;
- announcements with respect to the operational performance of our IBX centers;
- market conditions for telecommunications stocks in general; and
- general economic and market conditions.

The stock market has from time to time experienced extreme price and volume fluctuations, which have particularly affected the market prices for emerging telecommunications companies, and which have often been unrelated to their operating performance. These broad market fluctuations may adversely affect the market price of our common stock.

We are subject to securities class action and derivative litigation, which may harm our business and results of operations.

In the past, securities class action litigation has often been brought against a company following periods of volatility in the market price of its securities. During the quarter ended September 30, 2001, putative shareholder class action lawsuits were filed against us, a number of our officers and directors, and several investment banks that were underwriters of our initial public offering. The suits allege that the underwriter defendants agreed to allocate stock in our initial public offering to certain investors in exchange for excessive and undisclosed commissions and agreements by those investors to make additional purchases in the aftermarket at pre-determined prices. Plaintiffs allege that the prospectus for our initial public offering was false and misleading and in violation of the securities laws because it did not disclose these arrangements. In July 2003, a special litigation committee of our board of directors agreed to participate in a settlement with the plaintiffs. The settlement agreement, as amended, is subject to court approval and sufficient participation by defendants in similar actions. If the proposed settlement, as amended, is not approved by the court, or if a sufficient number of defendants do not participate in the settlement, the defense of this litigation may continue and therefore increase our expenses and divert management's attention and resources. In addition, we may, in the future, be subject to other securities class action or similar litigation.

On June 29, 2006 and September 18, 2006, shareholder derivative actions were filed in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of San Mateo, naming Equinix as a nominal defendant and several of Equinix's current and former officers and directors as individual defendants. These actions were consolidated, and the consolidated complaint was filed in January 2007. The consolidated complaint alleges that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties and violated California securities law as a result of purported backdating of stock option grants, insider trading and the preparation and approval of inaccurate financial results. Plaintiffs seek to recover, on behalf of Equinix, unspecified monetary damages, corporate governance changes, equitable and injunctive relief, restitution, and fees and costs. Defendants filed a motion to stay this action in deference to a federal derivative action in February 2007. On October 13, 2006, a shareholder derivative action was filed in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California, naming Equinix as a nominal defendant and several current and former officers and directors as individual defendants. This complaint alleges that the individual defendants breached their fiduciary duties and violated California and federal securities laws as a result of purported backdating of stock options, insider trading and the dissemination of false statements. Plaintiff seeks to recover, on behalf of Equinix, unspecified monetary and punitive damages, corporate

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governance changes, the imposition of a constructive trust over certain stock options and related proceeds, and fees and costs. The deadline for Equinix to move to dismiss the complaint is April 19, 2007. In addition to the pending derivative actions, we may be subject to additional derivative or other lawsuits that may be presented on an individual or class basis alleging claims based on our stock option granting practices. Responding to, investigating and/or defending against these complaints will present a substantial cost to us in both cash and the attention of certain management.

Any adverse outcome in litigation could seriously harm our business and results of operations.

Risks Related to Our Industry

If the use of the Internet and electronic business does not grow, our revenues may not grow.

Acceptance and use of the Internet may not continue to develop at historical rates and a sufficiently broad base of consumers may not adopt or continue to use the Internet and other online services as a medium of commerce. Demand for Internet services and products are subject to a high level of uncertainty and are subject to significant pricing pressure, especially in Asia-Pacific. As a result, we cannot be certain that a viable market for our IBX centers will materialize. If the market for our IBX centers grows more slowly than we currently anticipate, our revenues may not grow and our operating results could suffer.

Government regulation may adversely affect the use of the Internet and our business.

Various laws and governmental regulations governing Internet related services, related communications services and information technologies, and electronic commerce remain largely unsettled, even in areas where there has been some legislative action. This is true both in the U.S. and the various foreign countries in which we operate. It may take years to determine whether and how existing laws, such as those governing intellectual property, privacy, libel, telecommunications services, and taxation, apply to the Internet and to related services such as ours. We have limited experience with such international regulatory issues and substantial resources may be required to comply with regulations or bring any non-compliant business practices into compliance with such regulations. In addition, the development of the market for online commerce and the displacement of traditional telephony service by the Internet and related communications services may prompt an increased call for more stringent consumer protection laws or other regulation both in the U.S. and abroad that may impose additional burdens on companies conducting business online and their service providers. The compliance with, adoption or modification of, laws or regulations relating to the Internet, or interpretations of existing laws, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operation.

Industry consolidation may have a negative impact on our business model.

The telecommunications industry is currently undergoing consolidation. As customers combine businesses, they may require less colocation space, and there may be fewer networks available to choose from. Given the competitive and evolving nature of this industry, further consolidation of our customers and/or our competitors may present a risk to our network neutral business model and have a negative impact on our revenues. In addition, increased utilization levels industry-wide could lead to a reduced amount of attractive expansion opportunities available to us.

Terrorist activity throughout the world and military action to counter terrorism could adversely impact our business.

The September 11, 2001 terrorist attacks in the U.S., the ensuing declaration of war on terrorism and the continued threat of terrorist activity and other acts of war or hostility appear to be having an adverse effect on business, financial and general economic conditions internationally. These effects may, in turn, increase our costs due to the need to provide enhanced security, which would have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations. These circumstances may also adversely affect our ability to attract and retain customers,

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our ability to raise capital and the operation and maintenance of our IBX centers. We may not have adequate property and liability insurance to cover catastrophic events or attacks.

Risks Related to this Offering and the Notes

The notes are our unsecured subordinated obligations and are subordinated in right of payment to our senior debt.

The notes will be our unsecured obligations and will rank, in right of payment, junior to all of our existing and future senior debt. The notes will rank equal in right of payment to all of our existing and future subordinated debt, including our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024.

In the event we default on any of our senior debt or in the event we undergo a bankruptcy, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization or similar proceeding, the proceeds of the sale of our assets would first be applied to the repayment of our senior debt before any of those proceeds would be available to make payments on our subordinated debt, including the notes. Accordingly, there may be no assets remaining from which claims of the holders of the notes could be satisfied, or if any assets remained, they might be insufficient to satisfy those claims in full.

As of December 31, 2006, we had outstanding approximately \$98.9 million of senior indebtedness and \$180.9 million of subordinated indebtedness of which our subsidiaries had approximately \$193.6 million of debt, excluding intercompany debt (\$54.0 million of which was converted into common stock prior to this offering). The indenture governing the notes does not limit our ability or the ability of our subsidiaries to incur debt, including senior debt.

Your right to receive payments on the notes is effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries and to all of our existing and future secured debt.

None of our subsidiaries will guarantee our obligations under, or have any obligation to pay any amounts due on, the notes. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to all liabilities of our subsidiaries, including trade payables. Our rights and the rights of our creditors, including holders of the notes, to participate in the assets of any of our subsidiaries upon their liquidation or recapitalization will generally be subject to the prior claims of those subsidiaries' creditors. As of December 31, 2006, our subsidiaries had approximately \$193.6 million of debt outstanding (excluding intercompany debt).

In addition, the notes will not be secured by any of our assets or those of our subsidiaries. As a result, the notes will be effectively subordinated to any secured debt we may incur. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, holders of our secured debt may assert rights against any assets securing such debt in order to receive full payment of their debt before those assets may be used to pay the holders of the notes. In such an event, we may not have sufficient assets remaining to pay amounts due on any or all of the notes. As of December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$98.9 million of secured indebtedness outstanding, all of which was held by our subsidiaries.

The indenture does not restrict our ability to incur additional debt, repurchase our securities or to take other actions that could negatively impact holders of the notes.

Neither the indenture nor the terms of the notes restrict us from incurring additional debt, including senior debt or secured debt. In addition, the limited covenants contained in the indenture do not require us to achieve or maintain any minimum financial ratios relating to our financial position or results of operations. Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the indenture or the terms of the notes could have the effect of diminishing our ability to make payments on the notes when due, and require us to dedicate a substantial portion of our cash flow to fund our operations, working capital and capital expenditures. In addition, we are not restricted from repurchasing shares of our common stock or other securities by the terms of the notes.

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There may not be an active trading market for the notes and their price may be volatile. Holders may be unable to sell their notes at the price desired or at all.

There is no existing trading market for the notes. As a result, there can be no assurance that a liquid market will develop or be maintained for the notes, that holders will be able to sell any of the notes at a particular time (if at all) or that the prices holders receive if or when they sell the notes will be above their initial offering price. If the notes are traded after their initial issuance, they may trade at a discount from their initial offering price, depending on prevailing interest rates, the market for similar securities, the price, and volatility in the price of our shares of common stock, our performance and other factors. We do not intend to list the notes on any national securities exchange.

The underwriters have advised us that they intend to make a market in the notes after this offering is completed, but they have no obligation to do so and may cease their market-making at any time without notice. In addition, market-making will be subject to the limits imposed by the Securities Act and the Exchange Act. The liquidity of the trading market in the notes, and the market price quoted for the notes, may be adversely affected by, among other things, changes in the overall market for debt securities, changes in our financial performance or prospects, the prospects for companies in our industry generally, the number of holders of the notes, the interest of securities dealers in making a market for the notes, and prevailing interest rates.

Restricted convertibility of the notes could result in holders receiving less than the value of our common stock into which a note would otherwise be convertible.

The notes are convertible into cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock only if specified conditions are met. If the relevant conditions for conversion are not met, holders will not be able to convert their notes, and may not be able to receive the value of the cash, shares or combination of cash and shares into which the notes would otherwise be convertible.

Our stock price has been volatile historically and may continue to be volatile. The price of our common stock, and therefore the price of the notes, may fluctuate significantly, which may make it difficult for holders to resell the notes or any shares of our common stock issuable upon conversion of the notes when desired or at attractive prices.

The trading price of our common stock has been and may continue to be subject to wide fluctuations. Since the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005, the closing sale price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market ranged from \$41.43 to \$90.00 per share, and the closing sale price on March 26, 2007 was \$90.00 per share. Our stock price may fluctuate in response to a number of events and factors, such as those set forth under “—Risks Related to Our Business—If the market price of our stock continues to be highly volatile, the value of an investment in our common stock may decline.”

In the past, many companies have been the subject of securities class action litigation following periods of volatility in the market price of their stock. See “—Risks Related to Our Business—We are subject to securities class action and derivative litigation, which may harm our business and results of operations.”

In addition, the stock market in general, and prices for companies in our industry in particular, have experienced extreme volatility that often has been unrelated to the operating performance of such companies. These broad market and industry fluctuations may adversely affect the price of our stock, regardless of our operating performance. Because the notes may be converted into shares of our common stock, volatility or depressed prices of our common stock could have a similar effect on the trading price of our notes. Holders who receive our common stock upon conversion will also be subject to the risk of volatility and depressed prices of our common stock. In addition, the existence of the notes may encourage short selling in our common stock by market participants because the conversion of the notes could depress the price of our common stock.

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Sales of a significant number of shares of our common stock in the public markets, or the perception of such sales, could depress the market price of the notes.

Sales of a substantial number of shares of our common stock or other equity-related securities in the public markets could depress the market price of the notes, our common stock, or both, and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity securities. We cannot predict the effect that future sales of our common stock or other equity-related securities would have on the market price of our common stock or the value of the notes. The price of our common stock could be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the notes as a more attractive means of equity participation in our company and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity which we expect to occur involving our common stock. This hedging or arbitrage could, in turn, affect the market price of the notes.

Holders of the notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock.

Holders of the notes will not be entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights or rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock), but will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock. Holders will only be entitled to rights on our common stock if and when we deliver shares of our common stock upon conversion for their notes and, to a limited extent, under the conversion rate adjustments applicable to the notes. For example, in the event that an amendment is proposed to our certificate of incorporation or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to a holder's conversion of notes, the holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although the holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes in the powers, preferences or rights of our common stock that result from such amendment.

The conversion rate of the notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment for certain events including, but not limited to, the issuance of stock dividends on our common stock, subdivisions or combinations of our common stock, the issuance of certain rights or warrants, certain distributions of securities, indebtedness or assets, cash dividends and certain tender or exchange offers as described under "Description of Notes—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events." However, the conversion rate will not be adjusted for other events, such as a third-party tender or exchange offer or an issuance of our common stock for cash, that may adversely affect the trading price of the notes or our common stock. An event may occur that adversely affects the value of the notes but does not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate.

The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a specified corporate transaction may not adequately compensate holders for any lost value of their notes as a result of such transaction.

If a change of control occurs, under certain circumstances we will increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares of our common stock for notes converted in connection with such change of control. The increase in the conversion rate will be determined based on the date on which the change of control becomes effective and the price paid per share of our common stock in such transaction, as described below under "Description of Notes—Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon a Change of Control." The adjustment to the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with a change of control may not adequately compensate holders for any lost value of their notes as a result of such transaction. In addition, if the price of our common stock in the transaction is greater than \$ per share or less than \$ per share (in each case, subject to adjustment), no adjustment will be made to the conversion rate. In no event will the conversion rate, as a result of a change of control, exceed per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, regardless of when the transaction becomes effective or the price paid per share of our common stock in the transaction, subject to adjustments in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under "Description of Notes—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events."

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Our obligation to increase the conversion rate in connection with any such change of control could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness of economic remedies.

Conversion of the notes will dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders.

To the extent we deliver shares of our common stock upon conversion of the notes or our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024, this will dilute the ownership interests of existing stockholders. Any sales in the public market of our common stock issuable upon such conversion could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. Our ability to repurchase the notes or pay cash upon conversion may be limited by law or the terms of other agreement relating to our senior indebtedness. In addition, the existence of the notes may encourage short selling by market participants because the conversion of the notes could depress the price of our common stock.

We may not have the ability to repurchase the notes in cash upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as required by the indenture governing the notes or to pay cash upon the conversion of the notes.

Holders of the notes will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change as described under “Description of Notes—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change.” We may not have sufficient funds to repurchase the notes in cash or to make the required repayment at such time or have the ability to arrange necessary financing on acceptable terms. Our ability to repurchase the notes or pay cash upon conversion may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our senior indebtedness. In addition, if we irrevocably elect for the remaining term of the notes to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash up to 100% of the principal amount, such payments may be significant and we may not have sufficient funds to make them when due.

A fundamental change may also constitute an event of default or prepayment under, or result in the acceleration of the maturity of, our then-existing indebtedness. Our ability to repurchase the notes in cash or make any other required payments may be limited by law or the terms of other agreements relating to our indebtedness outstanding at the time. Our failure to repurchase the notes when required or pay cash in respect of conversions when required would result in an event of default with respect to the notes.

Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the notes.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, holders will have the right to require us to repurchase the notes. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of notes in the event of certain transactions. For example, any leveraged recapitalization, refinancing, restructuring or acquisition initiated by us will generally not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to repurchase the notes. In the event of any such transaction, holders of the notes will not have the right to require us to repurchase the notes, even though any of these transactions could increase the amount of our indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting the holders of notes.

Upon conversion of the notes, to the extent we settle with cash, we will pay an amount in cash that is based upon a cash settlement averaging period, and you may receive less proceeds than expected.

We may satisfy some or all of our conversion obligation in cash and shares of our common stock. If we choose to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash or a combination of cash and shares, the value of the cash and the number of shares to be delivered, if any, will be calculated based on a 10 consecutive trading day cash settlement averaging period. Accordingly, upon conversion of a note, holders may receive less proceeds than expected because the value of our common stock may decline (or not appreciate as much as you may expect) between the conversion date and the day the settlement amount of your notes is determined. In addition, because

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of the 10 trading day cash settlement averaging period, settlement generally will be delayed as detailed under “Description of Notes—Conversion Procedures—Payment upon Conversion.”

Our failure to convert the notes into cash or a combination of cash and shares upon exercise of a holder’s conversion right in accordance with the provisions of the indenture and the continuance of such failure for five days would constitute a default under the indenture. In addition, a default under the indenture could lead to a default under existing and future agreements governing our indebtedness. If, due to a default, the repayment of related indebtedness were to be accelerated after any applicable notice or grace periods, we may not have sufficient funds to repay such indebtedness and the notes.

The notes may not be rated or may receive a lower rating than anticipated by investors.

We do not intend to seek a rating on the notes. However, if one or more rating agencies rates the notes and assigns the notes a rating lower than the rating expected by investors, or reduces their rating in the future, the market price of the notes and our common stock could be harmed.

The notes will initially be held in book-entry form and, therefore, holders must rely on the procedures and the relevant clearing systems to exercise their rights and remedies.

Unless and until certificated notes are issued in exchange for book-entry interests in the notes, owners of the book-entry interests will not be considered owners or holders of notes. Instead, DTC, or its nominee, will be the sole holder of the notes. Payments of principal, interest and other amounts owing on or in respect of the notes in global form will be made to the paying agent, which will make payments to DTC. Thereafter, such payments will be credited to DTC participants’ accounts that hold book-entry interests in the notes in global form and credited by such participants to indirect participants. Unlike holders of the notes themselves, owners of book-entry interests will not have the direct right to act upon our solicitations for consents or requests for waivers or other actions from holders of the notes. Instead, if holders own a book-entry interest, they will be permitted to act only to the extent they have received appropriate proxies to do so from DTC or, if applicable, a participant. We cannot assure holders that procedures implemented for the granting of such proxies will be sufficient to enable them to vote on any requested actions on a timely basis.

We may not be able to refinance the notes if required or if we so desire.

We may need or desire to refinance all or a portion of the notes or any other future indebtedness that we incur on or before the maturity of the notes. There can be no assurance that we will be able to refinance any of our indebtedness on commercially reasonable terms, if at all.

Holders may be subject to tax if we make or fail to make certain adjustments to the conversion rate of the notes even though they do not receive a corresponding cash distribution.

The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including the payment of cash dividends. If the conversion rate is adjusted as a result of a distribution that is taxable to our common stockholders, such as a cash dividend, you will be deemed to have received a taxable dividend to the extent of our earnings and profits that will be subject to U.S. federal income tax without the receipt of any cash. If you are a Non-U.S. Holder (as defined in “Material U.S. Federal Tax Considerations”), such deemed dividend may be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax (currently at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty), which may be set off against subsequent payments on the notes. See “Dividend Policy” and “Material U.S. Federal Tax Considerations.”

If a change of control occurs on or prior to the maturity date of the notes, under some circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate for notes converted in connection with the change of control. Such increase may be treated as a distribution subject to U.S. federal income tax as a dividend. See “Material U.S. Federal Tax Considerations.”

USE OF PROCEEDS

We estimate that the proceeds from this offering, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses, will be approximately \$194.0 million. If the underwriters exercise in full their over-allotment option to acquire additional notes, we estimate that our net proceeds from this offering will be approximately \$223.2 million.

We expect to use the net proceeds from this offering for general corporate purposes, including the funding of our expansion activities and working capital requirements. Pending application of the net proceeds as described above, we intend to invest the net proceeds from this offering in short-term, interest-bearing, investment-grade securities. See “Recent Developments—New IBX Expansion within our Existing Washington, D.C. Area Campus.”

CAPITALIZATION

The following table sets forth our cash, cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments and our capitalization as of December 31, 2006:

- on an actual basis;
- on a pro forma basis to reflect (i) the conversion in March 2007 of \$54.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024 in exchange for an aggregate of \$3.5 million in cash, including accrued and unpaid interest through the redemption date, and 1,367,090 shares of our common stock, (ii) \$24.6 million in drawdowns through March 23, 2007 from our \$110.0 million Chicago IBX loan facility and (iii) a \$6.5 million deposit paid in January 2007 related to the San Jose property acquisition; and
- on a pro forma as adjusted basis to further reflect the sale of the notes offered hereby, after deducting underwriting discounts and estimated offering expenses.

This table should be read in conjunction with “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” and our financial statements, including all related notes, incorporated by reference in this prospectus. See “Incorporation by Reference.”

	As of December 31, 2006		
	Actual	Pro Forma (dollars in thousands)	Pro Forma As Adjusted
Cash, cash equivalents and short-term and long-term investments	\$ 156,481	\$ 168,015	\$ 362,015
Current portion of capital lease and other financing obligations	\$ 1,977	\$ 1,977	\$ 1,977
Current portion of mortgage payable	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,150	\$ 2,150
Long-term debt, net of current portion:			
Capital lease and other financing obligations	\$ 92,722	\$ 92,722	\$ 92,722
Mortgage payable	96,746	96,746	96,746
Chicago IBX loan facility	—	24,607	24,607
2.50% convertible subordinated debentures due 2024 ⁽¹⁾	86,250	32,250	32,250
% convertible subordinated notes due 2012 offered hereby	—	—	200,000
Total long-term debt	<u>275,718</u>	<u>246,325</u>	<u>446,325</u>
Stockholders’ equity:			
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 100,000,000 shares authorized actual, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted; no shares issued and outstanding actual, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted	—	—	—
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share; 300,000,000 shares authorized actual, pro forma and pro forma as adjusted; 29,516,927 shares issued and outstanding actual and 30,884,017 shares issued and outstanding pro forma and pro forma as adjusted ⁽²⁾	29	31	31
Additional paid-in capital	904,573	957,717	957,717
Accumulated other comprehensive income	3,870	3,870	3,870
Accumulated deficit	(553,444)	(556,851)	(556,851)
Total stockholders’ equity	<u>355,028</u>	<u>404,767</u>	<u>404,767</u>
Total capitalization	<u>\$ 630,746</u>	<u>\$ 651,092</u>	<u>\$ 851,092</u>

- (1) Our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024 were convertible into 2,183,548 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2006. However, after giving effect to the conversion of \$54.0 million aggregate principal amount of our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024 in March 2007, the debentures are convertible into 816,458 shares of common stock on a pro forma and pro forma as adjusted basis.
- (2) Excludes 3,472,315 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding options and release of restricted stock as of December 31, 2006, 2,183,548 shares reserved for the conversion of our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024 as of December 31, 2006 (816,458 on a pro forma and pro forma as adjusted basis), 9,490 shares of common stock issuable upon the exercise of outstanding common stock warrants as of December 31, 2006 and _____ shares that may be issued upon conversion of the notes offered hereby on a pro forma as adjusted basis.

MARKET FOR OUR COMMON STOCK AND DIVIDENDS

Our common stock is quoted on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol of "EQIX." Our common stock began trading in August 2000. The following table sets forth on a per share basis the low and high closing prices of our common stock as reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market since January 1, 2005.

	Low	High
Fiscal 2007:		
First Fiscal Quarter (through March 26, 2007)	\$ 75.38	\$ 90.00
Fiscal 2006:		
Fourth Fiscal Quarter	\$ 58.91	\$ 82.51
Third Fiscal Quarter	46.37	63.21
Second Fiscal Quarter	47.70	65.90
First Fiscal Quarter	41.43	64.22
Fiscal 2005:		
Fourth Fiscal Quarter	\$ 35.31	\$ 42.53
Third Fiscal Quarter	38.28	45.09
Second Fiscal Quarter	31.61	44.11
First Fiscal Quarter	40.67	46.27

The closing price of our common stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market on March 26, 2007 was \$90.00 per share. As of January 31, 2007, we had 29,810,254 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding held by approximately 285 registered holders. In addition, we issued 1,367,090 shares of our common stock in March 2007 in connection with the conversion of \$54.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024. See "Recent Developments—Conversion of 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024."

We have never declared or paid any cash dividends on our common stock and we do not anticipate paying cash dividends in the foreseeable future. We currently intend to retain our earnings, if any, for future growth. Future dividends on our common stock, if any, will be at the discretion of our board of directors and will depend on, among other things, our operations, capital requirements and surplus, general financial condition, contractual restrictions and such other factors as our Board of Directors may deem relevant. Our ability to pay cash dividends is limited under our line of credit with Silicon Valley Bank, such that, without the prior written consent of Silicon Valley Bank, the aggregate amount of any cash dividends may not exceed 25% of our assets.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, we did not issue or sell any unregistered securities.

DESCRIPTION OF NOTES

We will issue the notes under an indenture to be dated as of the date of the issuance of the notes between us and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee. The following description summarizes some, but not all, of the provisions of the notes and the indenture. We urge investors to read the indenture because it, and not this description, defines the rights of the holders of the notes. The terms of the notes will include those stated in the indenture and those made part of the indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended. A copy of the indenture is available as described under “Where You Can Find More Information.”

In this “Description of Notes” section, references to “Equinix,” “we,” “our” or “us” refer to Equinix, Inc. and not to any existing or future subsidiary.

General

The notes will be our unsecured obligations and will be subordinate in right of payment to all of our existing and future senior debt as described under “—Subordination.” The notes will be convertible into our common stock as described under “—Conversion of Notes.” Upon surrender of the notes for conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in amounts described under “—Conversion Procedures—Payment upon Conversion.” We are offering \$200,000,000 aggregate principal amount of notes, or \$230,000,000 aggregate principal amount if the underwriters’ over-allotment option to purchase additional notes is exercised in full.

The notes will bear interest at an annual rate of % commencing on the date of issuance or from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or provided for. Interest will be payable on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing October 15, 2007, subject to limited exceptions if the notes are converted, redeemed or repurchased prior to the interest payment date. The record dates for the payment of interest will be the preceding April 1 and October 1, respectively.

The notes will be issued only in denominations of \$1,000 or in integral multiples of \$1,000. The notes will mature on April 15, 2012, unless earlier converted, redeemed at our option or repurchased by us at a holder’s option upon a fundamental change.

Neither we nor our subsidiaries are restricted from paying dividends, incurring debt or issuing or repurchasing our securities under the indenture. In addition, there are no financial covenants in the indenture. Holders are not protected under the indenture in the event of a highly leveraged transaction or a change in control of Equinix, except to the extent described under “—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change.”

We may, at our option, pay interest on the notes by check mailed to the holders. However, each beneficial owner of notes issued in global form will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds in accordance with DTC’s settlement procedures, and each holder of notes in certificated form with an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$2.0 million will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds upon the holder’s election if the holder has provided us with wire transfer instructions at least 10 business days prior to the payment date. Interest on the notes will accrue and be paid on the basis of a 360-day year comprised of twelve 30-day months. We will not be required to make any payment on the notes due on any day that is not a business day until the next succeeding business day. The payment made on the next succeeding business day will be treated as though it were paid on the original due date and no interest will accrue on the payment for the additional period of time.

A “business day” means a day other than Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required to close.

We will maintain an office in New York, New York where the notes may be presented for registration, transfer, exchange or conversion. This office will initially be an office or agency of the trustee. Except under

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limited circumstances described under “—Book-entry, Delivery and Form,” the notes will be issued only in fully-registered book-entry form, without coupons, and will be represented by one or more global notes. There will be no service charge for any registration of transfer or exchange of notes. We may, however, require holders to pay a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge payable in connection with certain transfers or exchanges.

We may, without the consent of the holders of the notes, issue additional notes in an unlimited principal amount having the same ranking, the same CUSIP number and the same interest rate, maturity and other terms as the notes, provided that no such additional notes may be issued unless for U.S. federal income tax purposes they are fungible with the notes offered hereby. Any of these additional notes will, together with the notes offered hereby, constitute a single series of notes under the indenture. Holders of any additional notes will have the right to vote together with holders of notes offered hereby as one class. We may also from time to time purchase the notes in the open market, by tender offer or in negotiated transactions without prior notice to holders.

Ranking

The notes are unsecured obligations and are:

- subordinated in right of payment, as provided in the indenture, to the prior payment in full of all of our existing and future senior debt, including our Second Amended and Restated Loan and Security Agreement, dated August 10, 2006 between Silicon Valley Bank, General Electric Capital Corporation, Equinix, Inc. and Equinix Operating Co., Inc., as amended;
- equal in right of payment with all of our existing and future subordinated debt, including our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024; and
- effectively subordinated to all existing or future indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

As of December 31, 2006, we had approximately \$98.9 million of senior debt outstanding and approximately \$180.9 million of subordinated debt outstanding (\$54.0 million of which was converted into common stock prior to this offering), of which our subsidiaries had approximately \$193.6 million of debt (excluding intercompany debt). The indenture governing the notes does not limit our ability or the ability of our subsidiaries to create, incur, assume or guarantee debt, including senior debt. Any senior debt will continue to be senior debt and will be entitled to the benefits of the subordination provisions irrespective of any amendment, modification or waiver of any of the terms of such senior debt.

Subordination

The indenture provides that in the event of any payment or distribution of our assets upon our dissolution, winding up, liquidation or reorganization, the holders of our senior debt shall first be paid in respect of all senior debt in full in cash or other payment satisfactory to the holders of senior debt before we make any payments of principal of, and interest on the notes. In addition, if the notes are accelerated because of an event of default, the holders of any senior debt would be entitled to payment in full in cash or other payment satisfactory to the holders of senior debt of all obligations in respect of senior debt before the holders of the notes are entitled to receive any payment or distribution. Under the indenture governing the notes, we must promptly notify holders of senior debt if payment of the notes is accelerated because of an event of default.

The indenture further provides that if any default by us has occurred and is continuing beyond any applicable grace period in the payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, rent or other payment obligations in respect of any senior debt whether by acceleration or otherwise, then no payment shall be made on account of principal of, or interest on the notes, until all such defaults in respect of such senior debt have been cured or waived or cease to exist.

During the continuance of any event of default with respect to any designated senior debt (other than a default in payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, rent or other payment obligations in

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respect of any designated senior debt), permitting the holders thereof to accelerate the maturity thereof (or, in the case of any lease, permitting the landlord either to terminate the lease or to require us to make an irrevocable offer to terminate the lease following an event of default thereunder), no payment may be made by us, directly or indirectly, with respect to principal of or interest on the notes until the earlier of (i) 179 days following written notice to the trustee, from persons entitled to give such notice under any agreement pursuant to which that designated senior debt may have been issued, that such an event of default has occurred and is continuing, (ii) the date such event of default has been cured or waived or ceases to exist, or (iii) the date such payment blockage period shall have been terminated by written notice to us or the trustee from the person initiating such payment blockage period.

Notwithstanding the foregoing (but subject to the provisions described above limiting payment on the notes in certain circumstances), unless the holders of such designated senior debt or the representative of such holders shall have accelerated the maturity of such designated senior debt, we may resume payments on the notes after the end of such blockage period. Not more than one payment blockage notice may be given in any consecutive 365-day period, irrespective of the number of defaults with respect to one or more issues of designated senior debt during such period. No nonpayment default that existed or was continuing on the date of delivery of any payment blockage notice to the trustee will be, or can be made, the basis for the commencement of a subsequent payment blockage period whether or not within a period of 365 consecutive days. In no event may the total number of days during which any payment blockage period is in effect exceed 179 days in the aggregate in any consecutive 365-day period.

The term “senior debt” means the principal of, premium, if any, interest (including all interest accruing subsequent to the commencement of any bankruptcy or similar proceeding, whether or not a claim for post petition interest is allowable as a claim in any such proceeding) and rent payable on or termination payment with respect to or in connection with, and all fees, costs, expenses and other amounts accrued or due on or in connection with, our indebtedness, whether outstanding on the date of the indenture or subsequently created, incurred, assumed, guaranteed or in effect guaranteed by us (including all deferrals, renewals, extensions or refundings of, or amendments, modifications or supplements to, the foregoing), except for:

- any indebtedness that by its terms expressly provides that such indebtedness shall not be senior in right of payment to the notes or expressly provides that such indebtedness is equal with or junior in right of payment with the notes;
- any indebtedness between or among us or any of our majority or wholly-owned subsidiaries, or any entity a majority of the voting stock of which we directly or indirectly own, other than indebtedness to our subsidiaries arising by reason of guaranties by us of indebtedness of such subsidiary to a person that is not our subsidiary;
- our real and personal property leases, our capital leases and our equipment and IBX financing obligations, provided, however, that our SFT1 Loan Agreements (which are providing us with a portion of the financing for certain of our announced IBX expansions) and our mortgage payables shall constitute senior debt;
- indebtedness under our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024,
- any liability for federal, state, local or other taxes owed or owing by us; and
- our trade payables and accrued expenses (including, without limitation, accrued compensation and accrued restructuring charges) or deferred purchase price for goods, services or materials purchased or provided in the ordinary course of business.

The term “designated senior debt” means our senior debt which, on the date of a payment event of default or the delivery of a payment blockage notice, has an aggregate amount outstanding of, or under which, on such date, the holders thereof are committed to lend up to, at least \$5.0 million and is specifically designated in the instrument evidencing or governing that senior debt as “designated senior debt” for purposes of the indenture.

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However, the instrument may place limitations and conditions on the right of that senior debt to exercise the rights of designated senior debt. As of December 31, 2006, we had \$98.9 million in aggregate principal amount of designated senior debt outstanding.

By reason of these subordination provisions, in the event of insolvency, funds which we would otherwise use to pay the holders of notes will be used to pay the holders of senior debt to the extent necessary to pay senior debt in full in cash or other payment satisfactory to the holders of senior debt. As a result of these payments, our general creditors may recover less, ratably, than holders of senior debt and such general creditors may recover more, ratably, than holders of notes. These subordination provisions will not prevent the occurrence of any event of default under the indenture.

The notes are effectively subordinated to all existing and future liabilities of our subsidiaries. Any right we have to receive assets of any existing subsidiary or any future subsidiary upon the liquidation or reorganization of such subsidiary (and the consequent right of the holders of the notes to participate in those assets) will be effectively subordinated to the claims of such subsidiary's creditors, except to the extent that we are ourselves recognized as a creditor of that subsidiary, in which case our claims would still be subordinate to any security interests in the assets of that subsidiary and any indebtedness of that subsidiary senior to that held by us. There are no restrictions in the indenture on the ability of our existing subsidiaries or any future subsidiaries to incur indebtedness or other liabilities. As of December 31, 2006, our subsidiaries had approximately \$193.6 million of debt (excluding intercompany debt).

If the trustee or any holder of the notes receives any payment or distribution of our assets in contravention of the subordination provisions of the notes before all senior debt is paid in full in cash or other payment satisfactory to holders of senior debt, then such payment or distribution will be held in trust for the benefit of holders of senior debt or their representative to the extent necessary to make payment in full in cash or payment satisfactory to the holders of senior debt of all unpaid senior debt.

We will be obligated to pay reasonable compensation to the trustee and to indemnify the trustee against any losses, liabilities or expenses incurred by it in connection with its duties relating to the notes. The trustee's claims for such payments will be senior to those of holders of the notes in respect of all funds collected or held by the trustee.

Conversion of Notes

General

Notes will be convertible only upon satisfaction of one or more of the conditions described under the headings “—Conversion upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition,” “—Conversion upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition,” “—Conversion upon Notice of Redemption,” “—Conversion upon Specified Corporate Transactions” and “Conversion on or after March 15, 2012.” If one or more of such conditions is satisfied, holders may convert their notes at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date, unless previously redeemed or repurchased, at an initial conversion rate of _____ shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes. This is equivalent to an initial conversion price of approximately \$ _____ per share. We may choose to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, as described under “—Payment upon Conversion.”

The conversion rate and the equivalent conversion price in effect at any given time are referred to as the “applicable conversion rate” and the “applicable conversion price,” respectively, and will be subject to adjustment as described under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events.” A holder may convert fewer than all of such holder's notes so long as the principal amount of notes converted is an integral multiple of \$1,000.

If the notes are called for redemption or are subject to repurchase following a fundamental change, a holder's conversion rights on the notes called for redemption or subject to repurchase will terminate at the close

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of business on the business day immediately preceding the redemption date or repurchase date, as the case may be, unless we default in the payment of the redemption price or repurchase price, as the case may be, in which case a holder's conversion right will terminate at the close of business on the date the default is cured and the notes are redeemed or repurchased. If a holder has submitted notes for repurchase following a fundamental change, the holder may convert the notes only if it withdraws its election in accordance with the indenture. See "—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change."

Upon conversion of a note, a holder will not receive any cash payment of interest (unless such conversion occurs between a regular record date and the interest payment date to which it relates) and we will not adjust the conversion rate to account for accrued and unpaid interest. Our delivery to the holder of the full number of shares of our common stock into which the note is convertible, or cash or a combination of shares of our common stock and cash, including any cash payment for fractional shares, will be deemed to satisfy our obligation with respect to such note. Accordingly, any accrued but unpaid interest will be deemed to be paid in full upon conversion, rather than cancelled, extinguished or forfeited. For a discussion of the tax treatment to a holder of notes receiving shares of our common stock or cash or a combination of shares of our common stock and cash upon conversion, see "Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—Conversion of the Notes."

Notwithstanding the preceding paragraph, holders of notes at the close of business on a regular record date will receive payment of interest payable on the corresponding interest payment date notwithstanding the conversion of such notes at any time after the close of business on the applicable regular record date. Notes surrendered for conversion by a holder during the period from the close of business on any regular record date to the opening of business on the next interest payment date must be accompanied by funds equal to the amount of such interest payable on the notes so converted, provided that no such payment need be made:

- if we have specified a redemption date that is after a record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date;
- if we have specified a fundamental change repurchase date that is after a record date and on or prior to the corresponding interest payment date;
- for conversions following the regular record date immediately preceding the final interest payment date; or
- to the extent of overdue interest, if any overdue interest exists at the time of conversion with respect to such note.

Accordingly, a holder who chooses to convert its notes under any of the circumstances described in the preceding bullets will not be required to pay us, at the time it surrenders the notes for conversion, the amount of interest on the notes that it would have received on the interest payment date if the notes had not been called for redemption, repurchased by us or converted, as applicable.

We will pay any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax due on the issuance of shares of our common stock upon the conversion of notes, if any, unless the tax is due because the holder requests the shares to be issued or delivered to a person other than the holder, in which case the holder is responsible for the payment of that tax.

If a holder wishes to exercise its conversion right, such holder must deliver a duly completed conversion notice, together, if the notes are in certificated form, with the certificated security, to the conversion agent along with appropriate endorsements and transfer documents, if required, and pay any transfer or similar tax, if required. Holders may obtain copies of the required form of the conversion notice from the conversion agent. The trustee will initially act as the conversion agent.

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Holders may surrender their notes for conversion at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date only under the following circumstances:

Conversion upon Satisfaction of Sale Price Condition

Holders may surrender notes for conversion during any fiscal quarter (and only during such fiscal quarter) ending after June 30, 2007 if the sale price of our common stock, for at least 20 trading days during the period of 30 consecutive trading days ending on the last trading day of the previous fiscal quarter, is greater than 130% of the applicable conversion price per share of our common stock on such last trading day.

The “sale price” of our common stock on any date means the closing sale price per share (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and asked prices or, if more than one such price in either case, the average of the average bid and the average asked prices) on that date as reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if our common stock is not listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, on the other principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is then traded. The sale price will be determined without reference to after-hours or extended market trading.

If our common stock is not reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market or a principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange, the “sale price” will be the last quoted bid price for our common stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by the National Quotation Bureau or similar organization.

If our common stock is not so quoted, the “sale price” will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and asked prices for our common stock on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by us for this purpose.

The term “trading day” means any day on which (i) there is no market disruption event (as defined below) and (ii) the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if our common stock is not quoted on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which our common stock is listed, opens for trading during its regular trading session or, if our common stock is not so listed, admitted for trading or quoted, any business day. A “trading day” only includes those days that have a scheduled closing time of 4:00 p.m. (New York City time) or the then standard closing time for regular trading on the relevant exchange or trading system.

The term “market disruption event” means the occurrence or existence prior to 1:00 p.m. on any trading day for our common stock of an aggregate one half hour period, of any suspension or limitation imposed on trading (by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the stock exchange or otherwise) in our common stock or in any options, contracts or future contracts relating to our common stock.

The term “scheduled trading day” means any day that is scheduled to be a trading day.

Conversion upon Satisfaction of Trading Price Condition

Holders may surrender notes for conversion during the five business days immediately following any 10 consecutive trading-day period in which the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of notes (as determined following a request by a holder of the notes in accordance with the procedures described below) for each day of that period was less than 98% of the product of the sale price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate.

The “trading price” of the notes on any date of determination means the average of the secondary market bid quotations per \$1,000 principal amount of notes obtained by the trustee for \$2,000,000 principal amount of the notes at approximately 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on such determination date from three independent nationally recognized securities dealers we select, provided that if three such bids cannot reasonably be obtained

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by the trustee, but two such bids are obtained, then the average of the two bids shall be used, and if only one such bid can reasonably be obtained by the trustee, this one bid shall be used. If the trustee cannot reasonably obtain at least one bid for \$2,000,000 principal amount of the notes from a nationally recognized securities dealer, then the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes will be deemed to be less than 98% of the product of the sale price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate.

In connection with any conversion upon satisfaction of the above trading price condition, the trustee shall have no obligation to determine the trading price of the notes unless we have requested such determination; and we shall have no obligation to make such request unless a holder provides us with reasonable evidence that the trading price per \$1,000 principal amount of the notes would be less than 98% of the product of the sale price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate; at which time, we shall instruct the trustee to determine the trading price of the notes beginning on the next trading day and on each successive trading day until the trading price is greater than or equal to 98% of the product of the sale price of our common stock and the then applicable conversion rate.

Conversion upon Notice of Redemption

If we call any or all of the notes for redemption, holders may convert notes into our common stock at any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the redemption date, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time. If a holder already has delivered a fundamental change repurchase notice with respect to a note, however, the holder may not surrender that note for conversion until the holder has withdrawn the repurchase notice in accordance with the indenture. See “—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change.”

Conversion upon Specified Corporate Transactions

Conversions upon Certain Distributions. If we elect to:

- distribute to all holders of our common stock certain rights or warrants entitling them to purchase, for a period expiring within 60 days after the date of the distribution, shares of our common stock at a price per share that is less than the average sale prices of our common stock over the five consecutive trading day period ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the announcement of the distribution, or
- distribute to all holders of our common stock cash, assets, debt securities or certain rights to purchase our securities, which distribution has a per share value, as determined in good faith by our board of directors, exceeding 10% of the average of the sale price of our common stock for the five consecutive trading days ending on the Trading Day immediately preceding the announcement of the distribution,

we must notify the holders of the notes at least 20 trading days prior to the ex-dividend date for such distribution. Once we have given such notice, holders may surrender their notes for conversion at any time until the earlier of the close of business on the business day immediately preceding to the ex-dividend date or our announcement that such distribution will not take place, even if the notes are not otherwise convertible at such time. No holder may exercise this right to convert if the holder otherwise may participate in the distribution without conversion. The “ex-dividend date” is the first date upon which a sale of shares of our common stock does not automatically transfer the right to receive the relevant distribution from the seller of shares of our common stock to its buyer.

Conversion upon Specified Events. If a transaction described in clauses (1) or (2) of the definition of “change of control” occurs, a holder may surrender notes for conversion at any time from and after the date that is 15 days prior to the anticipated effective date of the transaction through and including the date that is 15 days after the effective date of such transaction (or, if such transaction also constitutes a fundamental change, until the fundamental change purchase date). We will notify holders and the trustee as promptly as practicable following the date we publicly announce such transaction (but in no event less than 15 days prior to the anticipated effective date of such transaction).

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At the effective time, settlement of the notes and the conversion value will be based on the kind and amount of cash, securities or other property that the holder would have received had the holder converted notes immediately prior to the transaction, as described below under “Conversion Procedures—Treatment of Reference Property.” If holders convert their notes in accordance with the previous paragraph and are entitled to an adjustment for additional shares as described below under “—Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon a Change of Control,” conversion of the notes will settle as described below under “—Settlement of Conversions upon a Change of Control.”

If such transaction also constitutes a fundamental change, the holder will be able to require us to repurchase all or a portion of such holder’s notes as described under “—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change.”

Conversion on or after March 15, 2012

A holder may surrender notes for conversion at any time on or after March 15, 2012, until the close of business on the business day immediately preceding the maturity date.

Conversion Procedures

The initial conversion rate for the notes is _____ shares of our common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment as described below. We will not issue fractional shares of our common stock upon conversion of notes. Instead, we will pay cash in an amount based upon the sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date. Except as described under “—Conversion of Notes—General,” holders will not receive any accrued interest or dividends upon conversion. Upon the surrender of notes for conversion, we will have the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of our common stock, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in amounts described below under “—Payment upon Conversion.”

It is our current intention to settle any conversion of notes in the manner in which we would be required to settle the notes if we were to make an irrevocable election to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash up to 100% of the principal amount of the notes, with any remaining amount to be satisfied in shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, as described below.

To convert a note into shares of our common stock the holder must:

- complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the note or a facsimile of the conversion notice and deliver the notice to the conversion agent;
- surrender the note to the conversion agent;
- if required, furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents;
- if required, pay all transfer or similar taxes; and
- if required, pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date.

The date a holder complies with these requirements is the conversion date under the indenture. If the holder’s interest is a beneficial interest in a global note, to convert the holder must comply with the last three requirements listed above and comply with DTC’s procedures for exchanging a beneficial interest in a global note.

The conversion agent will, on a holder’s behalf, convert the notes into, at our election, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares. A holder may obtain copies of the required form of the conversion notice from the conversion agent. Settlement of our obligation to deliver cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares with respect to a conversion will occur on the dates described under “—Payment Upon Conversion” below. Delivery of shares will be accomplished by delivery to the conversion

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agent of certificates for the relevant number of shares, other than in the case of holders of notes in book-entry form with DTC, which shares shall be delivered in accordance with DTC customary practices. In addition, we will pay cash for any fractional shares, as described above.

Payment upon Conversion

Conversion on or prior to the Final Notice Date. If we receive any notice of conversion on or prior to the date that is 12 scheduled trading days immediately preceding the maturity date (the “final notice date”), the following procedures will apply:

- If we elect to satisfy all or any portion of our obligation to convert the notes (the “conversion obligation”) in cash, we will notify holders through the trustee of the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which must be expressed either as 100% of the conversion obligation or as a fixed dollar amount) at any time on or before the date that is two business days following the conversion date (the “cash settlement notice period”). If we timely elect to pay cash for any portion of the shares otherwise issuable to holders upon conversion, holders may retract the conversion notice at any time during the two business days following the final day of the cash settlement notice period (the “conversion retraction period”). No such retraction can be made (and a conversion notice shall be irrevocable) if we do not elect to deliver cash in lieu of shares (other than cash in lieu of fractional shares). Upon the expiration of a conversion retraction period, a conversion notice shall be irrevocable. If we elect to satisfy all or any portion of the conversion obligation in cash, and the conversion notice has not been retracted, then settlement (in cash or in cash and shares) will occur on the business day following the final day of the 10 trading day period beginning on the day after the final day of the conversion retraction period (the “cash settlement averaging period”).
- If we do not elect to satisfy any part of the conversion obligation in cash (other than cash in lieu of any fractional shares), delivery of the shares of our common stock into which the notes are converted (and cash in lieu of any fractional shares) will occur through the conversion agent or DTC, as the case may be, as described above as soon as practicable on or after the conversion date.

Settlement amounts will be computed as follows:

- If we elect to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in shares, we will deliver to holders a number of shares equal to (i) the aggregate principal amount of notes to be converted divided by \$1,000 multiplied by (ii) the applicable conversion rate. In addition, we will pay cash for any fractional share of our common stock based on the sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.
- If we elect to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in cash, we will deliver to holders that have delivered the notice of conversion giving rise to the conversion obligation cash in an amount equal to the product of:
 - the aggregate principal amount of notes to be converted divided by \$1,000;
 - the applicable conversion rate; and
 - the sum of the volume weighted average price of our common stock divided by 10 for each of the 10 consecutive trading days in the cash settlement averaging period.
- If we elect to satisfy a fixed portion (other than 100%) of the conversion obligation in cash, we will deliver to holders, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes surrendered for conversion:
 - cash in any amount we specify (the “specified cash amount”); and
 - a number of shares of our common stock equal to the greater of (i) zero and (ii) the excess, if any, of the number of shares calculated as if we elected to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in shares over the number of shares equal to the sum of the quotients, calculated for each of the 10 trading

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days of the cash settlement averaging period, of (x) the specified cash amount divided by the number of trading days in the cash settlement averaging period divided by (y) the volume weighted average price of our common stock on such trading day. In addition, we will pay cash for any fractional share of our common stock based on the sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.

- If we irrevocably elect to satisfy our conversion obligation for the remaining term of the notes in cash for up to 100% of the principal amount of notes converted, we will deliver to holders, for each \$1,000 principal amount of notes surrendered for conversion:
 - cash in an amount equal to the lesser of (i) \$1,000 and (ii) the conversion value (the “required cash amount”); and
 - if the conversion value is greater than \$1,000, a number of shares of our common stock equal to the sum of the daily share amounts for each of the 10 trading days in the cash settlement averaging period, subject to our right to deliver cash in lieu of all or a portion of such remaining shares calculated in the manner set forth above. In addition, we will pay cash for any fractional share of our common stock based on the sale price of our common stock on the trading day immediately preceding the conversion date.

The “conversion value” means the average of the products for each trading day of the cash settlement averaging period of (i) the applicable conversion rate for such trading day multiplied by (ii) the volume weighted average price per share of our common stock on such day.

The “daily share amount” means, for each trading day of the cash settlement averaging period and each \$1,000 principal amount of notes surrendered for conversion, a number of shares (but in no event less than zero) determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{(\text{volume weighted average price per share for such trading day} \times \text{conversion rate in effect on such trading day}) - \$1,000}{\text{volume weighted average price per share for such trading day} \times 10}$$

The “volume weighted average price” per share of our common stock on any trading day means such price as displayed on Bloomberg (or any successor service) page EQIX<equity>VAP in respect of the period from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on such trading day; or, if such price is not available, the volume weighted average price means the market value per share of our common stock on such trading day as determined by a nationally recognized investment banking firm retained for this purpose by us.

Conversion after the Final Notice Date. With respect to conversion notices that we receive after the final notice date, we will not send individual notices of our election to satisfy all or any portion of the conversion obligation in cash. If we choose to satisfy all or any portion of the conversion obligation with respect to conversions after the final notice date in cash, on or before the final notice date we will send a single notice to holders indicating the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which must be expressed either as 100% of the conversion obligation or as a fixed dollar amount).

In the event that we receive a notice of conversion after the final notice date from holders of notes, settlement amounts will be computed and settlement dates will be determined in the same manner as set forth above under “—Conversion on or Prior to the Final Notice Date,” except that the “cash settlement averaging period” shall be the 10 consecutive trading day period beginning on the 12th scheduled trading day immediately preceding the maturity date. If a conversion notice is received from holders of notes after the final notice date, such holders will not be allowed to retract the conversion notice. Settlement (in cash, shares or a combination of cash and shares) will occur on the business day following the final day of such cash settlement averaging period. If we do not elect to satisfy any part of the conversion obligation in cash (other than cash in lieu of any fractional shares), delivery of shares of our common stock into which the notes are converted (and cash in lieu of any fractional shares) will occur through the conversion agent or notes are converted (and cash in lieu of any

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fractional shares) will occur through the conversion agent or DTC, as the case may be, as described above as soon as practicable on or after the conversion date.

Conversion after Irrevocable Election to Pay Principal in Cash. At any time prior to the final notice date, we may irrevocably elect, in our sole discretion without the consent of the holders of the notes, by notice to the trustee and the holders of the notes to satisfy our conversion obligation for the remaining term of the notes in cash to the extent it equals 100% of the principal amount of the notes converted after the date of such election. After making such an election, we still may satisfy our conversion obligation, to the extent our conversion obligation exceeds the principal amount of the notes converted, in cash or shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. If we choose to satisfy all or a portion of the remainder of our conversion obligation in cash, we will provide notice of our election in the same manner as set forth above under either “—Conversion on or prior to the Final Notice Date” or “—Conversion after the Final Notice Date,” as applicable. If we choose to satisfy all of the remainder of our conversion obligation in shares of our common stock, notice of our election to deliver cash for the principal amount will be deemed to have been provided on the last date of the cash settlement notice period and a holder’s notice of conversion will not be retractable. Settlement amounts will be computed and settlement dates will be determined in the same manner as set forth above under “—Conversion on or prior to the Final Notice Date” and “—Conversion after the Final Notice Date,” as applicable.

Exchange in Lieu of Conversion

When a holder surrenders notes for conversion, we may direct the conversion agent to surrender, on or prior to the commencement of the cash settlement averaging period, such notes to a financial institution designated by us for exchange in lieu of conversion. In order to accept any notes surrendered for conversion, the designated institution must agree to deliver, in exchange for such notes, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, equal to the consideration due upon conversion, all as provided above under “Conversion Procedures—Payment Upon Conversion.” By the close of business on the trading day immediately preceding the start of the cash settlement averaging period, we will notify the holder surrendering notes for conversion that we have directed the designated financial institution to make an exchange in lieu of conversion and such financial institution will be required to notify the conversion agent whether it will deliver, upon exchange, cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of common stock.

If the designated institution accepts any such notes, it will deliver cash, shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock to the conversion agent, and the conversion agent will deliver the cash and/or shares, as the case may be, to the applicable holder. Any notes exchanged by the designated institution will remain outstanding. If the designated institution agrees to accept any notes for exchange but does not timely deliver the related consideration, or if such designated financial institution does not accept the notes for exchange, we will, no later than the third trading day immediately following the last day of the related cash settlement averaging period, convert the notes into cash and/or shares of our common stock, as described above under “—Conversion Procedures.”

Our designation of an institution to which the notes may be submitted for exchange does not require the institution to accept any notes. We will not pay any consideration to, or otherwise enter into any agreement with, the designated institution for or with respect to such designation.

Maximum Shares Issuable upon Conversion

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the total number of shares issuable upon conversion of the notes exceed _____ per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events.”

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Anti-dilution Adjustments

Adjustment Events. The initial conversion rate will be adjusted for the following events:

- (1) the issuance of our common stock as a dividend or distribution on our common stock, or certain subdivisions and combinations of our common stock, in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately on and after the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- OS_0 = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be; and
- OS_1 = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately on and after the ex-date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be.

- (2) the issuance to all holders of our common stock of certain rights or warrants entitling them to purchase our common stock for a period expiring within 60 days after the date of issuance of such rights or warrants at less than the average sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the announcement of such issuance; provided that the conversion rate will be readjusted to the extent that such rights or warrants are not exercised prior to the expiration based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect at the close of business immediately prior to the ex-date for such event;
- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately on and after the ex-date for such event;
- OS_0 = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately prior to the ex-date for such event;
- X = the total number of shares of our common stock issuable pursuant to such rights or warrants; and
- Y = the number of shares of our common stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants divided by the average sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on and including the trading day immediately preceding the announcement of such issuance.

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- (3) the dividend or other distribution to all holders of our common stock of securities, evidences of our indebtedness, assets or properties (excluding (A) any dividend, distribution or issuance covered by clause (1) or (2) above and (B) any dividend or distribution paid exclusively in cash), in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the ex-date for such distribution;
- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately on and after the ex-date for such distribution;
- SP_0 = the current market price of our common stock; and
- FMV = the fair market value (as determined in good faith by our board of directors) of the securities, evidences of indebtedness, assets or property dividend or distributed with respect to each outstanding share of our common stock on the ex-date for such dividend or distribution.

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this clause (3) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on our common stock of shares of capital stock of, or similar equity interests in, a subsidiary or other business unit of ours, which we refer to as a spin-off, in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to 5:00 p.m. on the 10th trading day immediately following, and including, the effective date of the spin-off;
- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately from and after 5:00 p.m. on the 10th trading day immediately following, and including, the effective date of the spin-off;
- FMV_0 = the average of the sale prices of the capital stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of our common stock applicable to one share of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days commencing on and including the effective date of the spin-off; and
- MP_0 = the average of the sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days commencing on and including the effective date of the spin-off.

- (4) dividends or other distributions consisting exclusively of cash to all holders of our common stock in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect immediately prior to the ex-date for such distribution;

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- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately on and after the ex-date for such distribution;
- SP_0 = the current market price of our common stock; and
- C = the amount in cash per share we distribute to holders of our common stock.

- (5) we or one or more of our subsidiaries make purchases of our common stock pursuant to a tender offer or exchange offer (other than exchange offers not subject to Rule 13e-4 under the Exchange Act) by us or one of our subsidiaries for our common stock to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of our common stock exceeds the average sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days commencing on the trading day immediately succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender or exchange offer (the “expiration date”), in which event the conversion rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where,

- CR_0 = the conversion rate in effect at the close of business on the expiration date;
- CR_1 = the conversion rate in effect immediately after the expiration date;
- FMV = the fair market value (as determined in good faith by our board of directors) of the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration paid or payable for shares validly tendered or exchanged and not withdrawn as of the expiration date;
- OS_1 = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after the expiration date (after giving effect to the purchase or exchange of shares pursuant to such tender or exchange offer);
- OS_0 = the number of shares of our common stock outstanding immediately after the expiration date (without giving effect to the purchase or exchange of shares pursuant to such tender or exchange offer); and
- SP_1 = the average of the sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days commencing on and including the trading day immediately succeeding the expiration date.

The “current market price” of our common stock on any day means the average sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading days ending on and including the earlier of the day in question and the day before the “ex-date” with respect to an issuance, dividend or distribution requiring such computation.

The “ex-date” means the first date on which the shares of our common stock trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive an issuance, dividend or distribution.

The “record date” means, for purpose of this section, with respect to any dividend, distribution or other transaction or event in which the holders of our common stock have the right to receive any cash, securities or other property or in which our common stock (or other applicable security) is exchanged for or converted into any combination of cash, securities or other property, the date fixed for determination of holders of our common stock entitled to receive such cash, securities or other property (whether such date is fixed by our board of directors or by statute, contract or otherwise).

No adjustment in the conversion rate will be required unless such adjustment would require a change of at least 1% in the conversion rate then in effect at such time. However, we will carry forward any adjustments that

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are less than 1% of the conversion rate and take them into account in any subsequent adjustment of the conversion rate or in connection with any conversion of the notes. We will not make any adjustments if holders of notes are permitted to participate, without converting their notes, in the transactions described in clauses (1) through (5) under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events” that would otherwise require adjustment of the conversion rate. Except as described under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events,” we will not adjust the conversion rate for any issuance of our common stock or convertible or exchangeable securities or rights to purchase our common stock or convertible or exchangeable securities.

As a result of any adjustment of the conversion rate (including an adjustment upon a change of control), the holders of notes may, in certain circumstances, be deemed to have received a distribution subject to U.S. income tax as a dividend. In certain other circumstances, the absence of an adjustment may result in a taxable dividend to the holders of notes or our common stock. In addition, non-U.S. holders of notes in certain circumstances may be deemed to have received a distribution subject to U.S. federal withholding tax requirements. See “Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations—U.S. Holders—Adjustments to Conversion Rate” and “—Distributions on Common Stock,” and “—Non-U.S. Holders—Adjustments to Conversion Rate” and “—Distributions on Common Stock.”

Treatment of Reference Property. In the case of any recapitalization, reclassification or change of our common stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination), a consolidation, merger or combination involving us, a sale, lease or other transfer to another corporation of all or substantially all of our assets, or any statutory share exchange, in each case as a result of which holders of our common stock are entitled to receive stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) with respect to or in exchange for our common stock, the holders of the notes then outstanding will be entitled thereafter to convert those notes into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that they would have owned or been entitled to receive (“reference property”) upon such recapitalization, reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, combination, sale, lease, transfer or statutory share exchange had such notes been converted into our common stock immediately prior to such transaction. In the event holders of our common stock have the opportunity to elect the form of consideration to be received in such transaction, we will make adequate provision whereby notes shall be convertible from and after the effective date of such transaction into the form of consideration elected by a majority of our stockholders in such transaction. However, at and after the effective time of the transaction, any amount otherwise payable in cash upon conversion of the notes will continue to be payable in cash, and the daily share amount will be calculated based on the value of the reference property and will be payable in the form of consideration elected by a majority of our stockholders in such transaction. We will agree in the indenture not to become a party to any such transaction unless its terms are consistent with the foregoing.

Treatment of Rights Plan. To the extent that we have a rights plan in effect upon conversion of the notes into our common stock, a holder will receive, in addition to our common stock, the rights under the rights plan, unless prior to any conversion, the rights have separated from our common stock, in which case the conversion rate will be adjusted at the time of separation as if we distributed, to all holders of our common stock, shares of our capital stock, evidences of indebtedness or assets as described above, subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of such rights.

Voluntary Increase in Conversion Rate. We may from time to time, to the extent permitted by law and subject to applicable rules of the NASDAQ Global Select Market, increase the conversion rate of the notes by any amount for any period of at least 20 days. In that case we will give at least 15 days notice of such increase. We may also, in our discretion, increase the conversion rate to avoid or diminish any income tax to holders of our common stock resulting from any dividend or distribution of stock (or rights to acquire stock) or from any event treated as such for income tax purposes.

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Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon a Change of Control

If a transaction described in clauses (1) or (2) of the definition of change of control (as set forth under “Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change”), excluding a change of control in clause (2) where the exception relating to a transaction involving consideration of at least 95% publicly trading securities, occurs, and a holder elects to convert its notes in connection with such transaction, as described above under “—Conversion of Notes—Conversion upon Specified Events”, we will increase the applicable conversion rate for the notes surrendered for conversion by a number of additional shares of our common stock (the “additional shares”), as described below. Any conversion occurring at a time when the notes would be convertible in accordance with “—Conversion of Notes—Conversion upon Specified Events” will be deemed to have occurred “in connection with” such change of control, notwithstanding the fact that a note may then also be convertible because another condition to conversion has been satisfied.

The number of additional shares will be determined by reference to the table below and is based on the date on which such change of control transaction becomes effective (the “effective date”) and the price (the “stock price”) paid per share of our common stock in such transaction. If the holders of our common stock receive only cash in the change of control transaction, the stock price shall be the cash amount paid per share. Otherwise the stock price shall be the average of the sale prices of our common stock over the 10 consecutive trading day period ending on the trading day immediately preceding the effective date.

The stock prices set forth in the first row of the table (i.e., the column headers) will be adjusted as of any date on which the conversion rate of the notes is adjusted. The adjusted stock prices will equal the stock prices applicable immediately prior to such adjustment multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the conversion rate immediately prior to the adjustment giving rise to the stock price adjustment and the denominator of which is the conversion rate as so adjusted. Our obligation to increase the conversion rate will be subject to adjustment in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events.”

The following table sets forth the stock price and increase in the conversion rate, expressed as a number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate:

Change of Control Effective Date	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
March 30, 2007												
April 15, 2008												
April 15, 2009												
April 15, 2010												
April 15, 2011												
April 15, 2012												

The exact stock price and effective dates may not be set forth on the table, in which case:

- (1) if the stock price is between two stock price amounts on the table or the effective date is between two dates on the table, the number of additional shares will be determined by straight-line interpolation between the number of additional shares set forth for the higher and lower stock prices and the earlier and later effective dates, as applicable, based on a 365 day year;
- (2) if the stock price is greater than \$ per share (subject to adjustment), no increase will be made to the conversion rate; and
- (3) if the stock price is less than \$ per share (subject to adjustment), no increase will be made to the conversion rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the total number of additional shares added to the conversion rate exceed per \$1,000 principal amount of notes, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the conversion rate as set forth under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Adjustment Events.”

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Our obligation to deliver the additional shares could be considered a penalty, in which case the enforceability thereof would be subject to general principles of reasonableness of economic remedies.

Settlement of Conversions upon a Change of Control

As described above under “—Anti-dilution Adjustments—Treatment of Reference Property,” in the case of certain changes of control, beginning 15 days prior to the anticipated effectiveness of such change in control, the notes will be convertible into cash, reference property or a combination of cash and reference property, as applicable (if we elect to deliver cash upon conversion in respect of some or all of our conversion obligation or if we have irrevocably elected to make a cash payment of principal upon conversion). If, as described above under “—Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon a Change of Control” we are required to increase the conversion rate by the additional shares as a result of the change of control, and we do not elect to deliver cash to settle any portion of our conversion obligation, and we have not irrevocably elected to make a cash payment of principal upon conversion, notes surrendered for conversion will be settled as follows:

- If the date on which notes are surrendered for conversion is prior to the third trading day preceding the effective date of the change of control (the “cut-off date”), we will settle such conversion by delivering the number of shares of our common stock (based on the conversion rate without regard to the number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate as described above) on the third trading day immediately following the cut-off date. In addition, as soon as practicable following the effective date of the change of control (but in any event within three trading days of such effective date), we will deliver the number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate as described above, if any, or the equivalent of such shares in reference property, as applicable.
- If the date on which notes are surrendered for conversion is on or following the cut-off date, we will settle such conversion (based on the conversion rate as increased by the additional shares described above) on the third trading day immediately following the conversion date by delivering the number of shares of our common stock (based on the conversion rate without regard to the number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate as described above) plus the number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate as described above, if any, or the equivalent of such shares in reference property, as applicable.

If we are required to increase the conversion rate by the additional shares as a result of the change of control, and we elect to deliver cash in respect of all or a portion of our conversion obligation or we have irrevocably elected to make a cash payment of principal upon conversion, notes surrendered for conversion will be settled as follows:

- If the last day of the applicable cash settlement averaging period related to notes surrendered for conversion is prior to the cut-off date, we will settle such conversion as described under “—Conversion Procedures—Payment Upon Conversion” above by delivering the amount of cash and shares of our common stock, if any (based on the conversion rate without regard to the number of additional shares to be added to the conversion rate as described above), on the third trading day immediately following the last day of the applicable cash settlement averaging period. In addition, as soon as practicable following the effective date of the change of control (but in any event within three trading days of such effective date), we will deliver the increase in such amount of cash and additional shares (or the equivalent in reference property, if applicable), if any, as if the conversion rate had been increased by such number of additional shares during the related cash settlement averaging period (and based upon the related conversion value). If such increased amount results in an increase to the amount of cash to be paid to holders, we will pay such increase in cash, and if such increased settlement amount results in an increase to the number of shares of our common stock to be paid to holders, we will deliver such increase by delivering shares of our common stock (or, if applicable, reference property based on such increased number of shares).
- If the last day of the applicable cash settlement averaging period related to notes surrendered for conversion is on or following the cut-off date, we will settle such conversion as described under

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“—Conversion Procedures—Payment Upon Conversion” above (based on the conversion rate as increased by the additional shares described above) on the later to occur of (i) the effective date of the transaction and (ii) the third trading day immediately following the last day of the applicable cash settlement averaging period.

For the avoidance of doubt, in the event notes are surrendered for conversion in connection with an anticipated change of control and such change of control does not in fact occur, no additional shares will be added to the conversion rate and no additional cash or reference property will be paid as a result of the related anticipated change of control.

Optional Redemption

We do not have the right to redeem the notes prior to April 16, 2010.

At any time on or after April 16, 2010, we will have the right, at our option, to redeem the notes, in whole or in part, in cash but only if the sale price of our common stock for at least 20 of the 30 consecutive trading days immediately prior to the day we give a notice of redemption is greater than 130% of the applicable conversion price on the date of such notice, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be redeemed, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the principal amount of the notes redeemed to, but not including, the date of redemption. We will make at least six semi-annual interest payments (including interest payments on October 15, 2007 and April 15, 2010) in the full amount required by the indenture before we can redeem the notes.

If fewer than all of the notes are to be redeemed, the trustee will select the notes to be redeemed by lot, on a pro rata basis or by any other method the trustee considers fair and appropriate. If any note is to be redeemed in part only, a new note in principal amount equal to the unredeemed principal portion will be issued. If a portion of a holder's notes is selected for partial redemption and the holder converts a portion of its notes, the converted portion will be deemed to be from the portion selected for redemption.

We are required to give notice of redemption on a date that is not less than 20 nor more than 60 days before the redemption date to each holder of notes to be redeemed.

In the event of any redemption in part, we will not be required to:

- issue, register the transfer of or exchange any note during a period of 15 days before the mailing of the redemption notice; or
- register the transfer of or exchange any note so selected for redemption, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any note being redeemed in part.

There is no sinking fund for the notes.

Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change

If a fundamental change occurs, each holder of notes will have the right to require us to purchase in cash some or all of that holder's notes not previously called for redemption, or any portion of those notes that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000, on the date that is 45 days after the date we give notice at a purchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the notes to be purchased, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the purchase date.

Within 30 days after the occurrence of a fundamental change, we are required to give notice to all holders of notes, as provided in the indenture, of the occurrence of the fundamental change and of their resulting repurchase right. We must also deliver a copy of our notice to the trustee. To exercise the repurchase right, a holder of notes must deliver, prior to or on the 30th day after the date of our notice, written notice to the trustee of the holder's

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exercise of its repurchase right, together with the notes with respect to which the right is being exercised. The repurchase notice must state:

- if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers (or, if the notes are not certificated, the repurchase notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures);
- the portion of the principal amount of notes to be repurchased, which must be an integral multiple of \$1,000; and
- that the notes are to be repurchased by us pursuant to the applicable provisions of the notes and the indenture.

A holder of notes may withdraw any written repurchase notice by delivering a written notice of withdrawal to the paying agent prior to the close of business on the repurchase date. The withdrawal notice must state:

- the principal amount of the withdrawn notes;
- if certificated notes have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn notes (or, if the notes are not certificated, the withdrawal notice must comply with appropriate DTC procedures); and
- the principal amount, if any, which remains subject to the repurchase notice.

We will promptly pay the repurchase price for notes surrendered for repurchase following the repurchase date.

A “fundamental change” will be deemed to have occurred upon a change of control or a termination of trading.

A “change of control” will be deemed to have occurred at the time after the notes are originally issued that any of the following occurs:

- (1) a “person or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act other than us, our subsidiaries or our or their employee benefit plans, becomes the direct or indirect ultimate “beneficial owner,” as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of our common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of our common equity and either (a) files a Schedule 13D or Schedule TO, or any successor schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act, disclosing the same or (b) we otherwise become aware of any such person or group;
- (2) consummation of any share exchange, consolidation or merger of us pursuant to which our common stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property or any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of us and our subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than one of our wholly-owned subsidiaries; provided, however, that a transaction described in this clause (2) will be deemed not to be a change of control so long as such transaction (i) both (A) does not result in any reclassification, conversion, exchange or cancellation of outstanding shares of our voting stock and (B) the persons that “beneficially owned” directly or indirectly, the shares of our voting stock immediately prior to such transaction beneficially own, directly or indirectly, shares of voting stock representing a majority of the total voting power of all outstanding classes of voting stock of the surviving or transferee person or (ii) is effected solely for the purpose of changing our jurisdiction of incorporation and resulting in a reclassification, conversion or exchange of outstanding shares of capital stock, if at all, solely into shares of the surviving entity or a direct or indirect parent of the surviving entity; or
- (3) our stockholders approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of us.

A change of control will not be deemed to have occurred pursuant to (2) above, however, if at least 95% of the consideration, excluding cash payments for fractional shares, in the transaction or transactions that would otherwise constitute a change of control consists of shares of common stock that are traded on, or immediately

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after the transaction or event will be traded on, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange (these securities are referred to herein as “publicly traded securities”), and as a result of such transaction or transactions the notes become convertible into such publicly traded securities.

A “termination of trading” will be deemed to have occurred if our common stock (or other common stock into which the notes are then convertible) is (i) not listed or approved for trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange or (ii) suspended from trading for 20 consecutive business days.

We will comply with any applicable provisions of Rule 13e-4 and any other tender offer rules under the Exchange Act in the event of a fundamental change.

No notes may be repurchased at the option of the holders upon a fundamental change if there has occurred and is continuing an event of default under the indenture, other than an event of default that is cured by the payment of the fundamental change repurchase price of the notes.

These fundamental change repurchase rights could discourage a potential acquiror. However, this fundamental change repurchase feature is not the result of management’s knowledge of any specific effort to obtain control of us by means of a merger, tender offer or solicitation, or part of a plan by management to adopt a series of anti-takeover provisions. The term “fundamental change” is limited to specified transactions and may not include other events that might adversely affect our financial condition or business operations. Our obligation to offer to repurchase the notes upon a fundamental change would not necessarily afford a holder of notes protection in the event of a highly leveraged transaction, reorganization, merger or similar transaction involving us.

We may be unable to repurchase the notes for cash if a fundamental change occurs. If a fundamental change were to occur, we may not have enough funds to pay the repurchase price for all tendered notes. Any existing or future credit agreements or other agreements relating to our indebtedness may contain provisions prohibiting repurchase of the notes under certain circumstances, or expressly prohibit our repurchase of the notes upon a fundamental change or may provide that a fundamental change constitutes an event of default under that agreement. If a fundamental change occurs at a time when we are prohibited from repurchasing notes, we could seek the consent of our lenders to repurchase the notes or attempt to refinance the debt that prohibits the repurchase. If we do not obtain consent, we would not be permitted to repurchase the notes. Our failure to repurchase tendered notes would constitute an event of default under the indenture, which might constitute a default under the terms of our other indebtedness.

Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets

The indenture provides that we may not consolidate with, merge into or transfer all or substantially all of our assets to another person, unless:

- the resulting, surviving or transferee person is a corporation organized under the laws of the United States or any of its political subdivisions;
- the surviving entity assumes all our obligations under the indenture and the notes;
- at the time of and immediately after such transaction, no event of default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time, would become an event of default, shall have happened and be continuing; and
- an officers’ certificate and an opinion of counsel, each stating that the consolidation, merger or transfer complies with the provisions of the indenture, have been delivered to the trustee.

Although these types of transactions are permitted under the indenture, certain of the foregoing transactions could constitute a fundamental change (as defined under “—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change”) permitting each holder to require us to repurchase the notes of such holder as described above.

Events of Default

Each of the following will constitute an event of default under the indenture:

- our failure to pay when due the principal on any of the notes at maturity, upon redemption or exercise of a repurchase right or otherwise, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the indenture;
- our failure to pay an installment of interest on any of the notes for 30 days after the date when due, whether or not such payment is prohibited by the subordination provisions of the indenture;
- our failure to deliver, when due upon conversion, shares of our common stock, cash or a combination of shares of our common stock, together with cash instead of fractional shares and such failure continues for a period of five days after receipt of notice as specified in the indenture;
- our failure to comply with our obligations under “—Consolidation, Merger and Sale of Assets.”
- our failure to give notice of a fundamental change when due as set forth under “—Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change” or notice of specified corporate transactions when due as set forth under “—Conversion of Notes—Conversion upon Specified Corporate Transactions.”
- our failure to perform or observe any other term, covenant or agreement contained in the notes or the indenture for a period of 60 days after written notice of such failure, requiring us to remedy the same, shall have been given to us by the trustee or to us and the trustee by the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding, subject to extension relating to any failure to comply with the covenant described under “—Reports,” as described below;
- a default by us or any of our subsidiaries in the payment of the principal or interest on any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any debt for money borrowed in excess of \$25.0 million in the aggregate of us and/or any of our subsidiaries, whether such debt now exists or shall hereafter be created, which default results in such debt becoming or being declared due and payable, and such acceleration shall not have been rescinded or annulled within 30 days after written notice of such acceleration has been received by us or any of our subsidiaries;
- any judgment or judgments for the payment of \$25.0 million or more rendered against us or any of our subsidiaries, which judgment is not waived, discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished; or
- certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of us or any of our subsidiaries.

If an event of default specified in the last bullet point above occurs with respect to us and is continuing, then the principal of all the notes and the interest thereon shall automatically become immediately due and payable. If an event of default shall occur and be continuing, other than an event of default with respect to us specified in the last bullet point above, the trustee or the holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding may declare the notes due and payable at their principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest, and thereupon the trustee may, at its discretion and pursuant to the conditions in the indenture, proceed to protect and enforce the rights of the holders of notes by appropriate judicial proceedings. Such declaration may be rescinded and annulled with the written consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding, subject to the provisions of the indenture.

Payments of the repurchase price, redemption price, principal of, or premium, if any, interest or any extension fee on, the notes that are not made when due will accrue interest at the annual rate of 1% above the then-applicable interest rate from the required payment date.

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The holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of notes at the time outstanding through their written consent may waive any existing default or event of default and its consequences except any default or event of default:

- in any payment on the notes;
- in respect of the failure to convert the notes; or
- in respect of the covenants or provisions in the indenture that may not be modified or amended without the consent of the holder of each note affected as described in “—Modification and Waiver” below.

Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the notes then outstanding through their written consent may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred upon the trustee, subject to the provisions of the indenture. The indenture contains a provision entitling the trustee, subject to the duty of the trustee during a default to act with the required standard of care, to be indemnified by the holders of notes before proceeding to exercise any right or power under the indenture at the request of such holders. The rights of holders of the notes to pursue remedies with respect to the indenture and the notes are subject to a number of additional requirements set forth in the indenture.

The indenture will provide that the trustee shall, within 90 days of the occurrence of a default, give to the registered holders of the notes notice of all uncured defaults known to it, but the trustee shall be protected in withholding such notice if it, in good faith, determines that the withholding of such notice is in the best interest of such registered holders, except in the case of a default in the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on, any of the notes when due or in the payment of any conversion, redemption, or repurchase obligation.

We are required to furnish annually to the trustee a statement as to the fulfillment of our obligations under the indenture. In addition, we are required to file with the trustee a written notice of the occurrence of any default or event of default within five business days of our becoming aware of the occurrence of any default or event of default.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the indenture will provide that, to the extent elected by us, the sole remedy for an event of default relating to the failure to file any documents or reports that we are required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and for any failure to comply with the requirements of Section 314(a)(1) of the Trust Indenture Act or of the covenant described below in “—Reports,” will for the first 270 days after the occurrence of such an event of default consist exclusively of the right to receive an extension fee on the notes in an amount equal to 1.00% of the principal amount of the notes. If we so elect, the extension fee will be payable on all outstanding notes on the date on which an event of default relating to a failure to comply with the reporting obligations in the indenture first occurs, which will be the 60th day after notice to the Company of its failure to so comply. On the 270th day after such event of default (if the event of default relating to the reporting obligations is not cured or waived prior to such 270th day), the notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above. The provisions of the indenture described in this paragraph will not affect the rights of holders of notes in the event of the occurrence of any other event of default. In the event we do not elect to pay the extension fee upon an event of default in accordance with this paragraph, the notes will be subject to acceleration as provided above.

Modification and Waiver

We and the trustee may amend or supplement the indenture or the notes with the consent of the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes. In addition, the holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the outstanding notes may waive our compliance in any instance with any provision of the indenture without notice to other holders. However, no amendment, supplement or waiver may be made without the consent of the holder of each outstanding note if such amendment, supplement or waiver would:

- change the stated maturity of the principal of, or interest on, any note;
- reduce the principal amount of or any premium or interest on any note;

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- reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of any note;
- change the currency of payment of principal of, or any premium or interest on, any note;
- impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on, or with respect to, any note;
- modify the provisions with respect to our obligation to repurchase notes upon a fundamental change in a manner adverse to holders;
- modify the subordination provisions in a manner adverse to holders;
- adversely affect the right of holders to convert the notes other than as provided in the indenture;
- reduce the percentage in principal amount of outstanding notes required for modification or amendment of the indenture; or
- reduce the percentage in aggregate principal amount of outstanding notes necessary to take certain actions, including but not limited to, waiver of past defaults.

We and the trustee may amend or supplement the indenture or the notes without notice to, or the consent of, the holders to, among other things, cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency or make any other change that does not adversely affect the rights of any holder.

Satisfaction and Discharge

We may discharge our obligations under the indenture while notes remain outstanding if:

- all outstanding notes have or will become due and payable at their scheduled maturity within one year, or
- all outstanding notes are scheduled for redemption within one year, and

in either case, we have deposited with the trustee or a paying agent an amount sufficient to pay and discharge all outstanding notes on the date of their scheduled maturity or the scheduled date of redemption; provided, however, that the foregoing will not discharge our obligation to effect the conversion, registration of transfer or exchange of notes in accordance with the terms of the indenture.

Transfer and Exchange

We have initially appointed the trustee as the security registrar, paying agent and conversion agent, acting through its corporate trust office. We reserve the right to:

- vary or terminate the appointment of the security registrar, paying agent or conversion agent;
- act as the paying agent;
- appoint additional paying agents or conversion agents; or
- approve any change in the office through which any security registrar or any paying agent or conversion agent acts.

Purchase and Cancellation

All notes surrendered for payment, redemption, registration of transfer or exchange or conversion shall, if surrendered to any person other than the trustee, be delivered to the trustee. All notes delivered to the trustee will be cancelled promptly by the trustee. No notes will be authenticated in exchange for any notes cancelled as provided in the indenture.

We may repurchase the notes in the open market or by tender offer at any price or by private agreement. Any notes purchased by us may, to the extent permitted by law, be reissued or resold or may, at our option, be surrendered

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to the trustee for cancellation. Any notes surrendered for cancellation may not be reissued or resold and will be promptly cancelled. Any notes held by us or one of our subsidiaries will be disregarded for voting purposes in connection with any notice, waiver, consent or direction requiring the vote or concurrence of note holders.

Replacement of Notes

We will replace mutilated, destroyed, stolen or lost notes at a holder's expense upon delivery to the trustee of the mutilated notes or evidence of the loss, theft or destruction of the notes satisfactory to us and the trustee. In the case of a lost, stolen or destroyed note, indemnity satisfactory to the trustee and us may be required at the expense of the holder of such note before a replacement note will be issued.

Calculations in Respect of the Notes

We will be responsible for making many of the calculations called for under the notes. These calculations include, but are not limited to, determination of the sale price of our common stock in the absence of reported or quoted prices and adjustments to the conversion rate. We will make all these calculations in good faith and, absent manifest error, our calculations will be final and binding on holders of the notes. We will provide a schedule of our calculations to the trustee and conversion agent, and the trustee and conversion agent are entitled to rely conclusively on the accuracy of our calculations without independent verification.

Reports

In the indenture, we have agreed to file with the trustee and transmit to holders of the notes such information, documents and other reports, and such summaries thereof, as may be required pursuant to the Trust Indenture Act at the time and in the manner required by such act.

Governing Law

The indenture and the notes will be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York.

Trustee

U.S. Bank National Association, as the trustee, has been appointed by us as security registrar, paying agent and conversion agent. The trustee is also the trustee under the indenture governing our 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024. Computershare Shareholder Services, Inc. is the transfer agent and trustee for our common stock. The trustee or its affiliates may from time to time provide banking or other services to us in the ordinary course of business.

Book-entry, Delivery and Form

We will initially issue the notes in the form of one or more global notes. Each global note will be deposited with the trustee as custodian for DTC and registered in the name of a nominee of DTC. Except as set forth below, each global note may be transferred, in whole and not in part, only to DTC or another nominee of DTC. Holders will hold their beneficial interests in each global note directly through DTC if they have an account with DTC or indirectly through organizations that have accounts with DTC. Notes in definitive certificated form (called "certificated securities") will be issued only in certain limited circumstances described below.

DTC has advised us that it is:

- a limited purpose trust company organized under the laws of the State of New York;
- a member of the Federal Reserve System;

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- a “clearing corporation” within the meaning of the New York Uniform Commercial Code; and
- a “clearing agency” registered pursuant to the provisions of Section 17A of the Exchange Act.

DTC was created to hold securities of institutions that have accounts with DTC (called “participants”) and to facilitate the clearance and settlement of securities transactions among its participants in such securities through electronic book-entry changes in accounts of the participants, thereby eliminating the need for physical movement of securities certificates. DTC’s participants include securities brokers and dealers, which may include the underwriters, banks, trust companies, clearing corporations and certain other organizations. Access to DTC’s book-entry system is also available to others such as banks, brokers, dealers and trust companies (called the “indirect participants”) that clear through or maintain a custodial relationship with a participant, whether directly or indirectly.

We expect that pursuant to procedures established by DTC, upon the deposit of each global note with DTC, DTC will credit, on its book-entry registration and transfer system, the principal amount of notes represented by such global note to the accounts of participants. The accounts to be credited will be designated by the underwriters. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global note will be limited to participants or persons that may hold interests through participants. Ownership of beneficial interests in a global note will be shown on, and the transfer of those beneficial interests will be effected only through, records maintained by DTC (with respect to participants’ interests), the participants and the indirect participants. The laws of some jurisdictions may require that some purchasers of securities take physical delivery of securities in definitive form. These limits and laws may impair the ability to transfer or pledge beneficial interests in a global note.

Owners of beneficial interests in global notes who desire to convert their interests into our common stock should contact their brokers or other participants or indirect participants through whom they hold such beneficial interests to obtain information on procedures, including proper forms and cut-off times, for submitting requests for conversion.

So long as DTC, or its nominee, is the registered owner or holder of a global note, DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, will be considered the sole owner or holder of the notes represented by the global note for all purposes under the indenture and the notes. In addition, no owner of a beneficial interest in a global note will be able to transfer that interest except in accordance with the applicable procedures of DTC. Except as set forth below, as an owner of a beneficial interest in a global note, a holder will not be entitled to have the notes represented by the global note registered in its name, will not receive or be entitled to receive physical delivery of certificated notes and will not be considered to be the owner or holder of any notes under the global note. We understand that under existing industry practice, if an owner of a beneficial interest in a global note desires to take any action that DTC, as the holder of the global note, is entitled to take, DTC would authorize the participants to take such action. Additionally, in such case, the participants would authorize beneficial owners owning through such participants to take such action or would otherwise act upon the instructions of beneficial owners owning through them.

We will make payments of principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the notes represented by the global note registered in the name of and held by DTC or its nominee to DTC or its nominee, as the case may be, as the registered owner and holder of the global note. Neither we, the trustee nor any paying agent will have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to or payments made on account of beneficial interests in the global note or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial interests.

We expect that DTC or its nominee, upon receipt of any payment of principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the global note, will credit participants’ accounts with payments in amounts proportionate to their respective beneficial interests in the principal amount of the global note as shown on the records of DTC or its nominee. We also expect that payments by participants or indirect participants to owners of beneficial interests in the global note held through such participants or indirect participants will be governed by standing instructions

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and customary practices and will be the responsibility of such participants or indirect participants. We will not have any responsibility or liability for any aspect of the records relating to, or payments made on account of, beneficial interests in the global note for any note or for maintaining, supervising or reviewing any records relating to such beneficial interests or for any other aspect of the relationship between DTC and its participants or indirect participants or the relationship between such participants or indirect participants and the owners of beneficial interests in the global note owning through such participants.

Transfers between participants in DTC will be effected in the ordinary way in accordance with DTC rules and will be settled in same-day funds.

We expect that DTC will take any action permitted to be taken by a holder of notes only at the direction of one or more participants to whose account the DTC interests in the global note is credited and only in respect of such portion of the aggregate principal amount of notes as to which such participant or participants has or have given such direction. However, if DTC notifies us that it is unwilling or unable to continue as a depository or ceases to be a clearing agency or there is an event of default under the notes, DTC will exchange the global note for certificated securities which it will distribute to its participants. Although we expect DTC to follow the foregoing procedures in order to facilitate transfers of interests in the global note among participants of DTC, it is under no obligation to perform or continue to perform such procedures, and such procedures may be discontinued at any time. Neither we nor the trustee will have any responsibility or liability for the performance by DTC or the participants or indirect participants of their respective obligations under the rules and procedures governing their respective operations.

DESCRIPTION OF CAPITAL STOCK

The following summary is a description of the material terms of our common stock and does not purport to be complete. You should read our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws, which are incorporated by reference as exhibits to the registration statement of which this prospectus is a part. For information regarding how you can receive copies of these documents, please see “Where You Can Find More Information.”

Common Stock

Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation provides that we have authority to issue up to 300,000,000 shares of common stock, par value \$0.001 per share. As of January 31, 2007, there were 29,810,254 shares of our common stock issued and outstanding.

The holders of common stock are entitled to one vote per share on all matters to be voted on by the stockholders. Subject to preferences that may be applicable to any outstanding preferred stock, the holders of common stock are entitled to receive ratably such dividends, if any, as may be declared from time to time by the board of directors out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends. All dividends are non-cumulative. In the event of the liquidation, dissolution, or winding up of Equinix, the holders of common stock are entitled to share ratably in all assets remaining after payment of liabilities, subject to prior distribution rights of preferred stock, if any, then outstanding. The common stock has no preemptive or conversion rights or other subscription rights. There are no redemption or sinking fund provisions applicable to the common stock. All outstanding shares of common stock are fully paid and nonassessable, and shares of common stock to be issued upon conversion of the shares will be fully paid and nonassessable upon issuance.

Our common stock is quoted on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol “EQIX.”

Anti-takeover Effects of Provisions of the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation, Amended and Restated Bylaws and Delaware Law

Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws. Our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and bylaws provide that all stockholder actions must be effected at a duly called meeting and not by a consent in writing. The bylaws also provide that, except as otherwise required by law or by our amended and restated certificate of incorporation, special meetings of the stockholders can only be called pursuant to a resolution adopted by a majority of the number of authorized members of the board of directors. Further, provisions of the amended and restated certificate of incorporation provide that the stockholders may amend most provisions of the amended and restated certificate of incorporation only with the affirmative vote of at least 66²/₃% of our capital stock. Provisions of the bylaws provide that the stockholders may amend all of the provisions of the bylaws only with the affirmative vote of at least 75% of our capital stock. In addition, our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws provide that the board of directors shall have the power to amend or repeal our bylaws. These provisions of our amended and restated certificate of incorporation and our amended and restated bylaws could discourage potential acquisition proposals and could delay or prevent a change in control of Equinix. These provisions are intended to enhance the likelihood of continuity and stability in the composition of the board of directors and in the policies formulated by the board of directors and to discourage certain types of transactions that may involve an actual or threatened change of control of Equinix. These provisions are designed to reduce our vulnerability to an unsolicited acquisition proposal. The provisions also are intended to discourage certain tactics that may be used in proxy fights. However, such provisions could have the effect of discouraging others from making tender offers for our shares and, as a consequence, they also may inhibit fluctuations in the market price of our shares that could result from actual or rumored takeover attempts. Such provisions also may have the effect of preventing changes in our management.

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Delaware Takeover Statute. We are subject to Section 203 of the Delaware General Corporation Law, or DGCL Section 203, which regulates corporate acquisitions. DGCL Section 203 restricts the ability of certain Delaware corporations, including those whose securities are listed on The NASDAQ Stock Market, from engaging, under certain circumstances in a business combination with any interested stockholder for three years following the date that such stockholder became an interested stockholder. For purposes of DGCL Section 203, a business combination includes, among other things, a merger or consolidation involving Equinix and the interested stockholder and the sale of 10% or more of our assets. In general, DGCL Section 203 defines an interested stockholder as any entity or person beneficially owning 15% or more of our outstanding voting stock and any entity or person affiliated with or controlling or controlled by such entity or person. A Delaware corporation may opt out of DGCL Section 203 with an express provision in its original certificate of incorporation or an express provision in its certificate of incorporation or bylaws resulting from amendments approved by the holders of at least a majority of the corporation's outstanding voting shares. We have not opted out of the provisions of DGCL Section 203 in our amended and restated certificate of incorporation or our amended and restated bylaws. In connection with the combination, our board of directors approved such transactions for purposes of DGCL Section 203, the effect of which would not restrict us under DGCL Section 203 from entering into a business combination with STT Communications.

The transfer agent and registrar for the shares of our common stock is Computershare Shareholder Services, Inc.

MATERIAL U.S. FEDERAL TAX CONSIDERATIONS

The following is a discussion of the material U.S. federal income tax considerations and certain estate tax consequences of the purchase, ownership and disposition of the notes and the common stock received upon conversion of the notes. This discussion is based on the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"), Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder, judicial decisions, published positions of the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") and other applicable authorities, all as in effect as of the date on the front cover of this prospectus and all of which are subject to change, possibly with retroactive effect.

This discussion is limited to the U.S. federal tax consequences to holders who are beneficial owners of the notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes and who hold the notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes as capital assets within the meaning of Section 1221 of the Code (generally, for investment). In addition, this discussion is limited to the tax consequences to initial holders that purchase the notes at the "issue price," which will equal the first price to the public (not including bond houses, brokers or similar persons or organizations acting in the capacity of underwriters, placement agents or wholesalers) at which a substantial amount of the notes is sold for money.

This discussion does not address all of the tax consequences that may be relevant to a particular holder or to holders subject to special treatment under the Code, such as financial institutions, broker dealers, insurance companies, former U.S. citizens or long-term residents, tax-exempt organizations, persons that are, or that hold their notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes through, partnerships or other pass-through entities, U.S. Holders (as defined below) whose functional currency is not the U.S. dollar, persons that hold notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes as part of a straddle, hedge, conversion, synthetic security or constructive sale transaction for U.S. federal income tax purposes, Non-U.S. Holders (as defined below) that own, or are deemed to own, more than 5% of our common stock or more than 5% of the fair market value of the notes, or Non-U.S. Holders that, on the date of acquisition of the notes, own notes with a fair market value of more than 5% of the fair market value of our common stock.

If a partnership holds the notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes, the tax treatment of a partner will depend on the status of the partner and the activities of the partnership. If you are a partner of a partnership holding the notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes, you are urged to consult your tax advisors.

Persons considering the purchase of notes or the conversion of notes for common stock should consult their own tax advisors concerning the application of U.S. federal income and other tax laws, as well as the law of any state, local or foreign taxing jurisdiction, to their particular situations.

For purposes of this discussion, a U.S. Holder means a beneficial owner of notes or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes and that for U.S. federal income tax purposes is:

- a citizen or resident of the United States,
- a corporation (including an entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes) created or organized in or under the laws of the United States, any of its states or the District of Columbia,
- an estate whose income is includible in gross income for U.S. federal income tax purposes regardless of its source, or
- any trust if (a) the administration of the trust is subject to the primary supervision of a court in the United States and one or more U.S. persons have the authority to control all substantial decisions of the trust or (b) the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable Treasury regulations to be treated as a U.S. person.

A Non-U.S. Holder means any beneficial owner of a note or our common stock received upon conversion of the notes that is not a U.S. Holder.

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If you are considering buying the notes, we urge you to consult your tax advisor about the particular U.S. federal, state, local and foreign tax consequences of the acquisition, ownership and disposition of the notes and our common stock received upon conversion of the notes and the application of the U.S. federal income tax laws to your particular situation.

U.S. Holders

Interest. A U.S. Holder of the notes will be required to include stated interest in income as ordinary income in accordance with the holder's method of accounting for U.S. federal income tax purposes.

Disposition of the Notes. Upon the sale, exchange, redemption, retirement, repurchase or other taxable disposition of a note (other than a conversion as discussed below in "—Conversion of the Notes"), a U.S. Holder will recognize capital gain or loss equal to the difference (if any) between the amount realized (other than amounts attributable to accrued but unpaid stated interest, which will be taxable as ordinary income if not previously included in such holder's income) and such U.S. Holder's tax basis in the note. The U.S. Holder's tax basis for a note will be the purchase price for the note. Such gain or loss will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the note was held for more than one year. Long-term capital gain recognized by certain non-corporate U.S. Holders, including individuals, will be subject to a reduced tax rate.

Exchange in Lieu of Conversion. If a U.S. Holder surrenders notes for conversion, the Company directs the notes to be offered to a financial institution for exchange in lieu of conversion, and the designated financial institution accepts the notes and delivers cash, shares of our common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in exchange for the notes, the holder will be taxed on the transfer as a sale or exchange of the notes, as described under "—Disposition of the Notes" above. In such case, a U.S. Holder's tax basis in any common stock received will equal the fair market value of the stock on the date of the exchange, and the holder's holding period in any shares of common stock received will begin the day after the date of the exchange.

Conversion of the Notes.

Conversion Entirely into Cash. In the event that we satisfy the conversion obligation entirely in cash, a U.S. Holder will recognize gain or loss equal to the difference between the proceeds received by such holder (excluding amounts attributable to accrued but unpaid interest, which will be taxable as ordinary income if not previously included in such holder's income) and the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the note. See "—Disposition of the Notes" above.

Conversion Entirely into Common Stock. If we satisfy the conversion obligation entirely in common stock, a U.S. Holder will not recognize taxable gain or loss on the conversion (excluding shares allocable to accrued interest, which will be taxable as ordinary income if not previously included in such holder's income and cash received in lieu of a fractional share, as described below). The U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock (other than common stock allocable to accrued interest but including any tax basis allocable to a fractional share) will equal the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the notes. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock allocable to accrued interest will equal the fair market value of such stock on the date of conversion. The U.S. Holder's holding period for the common stock received will include the holding period for the notes (except for any common stock received allocable to accrued interest, which will have a holding period beginning on the day after conversion). Cash received in lieu of a fractional share upon conversion of the notes will generally be treated as a payment in exchange for such fractional share. Accordingly, the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share generally will result in capital gain or loss measured by the difference between the cash received for the fractional share and the U.S. Holder's tax basis allocable to such fractional share.

Conversion into Cash and Common Stock. If we satisfy the conversion obligation with a combination of cash and common stock, the U.S. federal income tax treatment will depend upon whether the conversion is characterized as a recapitalization or as in part a conversion and in part a redemption of the notes. If the conversion of the notes constitutes a recapitalization, a U.S. Holder will recognize capital gain (if any) equal to

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the excess of the sum of the fair market value of the common stock and cash received (other than amounts or shares allocable to accrued interest, which will be taxed as ordinary income if not previously included in such holder's income) over the holder's tax basis in the note, but in no event will the gain recognized exceed the amount of cash received (excluding amounts allocable to interest and cash received in lieu of a fractional share). No loss will be recognized on such conversion. The U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock received (other than common stock allocable to accrued interest but including any tax basis allocable to a fractional share) will equal the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the note, less the amount of cash received (excluding amounts allocable to accrued but unpaid interest and cash received in lieu of a fractional share), plus the amount of taxable gain recognized on the conversion (other than with respect to a fractional share). A U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock allocable to accrued interest will equal the fair market value of such stock on the date of conversion. The U.S. Holder's holding period for the common stock will be as described above in "—Conversion Entirely into Common Stock." Cash received in lieu of a fractional share will be treated as described above in "—Conversion Entirely into Common Stock."

Any capital gain recognized by U.S. Holders upon conversion will be long-term capital gain if at the time of conversion the notes have been held for more than one year. Long-term capital gains recognized by non-corporate U.S. Holders, including individuals, will be subject to reduced tax rates.

If the conversion of the notes is instead treated as in part a conversion into common stock and in part a payment in redemption of the notes, a U.S. Holder would not recognize any taxable gain or loss with respect to the portion of the notes considered to be converted into common stock, as described above in "—Conversion Entirely into Common Stock." The U.S. federal income tax treatment to U.S. Holders with respect to cash received in lieu of a fractional share, the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock received and the U.S. Holder's holding period for the common stock received will be as described above in "—Conversion Entirely into Common Stock." The cash received with respect to the portion of the notes considered to be redeemed would likely be treated as received in redemption of such portion. In that event, a U.S. Holder would generally recognize gain or loss as described above in "—Conversion Entirely into Cash." In such case, the holder's basis in the note would be allocated pro rata between the common stock and cash received, in accordance with their fair market values.

U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors regarding the tax treatment of the receipt of cash and common stock for notes upon conversion.

Adjustments to Conversion Rate. The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment under certain circumstances (see "Description of Notes—Anti-Dilution Adjustments; Adjustment to Conversion Rate upon a Change of Control"). Certain adjustments to (or failures to make such adjustments to) the conversion rate of the notes that increase a U.S. Holder's proportionate interest in our assets or earnings and profits (including an adjustment to the conversion rate in connection with a change of control) may result in a taxable constructive distribution to the U.S. Holder, whether or not such holder ever converts the notes. This would occur, for example, upon an adjustment to the conversion rate to compensate U.S. Holders of notes for distributions of cash or property to our shareholders (but generally not distributions of stock or rights to subscribe for our common stock). Any such constructive distribution will be treated as a dividend for tax purposes, resulting in ordinary income, to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. As a result, U.S. Holders could have taxable income as a result of an event pursuant to which they receive no cash or property. It is unclear whether a constructive distribution to U.S. Holders of the notes would be eligible for the reduced tax rate applicable to certain dividends paid to non-corporate holders or for the dividends-received deduction applicable to certain dividends paid to corporate holders. A U.S. Holder's tax basis in a note will be increased to the extent any such constructive distribution is treated as a dividend. Moreover, if there is an adjustment (or a failure to make an adjustment) to the conversion rate of the notes that increases the proportionate interest of the U.S. Holders of outstanding common stock in our assets or earnings and profits, then such increase in the proportionate interest of the U.S. Holders of the common stock will be treated as a constructive distribution to such holders of common stock, taxable as described below. U.S. Holders should consult their tax advisors as to the tax consequences of receiving constructive distributions.

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Distributions on Common Stock. Distributions paid on our common stock received upon conversion of a note, other than certain pro rata distributions of common shares, will be treated as a dividend to the extent paid out of current or accumulated earnings and profits and dividends will be taxed as ordinary income when received. If a distribution exceeds our current and accumulated earnings and profits, the excess will be first treated as a tax-free return of the U.S. Holder's investment, up to the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock. Any remaining excess will be treated as a capital gain. Dividends received by a corporate U.S. Holder may qualify for a dividends-received deduction and dividends received by non-corporate U.S. Holders, including individuals, in tax years prior to 2011 may qualify for preferential rates of taxation; however, in each case, certain holding period and other limitations apply.

Disposition of Common Stock. Gain or loss realized by a U.S. Holder on the sale or other disposition of our common stock received upon conversion of a note will be capital gain or loss for U.S. federal income tax purposes, and will be long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. Holder's holding period for the common stock is more than one year (including the U.S. Holder's holding period for the converted note, if applicable). Long-term capital gain recognized by non-corporate U.S. Holders, including individuals, will be subject to a reduced tax rate. The amount of the U.S. Holder's gain or loss will be equal to the difference between the U.S. Holder's tax basis in the common stock disposed of and the amount realized on the disposition.

Non-U.S. Holders

Interest. Subject to the discussion below concerning backup withholding, a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on payments of interest on a note, provided that:

- the Non-U.S. Holder is not an actual or constructive owner of 10% or more of the total voting power of all our voting stock; a controlled foreign corporation related, directly or indirectly, to us through stock ownership; or a bank whose receipt of interest on a note is pursuant to a loan agreement entered into in the ordinary course of business;
- such interest payments are not effectively connected with the conduct by the Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business within the United States; and
- we or our paying agent receives certain information from the Non-U.S. Holder (or a financial institution that holds the notes in the ordinary course of its trade or business), including certification that such holder is a Non-U.S. Holder on a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN or other applicable IRS form.

A Non-U.S. Holder that is not exempt from tax under these rules will be subject to U.S. federal income tax withholding at a rate of 30% unless:

- the income is effectively connected with the conduct of a U.S. trade or business (and is attributable to a U.S. permanent establishment under an applicable income tax treaty) or
- an applicable income tax treaty provides for a lower rate of, or exemption from, withholding tax.

Interest on a note that is effectively connected with the conduct by a Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business in the United States and, if the Non-U.S. Holder is entitled to the benefits under an applicable income tax treaty, attributable to a permanent establishment or a fixed base in the United States, will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons (and, if received by corporate holders, may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax unless reduced or prohibited by an applicable income tax treaty). If interest is subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis in accordance with the rules described in the preceding sentence, payments of such interest will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax so long as the Non-U.S. Holder provides us or the paying agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI. To claim the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder must timely provide the appropriate and properly executed IRS forms.

Conversion of Notes. A Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on the conversion of the notes. To the extent a Non-U.S. Holder realizes any gain as a result of the receipt of cash in

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the conversion (including the receipt of cash in lieu of a fractional share upon conversion), such gain would be subject to the rules described below under “—Disposition of Notes or Common Stock” with respect to the sale or exchange of a note. To the extent that a Non-U.S. Holder receives upon conversion any cash or common shares attributable to accrued interest not previously included in income, such cash or shares would be subject to the rules described above for interest.

Adjustments to Conversion Rate. The conversion rate of the notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances. Any such adjustment (or failure to make such adjustment) could, in certain circumstances, give rise to a deemed distribution to Non-U.S. Holders. See “—U.S. Holders—Adjustments to Conversion Rate” above. In such case, the deemed distribution would be subject to the rules described below under “—Distributions on Common Stock” regarding taxation and withholding of U.S. federal income tax on dividends in respect of common shares. Any resulting withholding tax attributable to deemed dividends would be collected from interest payments made on the notes or from the proceeds on sale or conversion of the notes.

Distributions on Common Stock. Dividends paid on our common stock to a Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. withholding tax at a 30% rate, subject to reduction under an applicable income tax treaty. In order to obtain a reduced rate of withholding, a Non-U.S. Holder will be required to provide a properly executed IRS Form W-8BEN (or applicable successor form) certifying its entitlement to benefits under an applicable income tax treaty.

A Non-U.S. Holder who is subject to withholding tax should consult its own tax advisor as to whether it can obtain a refund for all or a portion of the withholding tax.

Dividends on our common stock (or constructive dividends, see “—Adjustments to Conversion Rate” above) that are effectively connected with the conduct by a Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business in the United States and, if the Non-U.S. Holder is entitled to the benefits under an applicable tax treaty, attributable to a permanent establishment or a fixed base in the United States, will be subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis at the rates applicable to U.S. persons (and, if received by corporate holders, may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax unless reduced or prohibited by an applicable income tax treaty). If dividends (or constructive dividends) are subject to U.S. federal income tax on a net basis in accordance with the rules described in the preceding sentence, payments of dividends will not be subject to U.S. withholding tax so long as the Non-U.S. Holder provides us or the paying agent with a properly executed IRS Form W-8ECI. To claim the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder must timely provide the appropriate and properly executed IRS forms.

Disposition of Notes or Common Stock. Subject to the rules described below under “—Information Reporting and Backup Withholding,” a Non-U.S. Holder will not be subject to U.S. federal income or withholding tax on gain from the sale or other taxable disposition of a note or common shares unless:

- such gain is effectively connected with the conduct by the Non-U.S. Holder of a trade or business within the United States and, if the Non-U.S. Holder is entitled to the benefits under an applicable income tax treaty, attributable to a permanent establishment or a fixed base in the United States;
- such Non-U.S. Holder is an individual who is present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition and meets certain other requirements; or
- we are or have been a U.S. real property holding corporation at any time within the shorter of the five-year period preceding such sale or other taxable disposition and the period during which the Non-U.S. Holder held the notes or common shares. We believe that we are currently not a U.S. real property holding corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, but there is no assurance that we will not become one in the future. If we become a U.S. real property holding corporation, any gain realized on such sale or other taxable disposition by a Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. federal income tax if our common stock ceases to be regularly traded on an established securities market (as defined in the applicable Treasury regulations) prior to the beginning of the calendar year in which the disposition occurs.

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Except to the extent provided by an applicable income tax treaty, a Non-U.S. Holder will be subject to U.S. federal income tax with respect to gain from the sale or disposition of a note or shares of common stock that is effectively connected with the conduct by the holder of a trade or business in the United States (and Non-U.S. Holders that are corporations may also be subject to a 30% branch profits tax unless reduced or prohibited by an applicable income tax treaty). If such gain is realized by a Non-U.S. Holder who is an individual present in the United States for 183 days or more in the taxable year of disposition and who meets certain other requirements, then such individual will be subject to U.S. federal income tax at a rate of 30% (or at a reduced rate under an applicable income tax treaty) on the amount by which capital gains from U.S. sources (including gains from the sale or other disposition of the notes or shares of our common stock) exceed capital losses allocable to U.S. sources. To claim the benefit of an applicable income tax treaty, the Non-U.S. Holder must timely provide the appropriate and properly executed IRS forms.

Federal Estate Tax. Individual Non-U.S. Holders and entities the property of which is potentially includible in such an individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), should note that, absent an applicable treaty benefit, a note will be treated as U.S. situs property subject to U.S. federal estate tax if payments on the note, if received by the decedent at the time of death, would have been subject to U.S. federal withholding tax (even if the IRS Form 8-BEN certification requirement described above were satisfied) or effectively connected to the conduct by the holder of a trade or business in the United States.

Individual Non-U.S. Holders and entities the property of which is potentially includible in such an individual's gross estate for U.S. federal estate tax purposes (for example, a trust funded by such an individual and with respect to which the individual has retained certain interests or powers), should note that, absent an applicable treaty benefit, the common stock will be treated as U.S. situs property subject to U.S. federal estate tax.

Information Reporting and Backup Withholding

Information returns may be filed with the IRS in connection with payments on the notes and on the common stock and the proceeds from a sale or other disposition of the notes or the common stock. A U.S. Holder may be subject to U.S. backup withholding tax on these payments if it fails to provide its taxpayer identification number to the paying agent and comply with certification procedures or otherwise establish an exemption from backup withholding. A Non-U.S. Holder may be subject to U.S. information reporting and backup withholding tax on these payments unless the Non-U.S. Holder complies with certification procedures to establish that it is not a U.S. person. The certification procedures required of Non-U.S. Holders to claim the exemption from withholding tax on interest, described above, will satisfy the certification requirements necessary to avoid the backup withholding tax. Copies of applicable IRS information returns may be made available, under the provisions of an applicable income tax treaty or agreement, to the tax authorities of the country in which the Non-U.S. Holder resides. The amount of any backup withholding from a payment will be allowed as a credit against the holder's U.S. federal income tax liability and may entitle the holder to a refund, provided that the required information is timely furnished to the IRS.

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UNDERWRITING

Citigroup Global Markets Inc. is acting as sole book-running manager of the offering and acting as representative of the underwriters named below. Subject to the terms and conditions stated in the underwriting agreement dated the date of this prospectus, each underwriter named below has agreed to purchase, and we have agreed to sell to that underwriter, the principal amount of notes set forth opposite the underwriter's name.

<u>Underwriter</u>	<u>Principal Amount</u>
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	\$
<hr/>	
Total	<u>\$ 200,000,000</u>

The underwriting agreement provides that the obligations of the underwriters to purchase the notes included in this offering are subject to approval of legal matters by counsel and to other conditions. The underwriters are obligated to purchase all of the notes if they purchase any of the notes.

The underwriters propose to offer some of the notes directly to the public at the public offering price set forth on the cover page of this prospectus and some of the notes to dealers at the public offering price less a concession not to exceed % of the principal amount of the notes. The underwriters may allow, and dealers may reallocate a concession not to exceed % of the principal amount of the notes on sales to other dealers. After the initial offering of the notes to the public, the representative may change the public offering price and concessions.

We have granted to the underwriters an over-allotment option, exercisable for 30 days from the date of this prospectus, to purchase up to \$30,000,000 additional aggregate principal amount of notes at the offering price less the underwriting discount. The underwriters may exercise the option solely for the purpose of covering over-allotments, if any, in connection with this offering. To the extent the option is exercised, each underwriter must purchase a principal amount of additional notes approximately proportionate to that underwriter's initial purchase commitment.

We and each of our executive officers and directors have agreed that, for a period of 90 days from the date of this prospectus, we and they will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup, dispose of or hedge any shares of our common stock or any securities convertible into or exchangeable for our common stock, subject to certain exceptions relating to gifts, transfers to family members or family trusts and programmatic sales pursuant to existing or new plans established by our executive officers pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 under the Exchange Act. Citigroup in its sole discretion may release any of the securities subject to these lock-up agreements at any time without notice.

The following table shows the underwriting discounts that we are to pay to the underwriters in connection with this offering. These amounts are shown assuming both no exercise and full exercise of the underwriters' over-allotment option to purchase additional notes.

	<u>Paid by Equinix</u>	
	<u>No Exercise</u>	<u>Full Exercise</u>
Per note	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$

In connection with the offering, the underwriters may purchase and sell notes in the open market. These transactions may include over-allotment, syndicate covering transactions and stabilizing transactions. Over-allotment

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involves syndicate sales of notes in excess of the principal amount of notes to be purchased by underwriters in the offering, which creates a syndicate short position. "Covered" short sales are sales of notes made in an amount up to the principal amount represented by the underwriters' over-allotment option. In determining the source of notes to close out the covered syndicate short position, the underwriters will consider, among other things, the price of notes available for purchase in the open market as compared to the price at which they may purchase notes through the over-allotment option. Transactions to close out the covered syndicate short involve either purchase of the notes in the open market after the distribution has been completed or the exercise of the over-allotment option. The underwriters may also make "naked" short sales of notes in excess of the over-allotment option. The underwriters must close out any naked short position by purchasing notes in the open market. A naked short position is more likely to be created if the underwriters are concerned that there may be downward pressure on the price of the notes in the open market after pricing that would adversely affect investors who purchase in the offering. Stabilizing transactions must consist of bids for or purchases of notes in the open market while the offering is in progress.

The underwriters also may impose a penalty bid. Penalty bids permit the underwriters to reclaim a selling concession from a syndicate member when Citigroup, in covering syndicate short positions or making stabilizing purchases, repurchases notes originally sold by that syndicate member in order to cover syndicate short positions or make stabilizing purchases.

Any of these activities may have the effect of preventing or regarding a decline in the market price of the notes. They may also cause the price of the notes to be higher than the price that otherwise would exist in the open market in the absence of these transactions. The underwriters may conduct these transactions in the over-the-counter market or otherwise. If the underwriters commence any of these transactions, they may discontinue them at any time.

We estimate that the total expenses of this offering will be \$600,000. The underwriters have agreed to reimburse us for a portion of these expenses.

The underwriters or their affiliates have performed investment banking, commercial banking and advisory services for us from time to time for which they have received customary fees and expenses. The underwriters may, from time to time in the future, engage in transactions with and perform services for us in the ordinary course of their business.

A prospectus in electronic format may be made available on the websites maintained by one or more of the underwriters.

We have agreed to indemnify the underwriters against certain liabilities, including liabilities under the Securities Act, or to contribute to payments the underwriters may be required to make because of any of those liabilities.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the European Economic Area

In relation to each member state of the European Economic Area that has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a relevant member state), with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that relevant member state (the relevant implementation date), an offer of notes described in this prospectus may not be made to the public in that relevant member state prior to the publication of a prospectus in relation to the notes that has been approved by the competent authority in that relevant member state or, where appropriate, approved in another relevant member state and notified to the competent authority in that relevant member state, all in accordance with the Prospectus Directive, except that, with effect from and including the relevant implementation date, an offer of notes may be offered to the public in that relevant member state at any time:

- to any legal entity that is authorized or regulated to operate in the financial markets or, if not so authorized or regulated, whose corporate purpose is solely to invest in notes or

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- to any legal entity that has two or more of (1) an average of at least 250 employees during the last financial year; (2) a total balance sheet of more than €43,000,000 and (3) an annual net turnover of more than €50,000,000, as shown in its last annual or consolidated accounts or
- in any other circumstances that do not require the publication of a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive.

Each purchaser of notes described in this prospectus located within a relevant member state will be deemed to have represented, acknowledged and agreed that it is a “qualified investor” within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive.

For purposes of this provision, the expression an “offer to the public” in any relevant member state means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the notes, as the expression may be varied in that member state by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that member state, and the expression “Prospectus Directive” means Directive 2003/71/EC and includes any relevant implementing measure in each relevant member state.

The sellers of the notes have not authorized and do not authorize the making of any offer of notes through any financial intermediary on their behalf, other than offers made by the underwriter with a view to the final placement of the notes as contemplated in this prospectus. Accordingly, no purchaser of the notes, other than an underwriter, is authorized to make any further offer of the notes on behalf of the sellers or an underwriter.

Notice to Prospective Investors in the United Kingdom

This prospectus is only being distributed to, and is only directed at, persons in the United Kingdom that are qualified investors within the meaning of Article 2(1)(e) of the Prospectus Directive (“Qualified Investors”) that are also (i) investment professionals falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the “Order”) or (ii) high net worth entities, and other persons to whom it may lawfully be communicated, falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together being referred to as “relevant persons”). This prospectus and its contents should not be distributed, published or reproduced (in whole or in part) or disclosed by recipients to any other persons in the United Kingdom. Any person in the United Kingdom that is not a relevant person should not act or rely on this document or any of its contents.

Notice to Prospective Investors in France

Neither this prospectus nor any other offering material relating to the notes described in this prospectus has been submitted to the clearance procedures of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers or by the competent authority of another member state of the European Economic Area and notified to the Autorité des Marchés Financiers. The notes have not been offered or sold and will not be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, to the public in France. Neither this prospectus nor any other offering material relating to the notes has been or will be

- released, issued, distributed or caused to be released, issued or distributed to the public in France or
- used in connection with any offer for subscription or sale of the notes to the public in France.

Such offers, sales and distributions will be made in France only

- to qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) and/or to a restricted circle of investors (*cercle qualifiés*), in each case investing for their own account, all as defined in, and in accordance with, Article L.411-2, D.411-1, D.411-2, D.734-1, D.744-1, D.754-1 and D.764-1 of the French *Code monétaire et financier* or
- to investment services providers authorized to engage in portfolio management on behalf of third parties or

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- in a transaction that, in accordance with article L.411-2-II-1^o-or-2^o-or 3^o of the French *Code monétaire et financier* and article 211-2 of the General Regulations (*Règlement Général*) of the Autorité des Marchés Financiers, does not constitute a public offer (*appel public à l'épargne*).

The notes may be resold directly or indirectly, only in compliance with Articles L.411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 and L.621-8 through L.621-8-3 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Japan

Each underwriter has represented, warranted and agreed that the notes offered in this prospectus have not been registered under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan, and it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, the notes in Japan or to or for the account of any resident of Japan, except (1) pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of the Securities and Exchange Law and (2) in compliance with any other applicable requirements of Japanese law.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Hong Kong

Each underwriter has represented, warranted and agreed that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell notes in Hong Kong SAR by means of this prospectus or any other document, other than to persons whose ordinary business involves buying or selling shares or debentures, whether as principal or agent or in circumstances which do not constitute an offer to the public within the meaning of the Companies Ordinance (Cap. 32 of the Laws of Hong Kong SAR), and (2) unless it is a person who is permitted to do so under the securities laws of Hong Kong SAR, it has not issued or held for the purpose of issue in Hong Kong and will not issue or hold for the purpose of issue in Hong Kong SAR this prospectus, any other offering material or any advertisement, invitation or document relating to the notes, otherwise than with respect to notes intended to be disposed of to persons outside Hong Kong SAR or only to persons whose business involves the acquisition, disposal, or holding of securities, whether as principal or as agent.

Notice to Prospective Investors in Singapore

Each underwriter has represented, warranted and agreed that this prospectus has not been registered as a prospectus with the Monetary Authority of Singapore. Accordingly, this prospectus or any other document or material in connection with the offer or sale, or invitation for subscription or purchase, of the notes, may not be circulated or distributed, nor may the notes be offered or sold, or be made the subject of an invitation for subscription or purchase, whether directly or indirectly, to the public or any member of the public in Singapore other than (1) to an institutional investor or other person specified in Section 274 of the Securities and Futures Act, Chapter 289 of Singapore (the "SFA"), (2) to a sophisticated investor, and in accordance with the conditions, specified in Section 275 of the SFA or (3) otherwise pursuant to, and in accordance with the conditions of, any other applicable provision of the SFA.

LEGAL MATTERS

Certain legal matters will be passed upon for Equinix by Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian, LLP, Menlo Park, California, and Shearman & Sterling LLP, San Francisco, California. Certain legal matters will be passed upon for the underwriters by Davis Polk & Wardwell, Menlo Park, California.

EXPERTS

The financial statements and management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting (which is included in Management's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting) incorporated in this prospectus by reference to the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 have been so incorporated in reliance on the report of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, given on the authority of said firm as experts in auditing and accounting.

WHERE YOU CAN FIND MORE INFORMATION

We have filed with the SEC a registration statement on Form S-3 under the Securities Act relating to the notes and the common stock offered by this prospectus. This prospectus is a part of that registration statement, which includes additional information not contained in this prospectus.

We file annual, quarterly and special reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. You may read and copy any document we file with the SEC at the SEC's Public Reference Room at 100 F Street, N.E., Room 1580, Washington, D.C. 20549. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for further information on the Public Reference Room. Our SEC filings are also available to the public at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

The SEC allows us to "incorporate by reference" the information we file with them, which means that we can disclose important information to you by referring you to those documents. The information incorporated by reference is considered to be part of this prospectus, and information that we file later with the SEC will automatically update and supersede this information. We incorporate by reference the documents listed below (except the information contained in such documents to the extent "furnished" and not "filed") and any future filings we make with the SEC under Section 13(a), 13(c), 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934:

1. Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, filed on February 28, 2007.
2. All information in our proxy statement filed with the SEC on April 27, 2006 to the extent incorporated by reference in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.
3. Report on Form 8-K, filed on October 25, 2006.
4. Report on Form 8-K, filed on December 19, 2006.
5. Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 3, 2007.
6. Report on Form 8-K, filed on January 17, 2007.
7. Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 6, 2007.
8. Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 7, 2007.
9. Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 12, 2007.

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10. Report on Form 8-K, filed on February 20, 2007.
11. Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 14, 2007.
12. Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 21, 2007.
13. Report on Form 8-K, filed on March 22, 2007.
14. Reports on Form 8-K, filed on March 27, 2007.
15. A description of our common stock is contained in our registration statement on Form 8-A (Registration No. 333-39752) filed on August 9, 2000.

You may request, and we will provide you with, a copy of these filings, at no cost, by calling us at (650) 513-7000 or by writing to us at the following address:

Equinix, Inc.
301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor
Foster City, CA 94404
Attn: Investor Relations

\$200,000,000

Equinix, Inc.

% Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012



PROSPECTUS

March , 2007

Sole Book-Running Manager

Citigroup

PART II
INFORMATION NOT REQUIRED IN PROSPECTUS

Item 14. Other Expenses of Issuance and Distribution.

The following table sets forth all expenses, other than the underwriting discounts and commissions, payable by the Registrant in connection with the sale of the common stock being registered. All the amounts shown are estimates except for the registration fee.

Securities and Exchange Commission Registration Fee	\$ 7,061
Legal Fees and Expenses	327,500
Accounting Fees and Expenses	150,000
Transfer Agent and Registrar Fees	11,000
Printing and Engraving Expenses	100,000
Miscellaneous	4,439
Total	<u>\$ 600,000</u>

Item 15. Indemnification of Officers and Directors.

Section 145 of the Delaware General Corporation Law authorizes a court to award or a corporation's board of directors to grant indemnification to directors and officers in terms sufficiently broad to permit such indemnification under certain circumstances for liabilities (including reimbursement for expenses incurred) arising under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Act"). Article VI of the Registrant's Bylaws provides for mandatory indemnification of its directors and officers and those serving at the Registrant's request as directors, officers, employees or agents of other organizations to the maximum extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law. The Registrant's Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation provides that, pursuant to Delaware law, its directors shall not be liable for monetary damages for breach of the directors' fiduciary duty as directors to the Registrant and its stockholders. This provision in the Amended and Restated Certificate of Incorporation does not eliminate the directors' fiduciary duty, and in appropriate circumstances equitable remedies such as injunctive or other forms of non-monetary relief will remain available under Delaware law. In addition, each director will continue to be subject to liability for breach of the director's duty of loyalty to the Registrant for acts or omissions not in good faith or involving intentional misconduct or knowing violations of law, for actions leading to improper personal benefit to the director, and for payment of dividends or approval of stock repurchases or redemptions that are unlawful under Delaware law. The provision also does not affect a director's responsibilities under any other law, such as the federal securities laws or state or federal environmental laws. The Registrant has entered into indemnification agreements with its officers and directors. The indemnification agreements provide the Registrant's officers and directors with further indemnification to the maximum extent permitted by the Delaware General Corporation Law. The Registrant maintains liability insurance for its directors and officers.

Item 16. Exhibits.

(23) *Exhibits*

Exhibit Number	Exhibit Description
1.1	Form of Underwriting Agreement
4.4	Form of Indenture
4.5	Form of Convertible Subordinated Note due 2012 (see exhibit 4.4)
5.1	Opinion of Shearman & Sterling LLP

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<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Exhibit Description</u>
12.1	Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges
23.1	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
25.1	Form T-1 Statement of Eligibility under the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, of U.S. Bank National Association, as Trustee under the Convertible Subordinated Note Indenture for the Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012
99.1	Consent of Stephen M. Smith to the use of his name in the Registration Statement

Item 17. Undertakings.

(a) The undersigned Registrant hereby undertakes:

2. To file, during any period in which offers or sales are being made, a post-effective amendment to this registration statement:

(i) To include any prospectus required by section 10(a)(3) of the Securities Act of 1933;

(ii) To reflect in the prospectus any facts or events arising after the effective date of the registration statement (or the most recent post-effective amendment thereof) which, individually or in the aggregate, represent a fundamental change in the information set forth in the registration statement. Notwithstanding the foregoing, any increase or decrease in volume of securities offered (if the total dollar value of securities offered would not exceed that which was registered) and any deviation from the low or high end of the estimated maximum offering range may be reflected in the form of prospectus filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) if, in the aggregate, the changes in volume and price represent no more than 20% change in the maximum aggregate offering price set forth in the "Calculation of Registration Fee" table in the effective registration statement.

(iii) To include any material information with respect to the plan of distribution not previously disclosed in the registration statement or any material change to such information in the registration statement;

Provided however, that: paragraphs (a)(1)(i), (a)(1)(ii) and (a)(1)(iii) of this section do not apply if the registration statement is on Form S-3 or Form F-3 and the information required to be included in a post-effective amendment by those paragraphs is contained in reports filed with or furnished to the Commission by the registrant pursuant to section 13 or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that are incorporated by reference in the registration statement, or is contained in a form of prospectus filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) that is part of the registration statement.

3. That, for the purpose of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each such post-effective amendment shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

4. To remove from registration by means of a post-effective amendment any of the securities being registered which remain unsold at the termination of the offering.

5. That, for the purpose of determining liability under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser:

(A) Each prospectus filed by the registrant pursuant to Rule 424(b)(3) shall be deemed to be part of the registration statement as of the date the filed prospectus was deemed part of and included in the registration statement; and

(B) Each prospectus required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424(b)(2), (b)(5), or (b)(7) as part of a registration statement in reliance on Rule 430B relating to an offering made pursuant to Rule 415(a)(1)(i), (vii), or (x) for the purpose of providing the information required by section 10(a) of the Securities Act of 1933 shall be deemed to be part of and included in the registration statement as of the earlier of the date

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such form of prospectus is first used after effectiveness or the date of the first contract of sale of securities in the offering described in the prospectus. As provided in Rule 430B, for liability purposes of the issuer and any person that is at that date an underwriter, such date shall be deemed to be a new effective date of the registration statement relating to the securities in the registration statement to which that prospectus relates, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof. Provided, however, that no statement made in a registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement or made in a document incorporated or deemed incorporated by reference into the registration statement or prospectus that is part of the registration statement will, as to a purchaser with a time of contract of sale prior to such effective date, supersede or modify any statement that was made in the registration statement or prospectus that was part of the registration statement or made in any such document immediately prior to such effective date; or

6. That, for the purpose of determining liability of the registrant under the Securities Act of 1933 to any purchaser in the initial distribution of the securities:

The undersigned registrant undertakes that in a primary offering of securities of the undersigned registrant pursuant to this registration statement, regardless of the underwriting method used to sell the securities to the purchaser, if the securities are offered or sold to such purchaser by means of any of the following communications, the undersigned registrant will be a seller to the purchaser and will be considered to offer or sell such securities to such purchaser:

- (i) Any preliminary prospectus or prospectus of the undersigned registrant relating to the offering required to be filed pursuant to Rule 424;
- (ii) Any free writing prospectus relating to the offering prepared by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant or used or referred to by the undersigned registrant;
- (iii) The portion of any other free writing prospectus relating to the offering containing material information about the undersigned registrant or its securities provided by or on behalf of the undersigned registrant; and
- (iv) Any other communication that is an offer in the offering made by the undersigned registrant to the purchaser.

(6) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes that, for purposes of determining any liability under the Securities Act of 1933, each filing of the registrant's annual report pursuant to section 13(a) or section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (and, where applicable, each filing of an employee benefit plan's annual report pursuant to section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934) that is incorporated by reference in the registration statement shall be deemed to be a new registration statement relating to the securities offered therein, and the offering of such securities at that time shall be deemed to be the initial bona fide offering thereof.

(7) Insofar as indemnification for liabilities arising under the Securities Act of 1933 may be permitted to directors, officers and controlling persons of the registrant pursuant to the foregoing provisions, or otherwise, the registrant has been advised that in the opinion of the Securities and Exchange Commission such indemnification is against public policy as expressed in the Act and is, therefore, unenforceable. In the event that a claim for indemnification against such liabilities (other than the payment by the registrant of expenses incurred or paid by a director, officer or controlling person of the registrant in the successful defense of any action, suit or proceeding) is asserted by such director, officer or controlling person in connection with the securities being registered, the registrant will, unless in the opinion of its counsel the matter has been settled by controlling precedent, submit to a court of appropriate jurisdiction the question whether such indemnification by it is against public policy as expressed in the Act and will be governed by the final adjudication of such issue.

(8) The undersigned registrant hereby undertakes to file an application for the purpose of determining the eligibility of the trustee to act under subsection (a) of section 310 of the Trust Indenture Act ("Act") in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the Commission under section 305(b)2 of the Act.

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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Equinix, Inc.
[·]% Convertible Notes Due [·], 2012
Underwriting Agreement

New York, New York
[·], 2007

To the Representatives named in Schedule I hereto of the several Underwriters named in Schedule II hereto

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Equinix, Inc., a corporation organized under the laws of Delaware (the “Company”), proposes to sell to the several underwriters named in Schedule II hereto (the “Underwriters”), for whom you (the “Representatives”) are acting as representatives, the principal amount of its securities identified in Schedule I hereto (the “Underwritten Securities”). The Company also proposes to grant to the Underwriters an option to purchase up to an additional principal amount of securities set forth in Schedule I hereto to cover over-allotments (the “Option Securities”; the Option Securities, together with the Underwritten Securities, hereinafter called the “Securities”). The Securities are convertible into shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share (the “Common Stock”), of the Company at the conversion rate set forth in the Final Prospectus. The Securities are to be issued under an indenture (the “Indenture”) dated as of [·], 2007, between the Company and [·], as trustee (the “Trustee”). To the extent there are no additional Underwriters listed on Schedule I other than you, the term Representatives as used herein shall mean you, as Underwriters, and the terms Representatives and Underwriters shall mean either the singular or plural as the context requires. Any reference herein to the Registration Statement, the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Final Prospectus shall be deemed to refer to and include the documents incorporated by reference therein pursuant to Item 12 of Form S-3 which were filed under the Exchange Act on or before the Effective Date of the Registration Statement or the issue date of the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Final Prospectus, as the case may be; and any reference herein to the terms “amend,” “amendment” or “supplement” with respect to the Registration Statement, the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Final Prospectus shall be deemed to refer to and include the filing of any document under the Exchange Act after the Effective Date of the Registration Statement or the issue date of the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus or the Final Prospectus, as the case may be, deemed to be incorporated therein by reference. Certain terms used herein are defined in Section 20 hereof.

1. Representations and Warranties. The Company represents and warrants to, and agrees with, each Underwriter as set forth below in this Section 1.

(a) The Company meets the requirements for use of Form S-3 under the Act and has prepared and filed with the Commission an automatic shelf registration statement, as defined in Rule 405. Such Registration Statement, including any amendments thereto filed prior to the Execution Time, became effective upon filing. The Company may have filed with the Commission, as part of an amendment to the Registration Statement or pursuant to Rule 424(b), one or more preliminary prospectus supplements relating to the Securities, each of which has previously been furnished to you. The Company will file with the Commission a final prospectus supplement relating to the Securities in accordance with Rule 424(b). As filed, such final prospectus supplement shall contain all information required by the Act and the rules thereunder, and, except to the extent the Representatives shall agree in writing to a modification, shall be in all substantive respects in the form furnished to you prior to the Execution Time or, to the extent not completed at the Execution Time, shall contain only such specific additional information and other changes (beyond that contained in the Base Prospectus and any Preliminary Prospectus) as the Company has advised you, prior to the Execution Time, will be included or made therein. The Registration Statement, at the Execution Time, meets the requirements set forth in Rule 415(a)(1)(x).

(b) On each Effective Date, the Registration Statement did, and when the Final Prospectus is first filed in accordance with Rule 424(b) and on the Closing Date (as defined herein) and on any date on which Option Securities are purchased, if such date is not the Closing Date (a "settlement date"), the Final Prospectus (and any supplement thereto) will, comply in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Act, the Exchange Act and the Trust Indenture Act and the respective rules thereunder; on each Effective Date and at the Execution Time, the Registration Statement did not and will not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein not misleading; on the Effective Date and on the Closing Date the Indenture did or will comply in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Trust Indenture Act and the rules thereunder; and on the date of any filing pursuant to Rule 424(b) and on the Closing Date and any settlement date, the Final Prospectus (together with any supplement thereto) will not, include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided, however, that the Company makes no representations or warranties as to (i) that part of the Registration Statement which shall constitute the Statement of Eligibility and Qualification (Form T-1) under the Trust Indenture Act of the Trustee or (ii) the information contained in or omitted from the Registration Statement or the Final Prospectus (or any supplement thereto) in reliance upon and in conformity with information furnished in writing to the Company by or on behalf of any Underwriter through the Representatives specifically for inclusion in the Registration Statement or the Final Prospectus (or any supplement thereto), it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by or on behalf of any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 8 hereof.

(c)(i) The Disclosure Package, and (ii) each electronic road show when taken together as a whole with the Disclosure Package, does not contain any untrue statement

of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The preceding sentence does not apply to statements in or omissions from the Disclosure Package based upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by any Underwriter through the Representatives specifically for use therein, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by or on behalf of any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 8 hereof.

(d) (i) At the time of filing the Registration Statement, (ii) at the time of the most recent amendment thereto for the purposes of complying with Section 10(a)(3) of the Act (whether such amendment was by post-effective amendment, incorporated report filed pursuant to Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act or form of prospectus), (iii) at the time the Company or any person acting on its behalf (within the meaning, for this clause only, of Rule 163(c)) made any offer relating to the Securities in reliance on the exemption in Rule 163, and (iv) at the Execution Time (with such date being used as the determination date for purposes of this clause (iv)), the Company was or is (as the case may be) a “well-known seasoned issuer” as defined in Rule 405. The Company agrees to pay the fees required by the Commission relating to the Securities within the time required by Rule 456(b)(1) without regard to the proviso therein and otherwise in accordance with Rules 456(b) and 457(r).

(e)(i) At the earliest time after the filing of the Registration Statement that the Company or another offering participant made *abona fide* offer (within the meaning of Rule 164(h)(2)) of the Securities and (ii) as of the Execution Time (with such date being used as the determination date for purposes of this clause (ii)), the Company was not and is not an Ineligible Issuer (as defined in Rule 405), without taking account of any determination by the Commission pursuant to Rule 405 that it is not necessary that the Company be considered an Ineligible Issuer.

(f) Each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and the final term sheet prepared and filed pursuant to Section 5(b) hereto does not include any information that conflicts with the information contained in the Registration Statement, including any document incorporated by reference therein and any prospectus supplement deemed to be a part thereof that has not been superseded or modified. The foregoing sentence does not apply to statements in or omissions from any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus based upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by any Underwriter through the Representatives specifically for use therein, it being understood and agreed that the only such information furnished by or on behalf of any Underwriter consists of the information described as such in Section 8 hereof.

(g) The Company has been duly incorporated and is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of State of Delaware, with power and authority (corporate and other) to own its properties and conduct its business as described in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus; and the Company is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation in good standing in all other jurisdictions in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of its business requires such qualification, except to the

extent that the failure to be so qualified or in good standing would not have a material adverse effect on the condition (financial or other), business, properties or results of operations of the Company and the Subsidiaries (as defined below) taken as a whole (each, a “Company Material Adverse Effect”).

(h) Equinix Operating Co., Inc., Equinix Pacific, Inc., Equinix RP II LLC, Equinix RP, Inc., Equinix Japan KK, Equinix Hong Kong Ltd., Equinix Singapore Holdings Pte Ltd and Equinix Singapore Pte Ltd (each a “Subsidiary” and, together, the “Subsidiaries”) are the subsidiaries of the Company that are material to the business of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole. Each of the Subsidiaries has been duly incorporated and is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation, with power and authority (corporate and other) to own its properties and conduct its business as described in the Disclosure Package and the Prospectus; and each Subsidiary is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation in good standing in all other jurisdictions in which its ownership or lease of property or the conduct of its business requires such qualification except to the extent that the failure to be so qualified or in good standing would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect; all of the issued and outstanding capital stock of each subsidiary of the Company has been duly authorized and validly issued and is fully paid and nonassessable. The Company owns all of the shares of capital stock of each subsidiary of the Company, directly or through subsidiaries, free from liens, encumbrances and defects. In addition, each of Equinix Europe, Inc., Equinix Cayman Islands Holdings, Equinix Dutch Holdings N.V., Equinix Netherlands B.V., Equinix Pacific Pte Ltd, Equinix Asia Pacific Pte Ltd, Equinix RP, Inc. and CHI 3 LLC (the “Other Subsidiaries”), individually do not constitute a “significant subsidiary,” as defined by Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X; however, when taken together, do constitute a “significant subsidiary” as defined by Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X. The Subsidiaries are the only significant subsidiaries of the Company as defined by Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X, and all subsidiaries (excluding the “Subsidiaries” and the Other Subsidiaries), when taken together, do not constitute a “significant subsidiary” as defined by Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X.

(i) The authorized capital stock of the Company conforms as to legal matters to the description thereof contained in, as applicable, the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus. All outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company have been duly authorized and validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and conform as to legal matters to the description thereof contained in or incorporated by reference into, as applicable, the Preliminary Prospectus and the Final Prospectus; and the stockholders of the Company have no preemptive rights with respect to the Securities. Except as set forth in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries has outstanding any options to purchase, or any preemptive rights or other rights to subscribe for or to purchase, any securities or obligations convertible into, or any contracts or commitments to issue or sell, shares of its capital stock or any such options, rights, convertible securities or obligations. All outstanding shares of capital stock and options and other rights to acquire capital stock have been issued in compliance with the registration and qualification provisions of all applicable securities laws and were not issued in violation of any preemptive rights, rights of first refusal or other similar rights.

(j) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings between the Company and any person that would give rise to a valid claim against the Company or any Underwriter for a brokerage commission, finder's fee or other like payment as a result of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement.

(k) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus or as have been validly waived, there are no contracts, agreements or understandings involving the Company granting to any person the right to require the Company to file a registration statement under the Act with respect to any securities of the Company owned or to be owned by such person or to require the Company to include such securities in the securities registered pursuant to the Registration Statement or in any securities being registered pursuant to any other registration statement filed by the Company under the Act.

(l) The Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered, has been duly qualified under the Trust Indenture Act, and constitutes a legal, valid and binding instrument enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms (subject, as to enforcement of remedies, to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium or other laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and to general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law) and the Securities will be convertible into Common Stock in accordance with their terms; the Securities have been duly authorized and, when executed and authenticated in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and delivered to and paid for by the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company entitled to the benefits of the Indenture; and the statements set forth under the headings "Description of Notes" and "Description of Capital Stock" in the Preliminary Prospectus and the Final Prospectus, insofar as such statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Securities, the Indenture, and the Common Stock, provide a fair summary of such provisions.

(m) No consent, approval, authorization, or order of, or filing with, any governmental agency or body or any court is required to be obtained or made by the Company for the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except such as have been obtained and made under the Act, the Exchange Act, the Trust Indenture Act, or state securities or blue sky laws in connection with the offer and sale of the Securities.

(n) The execution and delivery by the Company of, and performance by the Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the Indenture, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein and therein will not result in a material breach or material violation of any of the terms and provisions of, or constitute a material default under, any statute, any rule, regulation or order of any governmental agency or body or any court, domestic or foreign, having jurisdiction over the Company or any of the Subsidiaries or any of their properties, or any agreement or instrument to which the Company or any such Subsidiary is a party or by which the Company or any

such Subsidiary is bound or to which any of the properties of the Company or any such Subsidiary is subject (except a breach or violation that would not have a Material Adverse Effect on the execution and delivery by the Company of, and performance by the Company of its obligations under, this Agreement and the Indenture, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein and therein), or the charter or by-laws of the Company or any such Subsidiary.

(o) This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company.

(p) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, the Company and the Subsidiaries have good and marketable title to all real properties and all other properties and assets owned by them, in each case free from liens, encumbrances and defects that would materially affect the value thereof or materially interfere with the use made or to be made thereof by them; and the Company and its Subsidiaries hold any leased real or personal property under valid and enforceable leases with no exceptions that would materially interfere with the use made or to be made thereof by them.

(q) The Company and the Subsidiaries possess adequate certificates, authorities or permits issued by appropriate governmental agencies or bodies necessary to conduct the business now operated by them and have not received any notice of proceedings relating to the revocation or modification of any such certificate, authority or permit that, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its subsidiaries, would individually or in the aggregate have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(r) No labor dispute with the employees of the Company or any of the Subsidiaries exists or, to the knowledge of the Company, is imminent that might have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(s) The Company and the Subsidiaries own, possess or can acquire on reasonable terms, adequate trademarks, trade names and other rights to inventions, know-how, patents, copyrights, confidential information and other intellectual property (collectively, the "Intellectual Property Rights") necessary to conduct the business now operated by them, or presently employed by them, and have not received any notice of infringement of or conflict with asserted rights of others with respect to any Intellectual Property Rights that, if determined adversely to the Company or any of the Subsidiaries, would individually or in the aggregate have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(t) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries (A) is in violation of any statute, any rule, regulation, decision or order of any governmental agency or body or any court, domestic or foreign, relating to the use, disposal or release of hazardous or toxic substances or relating to the protection or restoration of the environment or human exposure to hazardous or toxic substances (collectively, the "Environmental Laws"), (B) owns leases or operates any real property contaminated with any substance that is subject to any Environmental Laws, (C) is liable for any off-site disposal or contamination

pursuant to any Environmental Laws, or (D) is subject to any claim relating to any Environmental Laws, in each case which violation, contamination, liability or claim would individually or in the aggregate have a Company Material Adverse Effect; and the Company is not aware of any pending or threatened investigation which is reasonably expected to lead to such a claim. Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, there are no costs or liabilities associated with Environmental Laws (including, without limitation, any capital or operating expenditures required for clean-up, closure of properties or compliance with Environmental Laws or any permit, license or approval, any related constraints on operating activities and any potential liabilities to third parties) that might have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(u) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, there are no pending actions, suits or proceedings against or affecting the Company, any of the Subsidiaries or any of their respective properties that, if determined adversely to the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, would individually or in the aggregate have a Company Material Adverse Effect, or would materially and adversely affect the ability of the Company to perform its obligations under this Agreement, or which are otherwise material in the context of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement; and no such actions, suits or proceedings are threatened or, to the Company's knowledge, contemplated.

(v) The financial statements included in the Preliminary Prospectus, the Prospectus and the Registration Statement present fairly the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of the dates shown and their consolidated statements of operations and cash flows for the periods shown, and such financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the generally accepted accounting principles in the United States applied on a consistent basis and the schedules included in the Registration Statement present fairly the information required to be stated therein.

(w) Except as disclosed in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, since the date of the latest audited financial statements included in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (i) there has not occurred any Company Material Adverse Effect, or any development or event that would reasonably be expected to involve a prospective Company Material Adverse Effect, and (ii) there has been no dividend or distribution of any kind declared, paid or made by the Company on any class of its capital stock.

(x) Neither the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries is currently in breach of, or in default under, any other written agreement or instrument to which it or its property is bound or affected except to the extent that such breach or default would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(y) The documents incorporated by reference into the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, when they were filed (or, if any amendment with respect to any such document was filed, when such amendment was filed), conformed in all material respects with the requirements of the Exchange Act; and any further such documents incorporated by reference will, when they are filed, conform in all material respects with the requirements of the Exchange Act.

(z) The Company and each of the Subsidiaries is insured by insurers of recognized financial responsibility against such losses and risks and in such amounts as are prudent and customary in the businesses in which they are engaged; neither the Company nor any such Subsidiary has been refused any insurance coverage sought or applied for; and neither the Company nor any such Subsidiary has any reason to believe, absent a significant change in overall insurance market conditions, that it will not be able to renew its existing insurance coverage as and when such coverage expires or to obtain similar coverage from similar insurers as may be necessary to continue its business at a cost that would not have a Company Material Adverse Effect.

(aa) The accountants who certified the financial statements and supporting schedules included in the Registration Statement are independent registered public accountants as required by the Act.

(bb) The Company and each of the Subsidiaries maintain a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide reasonable assurance that: (A) transactions are executed in accordance with management's general or specific authorizations; (B) transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and to maintain asset accountability; (C) access to assets is permitted only in accordance with management's general or specific authorization; and (D) the recorded accountability for assets is compared with the existing assets at reasonable intervals and appropriate action is taken with respect to any differences; the Company and its subsidiaries' internal controls over financial reporting are effective and the Company and its subsidiaries are not aware of any material weakness in their internal controls over financial reporting.

(cc) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is aware of or has taken any action, directly or indirectly, that would result in a violation by such persons of the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act of 1977, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder (the "FCPA"), including, without limitation, making use of the mails or any means or instrumentality of interstate commerce corruptly in furtherance of an offer, payment, promise to pay or authorization of the payment of any money, or other property, gift, promise to give, or authorization of the giving of anything of value to any "foreign official" (as such term is defined in the FCPA) or any foreign political party or official thereof or any candidate for foreign political office, in contravention of the FCPA; and the Company, its subsidiaries and, to the knowledge of the Company, its affiliates have conducted their businesses in compliance with the FCPA and have instituted and maintain policies and procedures designed to ensure, and which are reasonably expected to continue to ensure, continued compliance therewith.

(dd) The operations of the Company and its subsidiaries are and have been conducted at all times in compliance with applicable financial recordkeeping and reporting requirements and the money laundering statutes and the rules and regulations

thereunder and any related or similar rules, regulations or guidelines, issued, administered or enforced by any governmental agency (collectively, the “Money Laundering Laws”) and no action, suit or proceeding by or before any court or governmental agency, authority or body or any arbitrator involving the Company or any of its subsidiaries with respect to the Money Laundering Laws is pending or, to the best knowledge of the Company, threatened.

(ee) Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries nor, to the knowledge of the Company, any director, officer, agent, employee or affiliate of the Company or any of its subsidiaries is currently subject to any sanctions administered by the Office of Foreign Assets Control of the U.S. Treasury Department (“OFAC”); and the Company will not directly or indirectly use the proceeds of the offering, or lend, contribute or otherwise make available such proceeds to any subsidiary, joint venture partner or other person or entity, for the purpose of financing the activities of any person currently subject to any U.S. sanctions administered by OFAC.

(ff) None of the Company nor any of the Subsidiaries has taken, directly or indirectly, any action designed to, or that might reasonably be expected to, cause or result in stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Securities. Except as permitted by the Act and the Investment Company Act, the Company has not distributed any registration statement, preliminary prospectus, prospectus or other offering material in connection with the offering and sale of the Securities.

(gg) The Company is subject to the reporting requirements of either Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Exchange Act and files reports with the Commission on the Electronic Data Gathering, Analysis and Retrieval (“EDGAR”) system.

(hh) The Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Securities and the application of the proceeds thereof as described in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, will not be, an “investment company” as defined in the Investment Company Act.

Any certificate signed by any officer of the Company and delivered to the Representatives or counsel for the Underwriters in connection with the offering of the Securities shall be deemed a representation and warranty by the Company, as to matters covered thereby, to each Underwriter.

2. Purchase and Sale. (a) Subject to the terms and conditions and in reliance upon the representations and warranties herein set forth, the Company agrees to sell to each Underwriter, and each Underwriter agrees, severally and not jointly, to purchase from the Company, at the purchase price set forth in Schedule I hereto the principal amount of the Securities set forth opposite such Underwriter’s name in Schedule II hereto.

(b) Subject to the terms and conditions and in reliance upon the representations and warranties herein set forth, the Company hereby grants an option to the several

Underwriters to purchase, severally and not jointly, up to the principal amount of Option Securities set forth in Schedule I hereto at the same purchase price set forth in Schedule I hereto for the Underwritten Securities. Said option may be exercised only to cover over-allotments in the sale of the Underwritten Securities by the Underwriters. Said option may be exercised in whole or in part at any time on or before the 30th day after the date of the Prospectus upon written or telegraphic notice by the Representatives to the Company setting forth the aggregate principal amount of the Option Securities as to which the several Underwriters are exercising the option and the settlement date. The aggregate principal amount of Option Securities to be purchased by each Underwriter shall be the same percentage of the total aggregate principal amount of the Option Securities to be purchased by the several Underwriters as such Underwriter is purchasing of the Underwritten Securities, subject to such adjustments as you in your absolute discretion shall make to ensure that the Option Securities are not issued in minimum denominations of less than \$1,000 or whole multiples thereof.

3. Delivery and Payment. Delivery of and payment for the Underwritten Securities and the Option Securities (if the option provided for in Section 2(b) hereof shall have been exercised on or before the third Business Day immediately preceding the Closing Date) shall be made on the date and at the time specified in Schedule I hereto or at such time on such later date not more than three Business Days after the foregoing date as the Representatives shall designate, which date and time may be postponed by agreement between the Representatives and the Company or as provided in Section 9 hereof (such date and time of delivery and payment for the Securities being herein called the "Closing Date"). Delivery of the Securities shall be made to the Representatives for the respective accounts of the several Underwriters against payment by the several Underwriters through the Representatives of the purchase price thereof to or upon the order of the Company by wire transfer payable in same-day funds to an account specified by the Company. Delivery of the Underwritten Securities and the Option Securities shall be made through the facilities of The Depository Trust Company unless the Representatives shall otherwise instruct.

If the option provided for in Section 2(b) hereof is exercised after the third Business Day immediately preceding the Closing Date, the Company will deliver the Option Securities (at the expense of the Company) to the Representatives, at 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York, on the date specified by the Representatives (which shall be within three Business Days after exercise of said option) for the respective accounts of the several Underwriters, against payment by the several Underwriters through the Representatives of the purchase price thereof to or upon the order of the Company by wire transfer payable in same-day funds to an account specified by the Company. If settlement for the Option Securities occurs after the Closing Date, the Company will deliver to the Representatives on the settlement date for the Option Securities, and the obligation of the Underwriters to purchase the Option Securities shall be conditioned upon receipt of, supplemental opinions, certificates and letters confirming as of such date the opinions, certificates and letters delivered on the Closing Date pursuant to Section 6 hereof.

4. Offering by Underwriters. It is understood that the several Underwriters propose to offer the Securities for sale to the public as set forth in the Final Prospectus.

5. Agreements. The Company agrees with the several Underwriters that:

(a) Prior to the termination of the offering of the Securities, the Company will not file any amendment of the Registration Statement or supplement to the Base Prospectus (including the Final Prospectus or any Preliminary Prospectus). The Company will cause the Final Prospectus, properly completed, and any supplement thereto to be filed in a form approved by the Representatives with the Commission pursuant to the applicable paragraph of Rule 424(b) within the time period prescribed and will provide evidence satisfactory to the Representatives of such timely filing. The Company will promptly advise the Representatives (i) when the Final Prospectus, and any supplement thereto, shall have been filed (if required) with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b), (ii) when, prior to termination of the offering of the Securities, any amendment to the Registration Statement shall have been filed or become effective, (iii) of any request by the Commission or its staff for any amendment of the Registration Statement, or for any supplement to the Final Prospectus or for any additional information, (iv) of the issuance by the Commission of any stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or of any notice objecting to its use or the institution or threatening of any proceeding for that purpose and (v) of the receipt by the Company of any notification with respect to the suspension of the qualification of the Securities for sale in any jurisdiction or the institution or threatening of any proceeding for such purpose. The Company will use its reasonable best efforts to prevent the issuance of any such stop order or the occurrence of any such suspension or objection to the use of the Registration Statement and, upon such issuance, occurrence or notice of objection, to obtain as soon as possible the withdrawal of such stop order or relief from such occurrence or objection, including, if necessary, by filing an amendment to the Registration Statement or a new registration statement and using its reasonable best efforts to have such amendment or new registration statement declared effective as soon as practicable.

(b) The Company will prepare a final term sheet, containing solely a description of final terms of the Securities and the offering thereof, in the form approved by you and attached as Schedule IV hereto and file such term sheet pursuant to Rule 433(d) within the time required by such Rule.

(c) If, at any time prior to the filing of the Final Prospectus pursuant to Rule 424(b), any event occurs as a result of which the Disclosure Package would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein in the light of the circumstances under which they were made or the circumstances then prevailing not misleading, the Company will (i) notify promptly the Representatives so that any use of the Disclosure Package may cease until it is amended or supplemented; (ii) amend or supplement the Disclosure Package to correct such statement or omission; and (iii) supply any amendment or supplement to you in such quantities as you may reasonably request.

(d) If, at any time when a prospectus relating to the Securities is required to be delivered under the Act (including in circumstances where such requirement may be satisfied pursuant to Rule 172), any event occurs as a result of which the Final Prospectus

as then supplemented would include any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein in the light of the circumstances under which they were made at such time not misleading, or if it shall be necessary to amend the Registration Statement, file a new registration statement or supplement the Final Prospectus to comply with the Act or the Exchange Act or the respective rules thereunder, including in connection with use or delivery of the Final Prospectus, the Company promptly will (i) notify the Representatives of any such event, (ii) prepare and file with the Commission, subject to the second sentence of paragraph (a) of this Section 5, an amendment or supplement or new registration statement which will correct such statement or omission or effect such compliance, (iii) use its reasonable best efforts to have any amendment to the Registration Statement or new registration statement declared effective as soon as practicable in order to avoid any disruption in use of the Final Prospectus and (iv) supply any supplemented Final Prospectus to you in such quantities as you may reasonably request.

(e) As soon as practicable, the Company will make generally available to its security holders and to the Representatives an earnings statement or statements of the Company and its subsidiaries which will satisfy the provisions of Section 11(a) of the Act and Rule 158.

(f) The Company will furnish to the Representatives, without charge, signed copies of the Registration Statement (including exhibits thereto) and to each other Underwriter a copy of the Registration Statement (without exhibits thereto) and, so long as delivery of a prospectus by an Underwriter or dealer may be required by the Act (including in circumstances where such requirement may be satisfied pursuant to Rule 172), as many copies of each Preliminary Prospectus, the Final Prospectus and each Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and any supplement thereto as the Representatives may reasonably request.

(g) The Company will arrange, if necessary, for the qualification of the Securities for sale under the laws of such jurisdictions as the Representatives may designate and will maintain such qualifications in effect so long as required for the distribution of the Securities; provided that in no event shall the Company be obligated to qualify to do business in any jurisdiction where it is not now so qualified or to take any action that would subject it to service of process in suits, other than those arising out of the offering or sale of the Securities, in any jurisdiction where it is not now so subject.

(h) The Company agrees that, unless it has or shall have obtained the prior written consent of the Representatives, and each Underwriter, severally and not jointly, agrees with the Company that, unless it has or shall have obtained, as the case may be, the prior written consent of the Company, it has not made and will not make any offer relating to the Securities that would constitute an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or that would otherwise constitute a "free writing prospectus" (as defined in Rule 405) required to be filed by the Company with the Commission or retained by the Company under Rule 433, other than the free writing prospectus containing the information contained in the final term sheet prepared and filed pursuant to Section 5(b) hereto; provided that the prior written consent of the parties hereto shall be deemed to have been given in respect of the

Free Writing Prospectuses included in Schedule III hereto and any electronic road show. Any such free writing prospectus consented to by the Representatives or the Company is hereinafter referred to as a "Permitted Free Writing Prospectus." The Company agrees that (x) it has treated and will treat, as the case may be, each Permitted Free Writing Prospectus as an Issuer Free Writing Prospectus and (y) it has complied and will comply, as the case may be, with the requirements of Rules 164 and 433 applicable to any Permitted Free Writing Prospectus, including in respect of timely filing with the Commission, legending and record keeping.

(i) The Company will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge, or otherwise dispose of (or enter into any transaction which is designed to, or might reasonably be expected to, result in the disposition (whether by actual disposition or effective economic disposition due to cash settlement or otherwise) by the Company or any affiliate of the Company), directly or indirectly, including the filing (or participation in the filing) of a registration statement with the Commission in respect of, or establish or increase a put equivalent position or liquidate or decrease a call equivalent position within the meaning of Section 16 of the Exchange Act, any shares of Common Stock or any securities convertible into, or exercisable, or exchangeable for, shares of Common Stock; or publicly announce an intention to effect any such transaction, until the 90th day after the date of this Agreement, provided, however, that the Company may issue and sell Common Stock pursuant to any employee stock option plan, stock ownership plan or dividend reinvestment plan of the Company in effect at the Execution Time and the Company may issue Common Stock issuable upon the conversion of securities or the exercise of warrants outstanding at the Execution Time.

(j) The Company will not take, directly or indirectly, any action designed to or that would constitute or that might reasonably be expected to cause or result in, under the Exchange Act or otherwise, stabilization or manipulation of the price of any security of the Company to facilitate the sale or resale of the Securities.

(k) The Company will reserve and keep available at all times, free of preemptive rights, the full number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Securities.

(l) Between the date hereof and the Closing Date, the Company will not do or authorize any act or thing that would result in an adjustment of the conversion price.

(m) The Company agrees to pay the costs and expenses relating to the following matters: (i) the preparation, printing, authentication, issuance and delivery of certificates for the Securities, including any stamp or transfer taxes in connection with the original issuance and sale of the Securities; (ii) the printing (or reproduction) and delivery of this Agreement, any blue sky memorandum and all other agreements or documents printed (or reproduced) and delivered in connection with the offering of the Securities; (iii) the registration of the Securities under the Exchange Act; (iv) any registration or qualification of the Securities for offer and sale under the securities or blue sky laws of the several states (including filing fees and the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel)

for the Underwriters relating to such registration and qualification); (v) any filings required to be made with the NASD, Inc. (including filing fees and the reasonable fees and expenses of counsel for the Underwriters relating to such filings); (vi) the transportation and other expenses incurred by or on behalf of Company representatives (but not the Underwriters) in connection with presentations to prospective purchasers of the Securities; (vii) the fees and expenses of the Company's accountants and the fees and expenses of counsel (including local and special counsel) for the Company; and (viii) all other costs and expenses incident to the performance by the Company of its obligations hereunder.

6. Conditions to the Obligations of the Underwriters. The obligations of the Underwriters to purchase the Underwritten Securities and the Option Securities, as the case may be, shall be subject to the accuracy of the representations and warranties on the part of the Company contained herein as of the Execution Time, the Closing Date and any settlement date pursuant to Section 3 hereof, to the accuracy of the statements of the Company made in any certificates pursuant to the provisions hereof, to the performance by the Company of its obligations hereunder and to the following additional conditions:

(a) The Final Prospectus, and any supplement thereto, have been filed in the manner and within the time period required by Rule 424(b); the final term sheet contemplated by Section 5(b) hereto and any other material required to be filed by the Company pursuant to Rule 433(d) under the Act shall have been filed with the Commission within the applicable time periods prescribed for such filings by Rule 433; and no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any notice objecting to its use shall have been issued and no proceedings for that purpose shall have been instituted or threatened.

(b) The Representatives shall have received from Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian, LLP, counsel for the Company, such opinion, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representatives, to the effect set forth on Exhibit B hereto, of Brandi Galvin Morandi to the effect set forth on Exhibit C hereto and of Shearman & Sterling LLP to the effect set forth on Exhibit E hereto.

(c) The Representatives shall have received from Davis Polk & Wardwell, counsel for the Underwriters, such opinion or opinions, dated the Closing Date and addressed to the Representatives, with respect such matters as the Representatives may reasonably require, and the Company shall have furnished to such counsel such documents as they reasonably request for the purpose of enabling them to pass upon such matters.

(d) The Company shall have furnished to the Representatives a certificate of the Company, signed by the Chairman of the Board or the President and the principal financial or accounting officer of the Company, dated the Closing Date, to the effect that:

(i) the representations and warranties of the Company in this Agreement are true and correct on and as of the Closing Date with the same effect as if made on the Closing Date and the Company has complied with all the agreements and satisfied all the conditions on its part to be performed or satisfied at or prior to the Closing Date;

(ii) no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any notice objecting to its use has been issued and no proceedings for that purpose have been instituted or, to the Company's knowledge, threatened; and

(iii) since the date of the most recent financial statements included in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any supplement thereto), there has been no material adverse effect on the condition (financial or other), business, properties or results of operation of the Company and the Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, except as set forth in or contemplated in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any supplement thereto).

(e) The Representatives shall have received from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, at the Execution Time and at the Closing Date, "comfort" letters (which may refer to letters previously delivered to one or more of the Representatives), dated respectively as of the Execution Time and as of the Closing Date, in form and substance satisfactory to the Representatives, confirming that they are an independent registered accounting firm with respect to the Company within the meaning of the Act and the applicable rules and regulations adopted by the Commission and the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) substantially in the form of Exhibit D hereto.

(f) Subsequent to the Execution Time or, if earlier, the dates as of which information is given in the Registration Statement (exclusive of any amendment thereof) and the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any amendment or supplement thereto), there shall not have been (i) any change or decrease specified in the letter or letters referred to in paragraph (e) of this Section 6 or (ii) any change, or any development involving a prospective change, in or affecting the condition (financial or otherwise), earnings, business or properties of the Company and its subsidiaries taken as a whole, whether or not arising from transactions in the ordinary course of business, except as set forth in or contemplated in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any amendment or supplement thereto) the effect of which, in any case referred to in clause (i) or (ii) above, is, in the sole judgment of the Representatives, so material and adverse as to make it impractical or inadvisable to proceed with the offering or delivery of the Securities as contemplated by the Registration Statement (exclusive of any amendment thereof), the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any amendment or supplement thereto).

(g) Subsequent to the Execution Time, there shall not have been any decrease in the rating of any of the Company's debt securities by any "nationally recognized statistical rating organization" (as defined for purposes of Rule 436(g) under the Act) or any notice given of any intended or potential decrease in any such rating or of a possible change in any such rating that does not indicate the direction of the possible change.

(h) Prior to the Closing Date, the Company shall have furnished to the Representatives such further information, certificates and documents as the Representatives may reasonably request.

(i) At or prior to the Execution Time, the Company shall have furnished to the Representatives a letter substantially in the form of Exhibit A hereto from each Section 16 officer and director of the Company addressed to the Representatives.

If any of the conditions specified in this Section 6 shall not have been fulfilled when and as provided in this Agreement, or if any of the opinions and certificates mentioned above or elsewhere in this Agreement shall not be reasonably satisfactory in form and substance to the Representatives and counsel for the Underwriters, this Agreement and all obligations of the Underwriters hereunder may be canceled at, or at any time prior to, the Closing Date by the Representatives. Notice of such cancellation shall be given to the Company in writing or by telephone or facsimile confirmed in writing.

The documents required to be delivered by this Section 6 shall be delivered at the office of Davis Polk & Wardwell, counsel for the Underwriters, at 1600 El Camino Real, Menlo Park, CA 94025, on the Closing Date.

7. Reimbursement of Underwriters' Expenses. If the sale of the Securities provided for herein is not consummated because any condition to the obligations of the Underwriters set forth in Section 6 hereof is not satisfied, because of any termination pursuant to Section 10 hereof or because of any refusal, inability or failure on the part of the Company to perform any agreement herein or comply with any provision hereof other than by reason of a default by any of the Underwriters, the Company will reimburse the Underwriters severally through Citigroup Global Markets Inc. on demand for all expenses (including fees and disbursements of counsel) that shall have been reasonably incurred by them in connection with the proposed purchase and sale of the Securities.

8. Indemnification and Contribution. (a) The Company agrees to indemnify and hold harmless each Underwriter, the directors, officers, employees and agents of each Underwriter and each person who controls any Underwriter within the meaning of either the Act or the Exchange Act against any and all losses, claims, damages or liabilities, joint or several, to which they or any of them may become subject under the Act, the Exchange Act or other Federal or state statutory law or regulation, at common law or otherwise, insofar as such losses, claims, damages or liabilities (or actions in respect thereof) arise out of or are based upon any untrue statement or alleged untrue statement of a material fact contained in the registration statement for the registration of the Securities as originally filed or in any amendment thereof, or in the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus or any other preliminary prospectus supplement relating to the Securities, the Final Prospectus, any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus or the information contained in the final term sheet required to be prepared and filed pursuant to Section 5(b) hereto, or in any amendment thereof or supplement thereto, or arise out of or are based upon the omission or alleged omission to state therein a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading, and agrees to

reimburse each such indemnified party, as incurred, for any legal or other expenses reasonably incurred by them in connection with investigating or defending any such loss, claim, damage, liability or action; provided, however, that the Company will not be liable in any such case to the extent that any such loss, claim, damage or liability arises out of or is based upon any such untrue statement or alleged untrue statement or omission or alleged omission made therein in reliance upon and in conformity with written information furnished to the Company by or on behalf of any Underwriter through the Representatives specifically for inclusion therein. This indemnity agreement will be in addition to any liability which the Company may otherwise have.

(b) Each Underwriter severally and not jointly agrees to indemnify and hold harmless the Company, each of its directors, each of its officers who signs the Registration Statement, and each person who controls the Company within the meaning of either the Act or the Exchange Act, to the same extent as the foregoing indemnity from the Company to each Underwriter, but only with reference to written information relating to such Underwriter furnished to the Company by or on behalf of such Underwriter through the Representatives specifically for inclusion in the documents referred to in the foregoing indemnity. This indemnity agreement will be in addition to any liability which any Underwriter may otherwise have. The Company acknowledges that the statements set forth (i) in the last paragraph of the cover page regarding delivery of the Securities and, under the heading "Underwriting" or "Plan of Distribution", (ii) the list of Underwriters and their respective participation in the sale of the Securities, (iii) the sentences related to concessions and reallowances and (iv) the paragraph related to stabilization, syndicate covering transactions and penalty bids in any Preliminary Prospectus and the Final Prospectus constitute the only information furnished in writing by or on behalf of the several Underwriters for inclusion in any Preliminary Prospectus, the Final Prospectus or any Issuer Free Writing Prospectus.

(c) Promptly after receipt by an indemnified party under this Section 8 of notice of the commencement of any action, such indemnified party will, if a claim in respect thereof is to be made against the indemnifying party under this Section 8, notify the indemnifying party in writing of the commencement thereof; but the failure so to notify the indemnifying party (i) will not relieve it from liability under paragraph (a) or (b) above unless and to the extent it did not otherwise learn of such action and such failure results in the forfeiture by the indemnifying party of substantial rights and defenses and (ii) will not, in any event, relieve the indemnifying party from any obligations to any indemnified party other than the indemnification obligation provided in paragraph (a) or (b) above. The indemnifying party shall be entitled to appoint counsel of the indemnifying party's choice at the indemnifying party's expense to represent the indemnified party in any action for which indemnification is sought (in which case the indemnifying party shall not thereafter be responsible for the fees and expenses of any separate counsel retained by the indemnified party or parties except as set forth below); provided, however, that such counsel shall be satisfactory to the indemnified party. Notwithstanding the indemnifying party's election to appoint counsel to represent the indemnified party in an action, the indemnified party shall have the right to employ separate counsel (including local counsel), and the indemnifying party shall bear the reasonable fees, costs and expenses of such separate counsel if (i) the use of counsel

chosen by the indemnifying party to represent the indemnified party would present such counsel with a conflict of interest, (ii) the actual or potential defendants in, or targets of, any such action include both the indemnified party and the indemnifying party and the indemnified party shall have reasonably concluded that there may be legal defenses available to it and/or other indemnified parties which are different from or additional to those available to the indemnifying party, (iii) the indemnifying party shall not have employed counsel satisfactory to the indemnified party to represent the indemnified party within a reasonable time after notice of the institution of such action or (iv) the indemnifying party shall authorize the indemnified party to employ separate counsel at the expense of the indemnifying party. An indemnifying party will not, without the prior written consent of the indemnified parties, settle or compromise or consent to the entry of any judgment with respect to any pending or threatened claim, action, suit or proceeding in respect of which indemnification or contribution may be sought hereunder (whether or not the indemnified parties are actual or potential parties to such claim or action) unless such settlement, compromise or consent includes an unconditional release of each indemnified party from all liability arising out of such claim, action, suit or proceeding.

(d) In the event that the indemnity provided in paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of this Section 8 is unavailable to or insufficient to hold harmless an indemnified party for any reason, the Company and the Underwriters severally agree to contribute to the aggregate losses, claims, damages and liabilities (including legal or other expenses reasonably incurred in connection with investigating or defending the same) (collectively "Losses") to which the Company and one or more of the Underwriters may be subject in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect the relative benefits received by the Company on the one hand and by the Underwriters on the other from the offering of the Securities; provided, however, that in no case shall any Underwriter (except as may be provided in any agreement among underwriters relating to the offering of the Securities) be responsible for any amount in excess of the underwriting discount or commission applicable to the Securities purchased by such Underwriter hereunder. If the allocation provided by the immediately preceding sentence is unavailable for any reason, the Company and the Underwriters severally shall contribute in such proportion as is appropriate to reflect not only such relative benefits but also the relative fault of the Company on the one hand and of the Underwriters on the other in connection with the statements or omissions which resulted in such Losses as well as any other relevant equitable considerations. Benefits received by the Company shall be deemed to be equal to the total net proceeds from the offering (before deducting expenses) received by it, and benefits received by the Underwriters shall be deemed to be equal to the total underwriting discounts and commissions, in each case as set forth on the cover page of the Final Prospectus. Relative fault shall be determined by reference to, among other things, whether any untrue or any alleged untrue statement of a material fact or the omission or alleged omission to state a material fact relates to information provided by the Company on the one hand or the Underwriters on the other, the intent of the parties and their relative knowledge, access to information and opportunity to correct or prevent such untrue statement or omission. The Company and the Underwriters agree that it would not be just and equitable if contribution were determined by pro rata allocation or any other method of allocation which does not take account of the equitable considerations referred to above. Notwithstanding the provisions of this paragraph (d),

no person guilty of fraudulent misrepresentation (within the meaning of Section 11(f) of the Act) shall be entitled to contribution from any person who was not guilty of such fraudulent misrepresentation. For purposes of this Section 8, each person who controls an Underwriter within the meaning of either the Act or the Exchange Act and each director, officer, employee and agent of an Underwriter shall have the same rights to contribution as such Underwriter, and each person who controls the Company within the meaning of either the Act or the Exchange Act, each officer of the Company who shall have signed the Registration Statement and each director of the Company shall have the same rights to contribution as the Company, subject in each case to the applicable terms and conditions of this paragraph (d).

9. Default by an Underwriter. If any one or more Underwriters shall fail to purchase and pay for any of the Securities agreed to be purchased by such Underwriter or Underwriters hereunder and such failure to purchase shall constitute a default in the performance of its or their obligations under this Agreement, the remaining Underwriters shall be obligated severally to take up and pay for (in the respective proportions which the principal amount of Securities set forth opposite their names in Schedule II hereto bears to the aggregate principal amount of Securities set forth opposite the names of all the remaining Underwriters) the Securities which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed but failed to purchase; provided, however, that in the event that the aggregate principal amount of Securities which the defaulting Underwriter or Underwriters agreed but failed to purchase shall exceed 10% of the aggregate principal amount of Securities set forth in Schedule II hereto, the remaining Underwriters shall have the right to purchase all, but shall not be under any obligation to purchase any, of the Securities, and if such nondefaulting Underwriters do not purchase all the Securities, this Agreement will terminate without liability to any nondefaulting Underwriter or the Company. In the event of a default by any Underwriter as set forth in this Section 9, the Closing Date shall be postponed for such period, not exceeding five Business Days, as the Representatives shall determine in order that the required changes in the Registration Statement and the Final Prospectus or in any other documents or arrangements may be effected. Nothing contained in this Agreement shall relieve any defaulting Underwriter of its liability, if any, to the Company and any nondefaulting Underwriter for damages occasioned by its default hereunder.

10. Termination. This Agreement shall be subject to termination in the absolute discretion of the Representatives, by notice given to the Company prior to delivery of and payment for the Securities, if at any time prior to such delivery and payment (i) trading in the Company's Common Stock shall have been suspended by the Commission or the NASDAQ Global Select Market or trading in securities generally on the New York Stock Exchange or the NASDAQ Global Market shall have been suspended or limited or minimum prices shall have been established on either of such exchanges, (ii) a banking moratorium shall have been declared either by Federal or New York State authorities or (iii) there shall have occurred any outbreak or escalation of hostilities, declaration by the United States of a national emergency or war, or other calamity or crisis the effect of which on financial markets is such as to make it, in the sole judgment of the Representatives, impractical or inadvisable to proceed with the offering or delivery of the Securities as contemplated by any Preliminary Prospectus or the Final Prospectus (exclusive of any supplement thereto).

11. Representations and Indemnities to Survive The respective agreements, representations, warranties, indemnities and other statements of the Company or its officers and of the Underwriters set forth in or made pursuant to this Agreement will remain in full force and effect, regardless of any investigation made by or on behalf of any Underwriter or the Company or any of the officers, directors, employees, agents or controlling persons referred to in Section 8 hereof, and will survive delivery of and payment for the Securities. The provisions of Sections 7 and 8 hereof shall survive the termination or cancellation of this Agreement.

12. Notices. All communications hereunder will be in writing and effective only on receipt, and, if sent to the Representatives, will be mailed, delivered or telefaxed to the Citigroup Global Markets Inc. General Counsel (fax no.: (212) 816-7912) and confirmed to the General Counsel, Citigroup Global Markets Inc., at 388 Greenwich Street, New York, New York, 10013, Attention: General Counsel; or, if sent to the Company, will be mailed, delivered or telefaxed to the Company General Counsel (650) 513-7913 and confirmed to it at 301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor, Foster City, California 94404, Attention: the Legal Department.

13. Successors. This Agreement will inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the parties hereto and their respective successors and the officers, directors, employees, agents and controlling persons referred to in Section 8 hereof, and no other person will have any right or obligation hereunder.

14. No fiduciary duty. The Company hereby acknowledges that (a) the purchase and sale of the Securities pursuant to this Agreement is an arm's-length commercial transaction between the Company, on the one hand, and the Underwriters and any affiliate through which it may be acting, on the other, (b) the Underwriters are acting as principal and not as an agent or fiduciary of the Company and (c) the Company's engagement of the Underwriters in connection with the offering and the process leading up to the offering is as independent contractors and not in any other capacity. Furthermore, the Company agrees that it is solely responsible for making its own judgments in connection with the offering (irrespective of whether any of the Underwriters has advised or is currently advising the Company on related or other matters). The Company agrees that it will not claim that the Underwriters have rendered advisory services of any nature or respect, or owe an agency, fiduciary or similar duty to the Company, in connection with such transaction or the process leading thereto.

15. Integration. This Agreement supersedes all prior agreements and understandings (whether written or oral) between the Company and the Underwriters, or any of them, with respect to the subject matter hereof.

16. Applicable Law. This Agreement will be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York applicable to contracts made and to be performed within the State of New York.

17. Waiver of Jury Trial. The Company hereby irrevocably waives, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, any and all right to trial by jury in any legal proceeding arising out of or relating to this Agreement or the transactions contemplated hereby.

18. Counterparts. This Agreement may be signed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall constitute an original and all of which together shall constitute one and the same agreement.

19. Headings. The section headings used herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.

20. Definitions. The terms that follow, when used in this Agreement, shall have the meanings indicated.

“Act” shall mean the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

“Base Prospectus” shall mean the base prospectus referred to in paragraph 1(a) above contained in the Registration Statement at the Execution Time and all documents incorporated by reference therein.

“Business Day” shall mean any day other than a Saturday, a Sunday or a legal holiday or a day on which banking institutions or trust companies are authorized or obligated by law to close in New York City.

“Commission” shall mean the Securities and Exchange Commission.

“Disclosure Package” shall mean (i) the Base Prospectus, (ii) the Preliminary Prospectus used most recently prior to the Execution Time, (iii) the Issuer Free Writing Prospectuses, if any, identified in Schedule III hereto, (iv) the final term sheet prepared and filed pursuant to Section 5(b) hereto, if any, and (v) any other Free Writing Prospectus that the parties hereto shall hereafter expressly agree in writing to treat as part of the Disclosure Package.

“Effective Date” shall mean each date and time that the Registration Statement and any post-effective amendment or amendments thereto became or becomes effective.

“Exchange Act” shall mean the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

“Execution Time” shall mean the date and time that this Agreement is executed and delivered by the parties hereto.

“Final Prospectus” shall mean the prospectus supplement relating to the Securities that was first filed pursuant to Rule 424(b) after the Execution Time and all documents incorporated by reference therein, together with the Base Prospectus.

“Free Writing Prospectus” shall mean a free writing prospectus, as defined in Rule 405.

“Investment Company Act” shall mean the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended.

“Issuer Free Writing Prospectus” shall mean an issuer free writing prospectus, as defined in Rule 433.

“Preliminary Prospectus” shall mean any preliminary prospectus supplement to the Base Prospectus referred to in paragraph 1(a) above which is used prior to the filing of the Final Prospectus and all documents incorporated by reference therein, together with the Base Prospectus.

“Registration Statement” shall mean the registration statement referred to in paragraph 1(a) above, including exhibits, financial statements, any prospectus supplement relating to the Securities that is filed with the Commission pursuant to Rule 424(b) and deemed part of such registration statement pursuant to Rule 430B, as amended on each Effective Date and, in the event any post-effective amendment thereto becomes effective prior to the Closing Date, shall also mean such registration statement as so amended and, in each case, all documents incorporated by reference therein.

“Rule 158”, “Rule 163”, “Rule 164”, “Rule 172”, “Rule 405”, “Rule 415”, “Rule 424”, “Rule 430B” and “Rule 433” refer to such rules under the Act.

“Trust Indenture Act” shall mean the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, and the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

“Well-Known Seasoned Issuer” shall mean a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405.

If the foregoing is in accordance with your understanding of our agreement, please sign and return to us the enclosed duplicate hereof, whereupon this letter and your acceptance shall represent a binding agreement among the Company and the several Underwriters.

Very truly yours,

Equinix, Inc.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

The foregoing Agreement is hereby confirmed and accepted as of the date specified in Schedule I hereto.

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

By: Citigroup Global Markets Inc.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

For themselves and the other several Underwriters, if any, named in Schedule II to the foregoing Agreement.

SCHEDULE I

Underwriting Agreement dated

Registration Statement No.

Representative(s):

Title, Purchase Price and Description of Securities:

Title:

Principal amount of Underwritten Securities:

Purchase price (include accrued interest or amortization, if any):

Description: See Schedule IV

Closing Date, Time and Location: March [30], 2007 at 10:00 a.m. at the offices of Davis Polk & Wardwell, 1600 El Camino Real, Menlo Park, CA 94025

Type of Offering: Non-Delayed

Date referred to in Section 5(i) after which the Company may offer or sell securities issued by the Company without the consent of the Representative(s): 90

Modification of items to be covered by the letter from PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP delivered pursuant to Section 6(e) at the Execution Time:

SCHEDULE II

<u>Underwriters</u>	<u>Principal Amount of Underwritten Securities to be Purchased</u>
Citigroup Global Markets Inc.	
Total	

SCHEDULE III

Schedule of Free Writing Prospectuses included in the Disclosure Package

SCHEDULE IV
Final Term Sheet

SCHEDULE V

Subsidiaries/jurisdiction of organization

SUBSIDIARY

Equinix Operating Co., Inc.
Equinix Pacific, Inc.
Equinix RP II LLC

JURISDICTIONS

California, Illinois, Texas, New York, Virginia
California, Hawaii
California

[Letterhead of officer, director or major stockholder of Equinix, Inc.]

Equinix, Inc.
Public Offering of Convertible Securities

March 20, 2007

Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
As Representative[s] of the several Underwriters,
c/o Citigroup Global Markets Inc.
388 Greenwich Street
New York, New York 10013

Ladies and Gentlemen:

This letter is being delivered to you in connection with the proposed Underwriting Agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement"), between Equinix, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and you as representative of a group of Underwriters named therein, relating to an underwritten public offering of Subordinated Convertible Notes (the "Convertible Notes") of the Company. The Convertible Notes will be convertible into shares of the common stock, \$0.001 par value (the "Common Stock"), of the Company.

In order to induce you and the other Underwriters to enter into the Underwriting Agreement, the undersigned will not, without the prior written consent of Citigroup Global Markets Inc., offer, sell, contract to sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of, (or enter into any transaction which is designed to, or might reasonably be expected to, result in the disposition (whether by actual disposition or effective economic disposition due to cash settlement or otherwise) by the undersigned or any affiliate of the undersigned or any person in privity with the undersigned or any affiliate of the undersigned), directly or indirectly, including the filing (or participation in the filing) of a registration statement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") in respect of, or establish or increase a put equivalent position or liquidate or decrease a call equivalent position within the meaning of Section 16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission promulgated thereunder with respect to, any shares of capital stock of the Company or any securities convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for such capital stock, or publicly announce an intention to effect any such transaction, for a period of 90 days after the date of the Underwriting Agreement, other than shares of Common Stock disposed of as bona fide gifts approved by Citigroup Global Markets Inc. The foregoing sentence shall not apply to: (a) transfers of shares of Common Stock to a family member of the undersigned or a trust whose beneficiaries consist of the undersigned and/or one or more family members of the undersigned, provided that any transferee agrees to be bound in writing by the terms of this letter prior to such transfer and no filing with the SEC or other public disclosure by the Company or any party (donor, donee, transferor or transferee) shall be required or voluntarily made in connection with such transfer (other than a filing on a Form 5 made after the expiration of the lock-up period set forth above), (b) transfers or sales of Common Stock pursuant to any contract, instruction or plan complying with Rule 10b5-1 (a "10b5-1 Plan") of the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated under the Exchange Act that has been entered into by the undersigned prior to the date of this agreement and disclosed to Citigroup Global Markets Inc. (an "Existing 10b5-1 Plan") or (c) entering into a new 10b5-1 Plan after the date of this agreement (a "New 10b5-1 Plan"), or transfers or sales of Common Stock pursuant to such New 10b5-1 Plan, provided that such New 10b5-1 Plan does not permit transfers or sales of Common Stock, and no transfers or sales of Common Stock pursuant to such plan occur, until on or after July 1, 2007.

[signature page follows]

If for any reason the Underwriting Agreement shall be terminated prior to the Closing Date (as defined in the Underwriting Agreement), the agreement set forth above shall likewise be terminated.

Yours very truly,

Name:
Address:

[Gunderson Dettmer Opinion]

(i) the Registration Statement became effective under the Act; any required filing of the Base Prospectus, any Preliminary Prospectus and the Final Prospectus, and any supplements thereto, pursuant to Rule 424(b) has been made in the manner and within the time period required by Rule 424(b); to the knowledge of such counsel, no stop order suspending the effectiveness of the Registration Statement or any notice objecting to its use has been issued, no proceedings for that purpose have been instituted or threatened, and the Registration Statement and the Final Prospectus (other than the financial statements and other financial information contained therein, as to which such counsel need express no opinion) comply as to form in all material respects with the applicable requirements of the Act, the Exchange Act and the respective rules thereunder;

(ii) such counsel has no reason to believe that the Registration Statement, at the date such Registration Statement or any amendment (or any part thereof) is considered to have become effective as to the Underwriters pursuant to Section 11(d) of the Securities Act and Rule 430B(f) promulgated thereunder, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact required to be stated therein or necessary to make the statements therein not misleading or that the Final Prospectus as of its date and on the Closing Date included or includes any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted or omits to state a material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (in each case, other than the financial statements and other financial information contained therein, as to which such counsel need express no opinion);

(iii) such counsel has no reason to believe that the Disclosure Package, as amended or supplemented at the Execution Time, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading (other than the financial statements and other financial information contained therein, as to which such counsel need express no opinion);

(iv) the Company has been duly incorporated and is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of State of Delaware, with corporate power and authority to own its properties and conduct its business as described in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus; and the Company is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation in good standing in California, New Jersey, Ohio, Texas, New York and Virginia;

(v) each of Equinix Operating Co., Inc., Equinix Pacific, Inc., Equinix RP II LLC and Equinix RP, Inc., has been duly incorporated or formed and is an existing corporation in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or formation, with corporate or limited liability company power and authority to own or lease, as the case may be, its properties and conduct its

business as described in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus; each of Equinix Operating Co., Inc., Equinix Pacific, Inc., Equinix RP II LLC and Equinix RP, Inc. is duly qualified to do business as a foreign corporation or limited liability company in good standing in the jurisdictions listed beside its name on Schedule V hereto and the Company owns all of the shares of capital stock or membership interests of each such entity, directly or through subsidiaries;

(vi) the authorized capital stock of the Company conforms as to legal matters to the description thereof contained in or incorporated by reference into, as applicable, the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus. All issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company have been duly authorized and validly issued. To such counsel's knowledge, all of the issued and outstanding shares of capital stock of the Company are fully paid and non-assessable. The Common Stock conforms in all material respects to the "Description of Capital Stock" contained in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus; and the statements set forth under the headings "Description of Capital Stock" in the Preliminary Prospectus and the Final Prospectus, insofar as such statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Common Stock, and under the heading "Underwriting," insofar as such statements purport to describe the provisions of the laws and documents referred to therein, provide a fair summary in all material respects of such provisions;

(vii) no consent, approval, authorization, or order of, or filing with, any governmental agency or body or any court is required to be obtained or made by the Company for the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement, except such as have been obtained and made under the Act, the Exchange Act or state securities or blue sky laws in connection with the offer and sale of the Securities;

(viii) the execution and delivery by the Company of, and performance by the Company of its obligations under, this Agreement, and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein will not result in any material violation of the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws of the Company or any United States federal, Delaware corporate or California statute or any order, rule or regulation known to such counsel of any court or governmental agency or body in such jurisdictions having jurisdiction over the Company or any of its properties or conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under any agreement set forth on a schedule to such counsel's opinion;

(ix) this Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Company;

(x) to such counsel's knowledge, there are no legal or governmental proceedings required to be described in the Disclosure Package or the Final Prospectus, which are not described as required;

(xi) the Company is not and, after giving effect to the offering and sale of the Securities and the application of the proceeds thereof as described in the Final Prospectus, will not be, an “investment company” as defined in the Investment Company Act; and

(xii) to such counsel’s knowledge, there are no persons with registration rights or other similar rights to have any securities registered pursuant to the Registration Statement other than such rights as have been satisfied or waived.

In rendering such opinion, such counsel may rely (A) as to matters involving the application of laws of any jurisdiction other than the States of California or Delaware or the Federal laws of the United States, to the extent they deem proper and specified in such opinion, upon the opinion of other counsel of good standing whom they believe to be reliable and who are satisfactory to counsel for the Underwriters and (B) as to matters of fact, to the extent they deem proper, on certificates of responsible officers of the Company and public officials. References to the Final Prospectus in this paragraph (b) shall also include any supplements thereto at the Closing Date.

With respect to paragraphs (ii) and (iii), Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian LLP may state that their opinion and belief are based upon their participation in the preparation of the Registration Statement, the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus (excluding the documents incorporated by reference therein) and any amendments or supplements thereto and review and discussion of the contents thereof, but are without independent check or verification, except as specified.

[General Counsel Opinion]

(i) to her knowledge, the Company is not in default in the performance or observance of any material obligation, agreement, covenant or condition contained in any agreement filed as an exhibit to the Registration Statement or appearing on the list of exhibits to the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006 filed with the Commission or any current report on Form 8-K filed by the Company with the Commission after December 31, 2006 and before the date of such opinion (each a "Company Material Agreement"); and

(ii) the compliance by the Company with all of the provisions of this Agreement and the Indenture and the consummation of the transactions contemplated herein and therein, will not conflict with or result in a breach or violation of any terms or provisions of, or constitute a default under any Company Material Agreement (other than those agreements listed on a schedule to the related opinion required by Section 6(b) hereof).

In rendering such opinion, such counsel may rely (A) as to matters involving the application of laws of any jurisdiction other than the States of California or Delaware or the Federal laws of the United States, to the extent they deem proper and specified in such opinion, upon the opinion of other counsel of good standing whom they believe to be reliable and who are satisfactory to counsel for the Underwriters and (B) as to matters of fact, to the extent they deem proper, on certificates of responsible officers of the Company and public officials. References to the Final Prospectus in this paragraph (b) shall also include any supplements thereto at the Closing Date.

[Comfort Letter]

[Shearman & Sterling Opinion]

(i) the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered and has been duly qualified under the Trust Indenture Act, and constitutes a legal, valid and binding instrument enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms (subject, as to enforcement of remedies, to applicable bankruptcy, reorganization, insolvency, moratorium or other laws affecting creditors' rights generally from time to time in effect and to general principles of equity, including, without limitation, concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing, regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law); and the Securities have been duly authorized and, when executed and authenticated in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture and delivered to and paid for by the Underwriters pursuant to this Agreement, will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company entitled to the benefits of the Indenture; and the statements set forth under the headings "Description of Notes" in the Disclosure Package and the Final Prospectus, insofar as such statements purport to summarize certain provisions of the Securities and the Indenture, provide a fair summary in all material respects of such provisions; and

(ii) the shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes have been duly authorized and, when the certificates representing such shares in the form of the specimen certificate examined by us have been duly issued and delivered by the Company in accordance with the terms of the Notes and the Indenture, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

EQUINIX, INC.
% CONVERTIBLE SUBORDINATED NOTES
DUE APRIL 15, 2012

INDENTURE

DATED AS OF MARCH , 2007

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION
AS TRUSTEE

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INDENTURE, dated as of March , 2007, between EQUINIX, INC., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), and U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association, as Trustee (the "Trustee").

The Company and the Trustee agree as follows for the benefit of each other and for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Company's % Convertible Subordinated Notes due April 15, 2012.

ARTICLE 1
DEFINITIONS AND INCORPORATION BY REFERENCE

Section 1.01. *Definitions.*

"**Affiliate**" means, with respect to any specified person, any other person directly or indirectly controlling or controlled by or under direct or indirect common control with such specified person. For the purposes of this definition, "control", when used with respect to any person, means the power to direct the management and policies of such person, directly or indirectly, whether through the ownership of voting securities, by contract or otherwise; and the terms "controlling" and "controlled" have meanings correlative to the foregoing.

"**Agent**" means any Registrar, Paying Agent or Conversion Agent.

"**Applicable Conversion Price**" means, at the time any determination thereof is to be made, \$1,000 divided by the Applicable Conversion Rate, rounded to the nearest 1/10th of a cent.

"**Applicable Conversion Rate**" means, at the time any determination thereof is to be made, the Conversion Rate as adjusted from time to time pursuant to Article 4, rounded to the nearest 1/1,000th of a share.

"**Applicable Procedures**" means, with respect to any transfer or exchange of beneficial ownership interests in a Global Security, the rules and procedures of the Depositary, in each case to the extent applicable to such transfer or exchange.

"**Board of Directors**" means either the board of directors of the Company or any committee of the Board of Directors authorized to act for it with respect to this Indenture.

"**Business Day**" means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required to close.

"**Capital Stock**" means (a) in the case of a corporation, corporate stock, (b) in the case of an association or business entity, shares, interests, participations,

rights or other equivalents (however designated) of corporate stock, (c) in the case of a partnership or limited liability company, partnership or membership interests (whether general or limited) and (d) any other interest or participation that confers on a person the right to receive a share of the profits and losses of, or distribution of the assets of, the issuing person.

“**Cash**” or “**cash**” means such coin or currency of the United States as at any time of payment is legal tender for the payment of public and private debts.

“**Certificated Security**” means a Security that is in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and that does not include the information or the Schedule called for by footnotes 1 and 2 thereof.

“**Change of Control**” means the occurrence of any of the following at a time after the Securities are originally issued:

(a) a “person or “group” within the meaning of Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act other than the Company, its Subsidiaries or employee benefit plans of the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, becomes the direct or indirect ultimate “beneficial owner”, as defined in Rule 13d-3 under the Exchange Act, of the Company’s common equity representing more than 50% of the voting power of the Company’s common equity and either (i) files a Schedule 13D or Schedule TO, or any successor schedule, form or report under the Exchange Act, disclosing the same or (ii) the Company otherwise becomes aware of any such person or group;

(b) consummation of any share exchange, consolidation or merger of the Company pursuant to which the Common Stock will be converted into cash, securities or other property or any sale, lease or other transfer in one transaction or a series of transactions of all or substantially all of the consolidated assets of the Company and its Subsidiaries, taken as a whole, to any person other than one of the Company’s wholly-owned Subsidiaries; *provided, however*, that a transaction described in this clause (b) will be deemed not to be a Change of Control so long as such transaction (i) both (A) does not result in any reclassification, conversion, exchange or cancellation of outstanding shares of the Company’s voting stock and (B) the persons that “beneficially owned” directly or indirectly, the shares of the Company’s voting stock immediately prior to such transaction beneficially own, directly or indirectly, shares of voting stock representing a majority of the total voting power of all outstanding classes of voting stock of the surviving or transferee person or (ii) is effected solely for the purpose of changing the Company’s jurisdiction of incorporation and resulting in a reclassification, conversion or exchange of outstanding shares of capital stock, if at all, solely into shares of the surviving entity or a direct or indirect parent of the surviving entity; or

(c) the stockholders of the Company approve any plan or proposal for the liquidation or dissolution of the Company.

A change of control will not be deemed to have occurred pursuant to clause (b) above, however, if at least 95% of the consideration, excluding cash payments for fractional shares, in the transaction or transactions that would otherwise constitute a Change of Control consists of shares of common stock that are traded on, or immediately after the transaction or event will be traded on, the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange (these securities are referred to herein as “**publicly traded securities**”), and as a result of such transaction or transactions the notes become convertible into such publicly traded securities.

“**Close of Business**” means 5:00 p.m. New York City time.

“**Common Stock**” means the common stock of the Company, \$0.001 par value per share, as it exists on the date of this Indenture, and any shares of any class or classes of capital stock of the Company resulting from any reclassification or reclassifications thereof and which have no preference in respect of dividends or of amounts payable in the event of any voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding-up of the Company and which are not subject to redemption by the Company; *provided, however*, that if at any time there shall be more than one such resulting class, the shares of each such class then so issuable on conversion of Securities shall be substantially in the proportion which the total number of shares of such class resulting from all such reclassifications bears to the total number of shares of all such classes resulting from all such reclassifications.

“**Company**” means the party named as such in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor replaces it pursuant to the applicable provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter “**Company**” shall mean such successor Company.

“**Conversion Value**” means the average of the products for each Trading Day of the Cash Settlement Averaging Period of (a) the Applicable Conversion Rate on such day and (b) the Volume Weighted Average Price per share of the Common Stock on such day.

“**Corporate Trust Office**” means the office of the Trustee at the address specified in Section 12.02 hereof or such other address as to which the Trustee may give notice to the Company.

“**Current Market Price**” of the Common Stock on any day means the average Sale Price of a share of Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Days ending on and including the earlier of the day in question and the day before the Ex Date with respect to an issuance, dividend or distribution requiring such computation.

“**Daily Share Amount**” means for each Trading Day of the Cash Settlement Averaging Period and each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities surrendered for conversion, a number of shares (but in no event less than zero) determined by the following formula:

$$\frac{(\text{Volume Weighted Average Price per share for such Trading Day} \times \text{Applicable Conversion Rate for such Trading Day}) - \$1,000}{\text{Volume Weighted Average price per share for such Trading Day} \times 10}$$

“**Default**” or “**default**” means, when used with respect to the Securities, any event which is or, after notice or passage of time or both, would be an Event of Default.

“**Designated Senior Indebtedness**” means the Company’s Senior Indebtedness which, on the date of a payment event of default or the delivery of a Payment Blockage Notice, has an aggregate amount outstanding of, or under which, on such date, the holders thereof are committed to lend up to, at least \$5.0 million and is specifically designated in the instrument evidencing or governing that Senior Indebtedness as “Designated Senior Indebtedness” for purposes hereof, *provided, however*, that such instrument may place limitations and conditions on the right of such Senior Indebtedness to exercise the rights of Designated Senior Indebtedness.

“**Exchange Act**” means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as in effect from time to time.

“**Ex Date**” means the first date on which shares of Common Stock trade on the applicable exchange or in the applicable market, regular way, without the right to receive an issuance, dividend or distribution.

“**Ex-Dividend Date**” means the first date upon which a sale of shares of Common Stock does not automatically transfer the right to receive the relevant distribution from the seller of shares of Common Stock to its buyer.

“**Final Maturity Date**” means April 15, 2012.

“**Fundamental Change**” means the occurrence of a Change of Control or a Termination of Trading at a time after the Securities are originally issued.

“**Fundamental Change Repurchase Date**” means the date specified as such in the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice delivered to Holders pursuant to Section 3.08(b) hereof.

“**GAAP**” means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America as in effect as of the date of this Indenture, including those set forth in (1) the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, (2) the statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board, (3) such other statements by such other entity as approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession and (4) the rules and regulations of the SEC governing the inclusion of financial statements (including pro forma financial statements) in registration statements filed under the Securities Act and periodic reports required to be filed pursuant to Section 13 of the Exchange Act, including opinions and pronouncements in staff accounting bulletins and similar written statements from the accounting staff of the SEC.

“**Global Security**” means a permanent Global Security that is in substantially the form attached hereto as Exhibit A and that includes the information and the Schedule called for by footnotes 1 and 2 thereof and that is deposited with the Depository or its custodian and registered in the name of the Depository or its nominee.

“**Holder**” or “**Securityholder**” means the person in whose name a Security is registered on the Primary Registrar’s books.

“**Indebtedness**” means, with respect to any Person, without duplication, (a) all indebtedness, obligations and other liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of such Person for borrowed money (including obligations of such Person in respect of overdrafts, foreign exchange contracts, currency exchange agreements, interest rate protection agreements, and any loans or advances from banks, whether or not evidenced by notes or similar instruments) or evidenced by credit or loan agreements, bonds, debentures, notes or other written obligations (whether or not the recourse of the lender is to the whole of the assets of such Person or to only a portion thereof) (other than any accounts payable or other accrued current liability or obligation incurred in the ordinary course of business in connection with the obtaining of materials or services), (b) all reimbursement obligations and other liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of such Person with respect to letters of credit, bank guarantees or bankers’ acceptances, (c) all obligations and liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of such Person in respect of leases of such Person required, in conformity with GAAP, to be accounted for as capitalized lease obligations on the balance sheet of such Person, (d) all obligations of such Person evidenced by a note or similar instrument given in connection with the acquisition of any business, properties or assets of any kinds, (e) all obligations of such Person issued or assumed as the deferred purchase price of property or services (excluding trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities arising in the ordinary course of business), (f) all obligations and other liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of such Person under any lease or related document (including a purchase agreement) in connection with the lease of real property or

improvements (or any personal property included as part of any such lease) that provides that such Person is contractually obligated to purchase or cause a third party to purchase the leased property and thereby guarantee a minimum residual value of the leased property to the lessor and the obligations of such Person under such lease or related document to purchase or to cause a third party to purchase such leased property (whether or not such lease transaction is characterized as an operating lease or a capitalized lease in accordance with GAAP), (g) all obligations (contingent or otherwise) of such Person with respect to any interest rate, currency or other swap, cap, floor or collar agreement, hedge agreement, forward contract, or other similar instrument or agreement or foreign currency hedge, exchange, purchase or similar instrument or agreement, (h) all direct or indirect guarantees, agreements to be jointly liable or similar agreements by such Person in respect of, and obligations or liabilities (contingent or otherwise) of such Person to purchase or otherwise acquire or otherwise assure a creditor against loss in respect of, indebtedness, obligations or liabilities of another Person of the kind described in clauses (a) through (g), and (i) any and all deferrals, renewals, extensions, restatements, replacements, refinancings and refundings of, or amendments, modifications, or supplements to, or any indebtedness or obligation issued in exchange for, any indebtedness, obligation or liability of the kind described in clauses (a) through (h).

“**Indenture**” means this Indenture as amended or supplemented from time to time pursuant to the terms of this Indenture.

“**Issuance Date**” means the date on which the Securities are first authenticated and issued.

“**Market Disruption Event**” means the occurrence or existence prior to 1:00 p.m. on any Trading Day for the Common Stock of an aggregate one half hour period, of any suspension or limitation imposed on trading (by reason of movements in price exceeding limits permitted by the stock exchange or otherwise) in the Common Stock or in any options, contracts or future contracts relating to the Common Stock.

“**Obligations**” means any principal, interest, penalties, fees, rent, indemnifications, reimbursements, fees and expenses, damages and other liabilities payable under the documentation governing any Indebtedness.

“**Officer**” means the Chief Executive Officer, the President, any Vice President, the Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer, the Secretary or any Assistant Secretary of the Company.

“**Officers’ Certificate**” means a certificate signed on behalf of the Company by two Officers, at least one of whom shall be the principal executive officer, principal financial officer or principal accounting officer of the Company.

“**Opinion of Counsel**” means a written opinion that meets the requirements of Section 12.04 from legal counsel. The counsel may be an employee of or counsel to the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company.

“**Permitted Junior Securities**” means Capital Stock in the Company or debt securities that are subordinated to all Senior Indebtedness (and any debt securities issued in exchange for Senior Indebtedness) to substantially the same extent as, or to a greater extent than, the Securities are subordinated to Senior Indebtedness pursuant to this Indenture.

“**Person**” or “**person**” means any individual, corporation, partnership, limited liability company, joint venture, association, joint-stock company, trust, unincorporated organization, government or any agency or political subdivision thereof or any other entity.

“**Principal**” or “**principal**” of a debt security, including the Securities, means the principal of the security plus, when appropriate, the premium, if any, on the security.

“**Prospectus**” means that final prospectus dated March 27, 2007, relating to the Securities.

“**Redemption Date**” when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, means the date fixed for such redemption pursuant to this Indenture.

“**Redemption Price**” when used with respect to any Security to be redeemed, means 100% of the principal amount of the Securities to be redeemed, plus any accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the Redemption Date.

“**Representative**” means the indenture trustee or other trustee, agent or representative for any Senior Indebtedness.

“**Responsible Officer**” when used with respect to the Trustee, means any officer within the corporate trust services department of the Trustee with direct responsibilities for the administration of this Indenture and also means, with respect to a particular corporate trust matter, any other officer to whom such matter is referred because of his knowledge of and familiarity with the particular subject and who shall have direct responsibility for the administration of this Indenture.

“**Sale Price**” of the Common Stock on any date means the closing sale price (or if no closing sale price is reported, the average of the bid and asked prices or, if more than one such price in either case, the average of the average bid and the average asked prices) on that date as reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if the Common Stock is not listed on the NASDAQ Global

Select Market, on the other principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock is then traded. The Sale Price will be determined without reference to after-hours or extended market trading. If the Common Stock is not reported by the NASDAQ Global Select Market or a principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange, the “**Sale Price**” will be the last quoted bid price for the Common Stock in the over-the-counter market on the relevant date as reported by the National Quotation Bureau or similar organization. If the Common Stock is not so quoted, the “**Sale Price**” will be the average of the mid-point of the last bid and asked prices for the Common Stock on the relevant date from each of at least three nationally recognized independent investment banking firms selected by the Company for this purpose.

“**Scheduled Trading Day**” means any day that is scheduled to be a Trading Day.

“**SEC**” means the Securities and Exchange Commission.

“**Securities**” means the % Convertible Subordinated Notes due April 15, 2012 or any of them (each, a “**Security**”), as amended or supplemented from time to time, that are issued under this Indenture.

“**Securities Act**” means the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, as in effect from time to time.

“**Securities Custodian**” means the Trustee, as custodian with respect to the Securities in global form, or any successor thereto.

“**Senior Indebtedness**” means (a) the principal of, premium, if any, interest (including all interest accruing subsequent to the commencement of any bankruptcy or similar proceeding, whether or not a claim for post-petition interest is allowable as a claim in any such proceeding) and rent payable on or termination payment with respect to or in connection with Indebtedness of the Company (together with all fees, costs, expenses and other amounts accrued or due on or in connection therewith) whether outstanding on the date of this Indenture or subsequently created, incurred, assumed, guaranteed or in effect guaranteed by the Company (including all deferrals, renewals, extensions or refundings of, or amendments, modifications or supplements to, the foregoing), except for: (a) any Indebtedness that by its terms expressly provides that such Indebtedness shall not be senior in right of payment to the Securities or expressly provides that such Indebtedness is equal with or junior in right of payment with the Securities; (b) any Indebtedness between or among the Company or any of its majority or wholly-owned Subsidiaries, or any entity a majority of the voting stock of which the Company directly or indirectly owns, other than Indebtedness to the Company’s Subsidiaries arising by reason of guaranties by the Company of Indebtedness of such Subsidiary to a person that is not a Subsidiary of the

Company; (c) the Company's real and personal property leases, its capital leases and its equipment and IBX financing obligations, *provided, however*, that (i) the Company's obligations in connection with Loan Agreements dated December 21, 2005 (as amended through December 27, 2006) and February 2, 2007 with SFT I, Inc., and (ii) its mortgage payables, shall constitute Senior Indebtedness; (d) Indebtedness under the Company's 2.50% Convertible Subordinated Debentures due 2024; (e) any liability for federal, state, local or other taxes owed or owing by the Company; and (f) the Company's trade payables and accrued expenses (including, without limitation, accrued compensation and accrued restructuring charges) or deferred purchase price for goods, services or materials purchased or provided in the ordinary course of business.

“**Significant Subsidiary**” means, in respect of any Person, a Subsidiary of such Person that would constitute a “**significant subsidiary**”, as such term is defined under Rule 1-02 of Regulation S-X under the Securities Act and the Exchange Act.

“**Subsidiary**” means, in respect of any Person, any corporation, association, partnership or other business entity of which more than 50% of the total voting power of shares of Capital Stock or other interests (including partnership interests) entitled (without regard to the occurrence of any contingency) to vote in the election of directors, managers, general partners or trustees thereof is at the time owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by (a) such Person; (b) such Person and one or more Subsidiaries of such Person; or (c) one or more Subsidiaries of such Person.

“**Termination of Trading**” means the Common Stock (or other common stock into which the Securities are then convertible) is (i) no longer listed or approved for trading on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, the NASDAQ Global Market or the New York Stock Exchange, or (ii) suspended from trading for 20 consecutive Business Days.

“**TIA**” means the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, and the rules and regulations thereunder as in effect on the date of this Indenture, except as provided in Section 11.03, and except to the extent any amendment to the Trust Indenture Act expressly provides for application of the Trust Indenture Act as in effect on another date.

“**Trading Day**” means a day during which (i) there is no Market Disruption Event, and (ii) the NASDAQ Global Select Market or, if the Common Stock is not quoted on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, on the principal U.S. national or regional securities exchange on which the Common Stock is then listed, opens for trading during its regular trading session or, if the Common Stock is not so listed, admitted for trading or quoted, any Business Day. A “**Trading Day**” only includes those days that have a scheduled closing time of 4:00 p.m. (New York City time) or the then standard closing time for regular trading on the relevant exchange or trading system.

“**Trading Price**” of the Securities on any date of determination means the average of the secondary market bid quotations per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities obtained by the Trustee for \$2,000,000 principal amount of Securities at approximately 3:30 p.m., New York City time, on such determination date from three independent nationally recognized securities dealers selected by the Company; *provided* that if three such bids cannot reasonably be obtained by the Trustee, but two such bids are obtained, then the average of the two bids shall be used, and if only one such bid can reasonably be obtained by the Trustee, that one bid shall be used. If the Trustee cannot reasonably obtain at least one bid for \$2,000,000 principal amount of Securities from a nationally recognized securities dealer, then the Trading Price per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities will be deemed to be less than 98% of the product of the Sale Price of the Common Stock and the Applicable Conversion Rate on such date.

“**Trustee**” means the party named as such in the first paragraph of this Indenture until a successor replaces it in accordance with the provisions of this Indenture, and thereafter means the successor.

“**Underwriters**” means Citigroup Global Markets, Inc., Credit Suisse Securities (USA) LLC and Jeffries & Company, Inc.

“**Vice President**” when used with respect to the Company or the Trustee, means any vice president, whether or not designated by a number or a word or words added before or after the title “**vice president**”.

“**Volume Weighted Average Price**” per share of Common Stock on any Trading Day means such price as displayed on Bloomberg (or any successor service) page EQIX<equity>VAP in respect of the period from 9:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m., New York City time, on such Trading Day; or, if such price is not available, the “**Volume Weighted Average Price**” means the market value per share of Common Stock on such Trading Day as determined by a nationally recognized investment banking firm retained for this purpose by the Company.

Section 1.02. *Other Definitions.*

<u>Term</u>	<u>Section</u>
Additional Shares	4.08(a)
Agent Members	2.01(b)
Bankruptcy Law	8.01(j)
Cash Election	4.04(a)
Cash Settlement Averaging Period	4.04(a)
Cash Settlement Notice Period	4.04(a)

Term	Section
clearing agency	2.12(b)
Company Order	2.02
Conversion Agent	2.03
Conversion Date	4.03
Conversion Notice	4.03
Conversion Obligation	4.04(a)
Conversion Rate	4.02
Conversion Retraction Period	4.04(a)
Current Market Price	4.07
CUSIP	2.13
Custodian	8.01(j)
Cut-off Date	4.08(b)
DTC	2.01(b)
Depository	2.01(b)
Distributed Property	4.07(a)
Effective Date	4.04(a)
Event of Default	8.01
Expiration Date	4.07(a)
Extension Fee	8.03
Filing Default Date	8.03
Final Notice Date	4.04(a)
Financial Institution	4.05
Fundamental Change Repurchase Date	3.08(a)
Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice	3.08(b)
Fundamental Change Repurchase Price	3.08(a)
Irrevocable Election	4.04(a)
Legal Holiday	12.07
Measurement Period	4.01(a)
Paying Agent	2.03
Payment Blockage Notice	5.03(b)
Payment Blockage Period	5.03(b)
Primary Registrar	2.03
record date	4.07
Reference Property	4.10
Registrar	2.03
Reporting Obligations	8.03
Repurchase Exercise Notice	3.08(c)
Required Cash Amount	4.04(a)
Rights Plan	4.07(a)
Share Election	4.04(a)
Specified Cash Amount	4.04(a)
Spin-Off	4.07(a)
Spin-Off Securities	4.07(a)
Stock Price	4.08(a)

Term	Section
Successor Person	7.01
Triggering Distribution	4.07(a)
Trigger Event	4.07(a)
Underwriting Agreement	2.02

Section 1.03. *Trust Indenture Act Provisions.* Whenever this Indenture refers to a provision of the TIA, that provision is incorporated by reference in and made a part of this Indenture. The Indenture shall also include those provisions of the TIA required to be included herein by the provisions of the Trust Indenture Reform Act of 1990. The following TIA terms used in this Indenture have the following meanings:

“**indenture securities**” means the Securities;

“**indenture security holder**” means a Securityholder;

“**indenture to be qualified**” means this Indenture; and

“**indenture trustee**” or “**institutional trustee**” means the Trustee; and “**obligor**” on the indenture securities means the Company or any other obligor on the Securities.

All other terms used in this Indenture that are defined in the TIA, defined by TIA reference to another statute or defined by any SEC Rule and not otherwise defined herein have the meanings assigned to them therein.

Section 1.04. *Rules of Construction.* Unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) a term has the meaning assigned to it;
- (b) an accounting term not otherwise defined has the meaning assigned to it in accordance with GAAP;
- (c) words in the singular include the plural, and words in the plural include the singular;
- (d) provisions apply to successive events and transactions;
- (e) the term “**merger**” includes a statutory share exchange and the term “**merged**” has a correlative meaning;
- (f) the masculine gender includes the feminine and the neuter;

(g) references to agreements and other instruments include subsequent amendments thereto; and

(h) “**herein**”, “**hereof**” and other words of similar import refer to this Indenture as a whole and not to any particular Article, Section or other subdivision.

ARTICLE 2
THE SECURITIES

Section 2.01. *Form and Dating.*

(a) *General.* The Securities and the Trustee’s certificate of authentication shall be substantially in the respective forms set forth in Exhibit A, which Exhibit is incorporated in and made part of this Indenture. The Securities may have notations, legends or endorsements required by law, stock exchange Rule or usage. The Company shall provide any such notations, legends or endorsements to the Trustee in writing. Each Security shall be dated the date of its authentication. The terms and provisions contained in the Securities shall constitute, and are hereby expressly made, a part of this Indenture, and the Company and the Trustee, by their execution and delivery of this Indenture, expressly agree to such terms and provisions and to be bound thereby. However, to the extent any provision of any Security conflicts with the express provisions of this Indenture, the provisions of this Indenture shall govern and be controlling.

(b) *Global Securities.* All of the Securities shall be issued initially in the form of one or more Global Securities, which shall be deposited on behalf of the purchasers of the Securities represented thereby with the Trustee, at its Corporate Trust Office, as custodian for the depository, The Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”) (such depository, or any successor thereto, being hereinafter referred to as the “**Depository**”), and registered in the name of its nominee, Cede & Co., duly executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee as hereinafter provided.

Each Global Security shall represent such of the outstanding Securities as shall be specified therein and each shall provide that it shall represent the aggregate amount of outstanding Securities from time to time endorsed thereon and that the aggregate amount of outstanding Securities represented thereby may from time to time be reduced or increased, as appropriate, to reflect exchanges, redemptions, purchases or conversions of such Securities. Any adjustment of the aggregate principal amount of a Global Security to reflect the amount of any increase or decrease in the amount of outstanding Securities represented thereby shall be made by the Trustee in accordance with instructions given by the Holder thereof as required by Section 2.12 hereof and shall be made on the records of the Trustee and the Depository.

Members of, or participants in, the Depository (“**Agent Members**”) shall have no rights under this Indenture with respect to any Global Security held on their behalf by the Depository or under the Global Security, and the Depository (including, for this purpose, its nominee) may be treated by the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee as the absolute owner and Holder of such Global Security for all purposes whatsoever. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall (i) prevent the Company, the Trustee or any agent of the Company or the Trustee from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by the Depository or (ii) impair, as between the Depository and its Agent Members, the operation of customary practices governing the exercise of the rights of a Holder of any Security.

(c) *Book Entry Provisions.* The Company shall execute and the Trustee shall, in accordance with this Section 2.01(c), authenticate and deliver initially one or more Global Securities that (i) shall be registered in the name of the Depository, (ii) shall be delivered by the Trustee to the Depository or pursuant to the Depository’s instructions and (iii) shall bear a legend substantially to the following effect:

“UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE, CONVERSION OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY (AND ANY PAYMENT HEREON IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL SINCE THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN. THIS NOTE IS A GLOBAL SECURITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE INDENTURE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AND IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF. THIS NOTE IS EXCHANGEABLE FOR SECURITIES REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE DEPOSITARY OR ITS NOMINEE ONLY IN THE LIMITED CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN THE INDENTURE AND UNLESS AND UNTIL IT IS EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR SECURITIES IN DEFINITIVE FORM, THIS NOTE MAY

NOT BE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT AS A WHOLE BY THE DEPOSITARY TO A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY TO THE DEPOSITARY OR ANOTHER NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY THE DEPOSITARY OR ANY SUCH NOMINEE TO A SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE OF SUCH SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY”.

Section 2.02. *Execution and Authentication.* An Officer shall sign the Securities for the Company by manual or facsimile signature attested by the manual or facsimile signature of the Secretary or an Assistant Secretary of the Company. Typographic and other minor errors or defects in any such facsimile signature shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any Security which has been authenticated and delivered by the Trustee.

If an Officer whose signature is on a Security no longer holds that office at the time the Trustee authenticates the Security, the Security shall be valid nevertheless.

A Security shall not be valid until an authorized signatory of the Trustee manually signs the certificate of authentication on the Security. The signature shall be conclusive evidence that the Security has been authenticated under this Indenture.

Subject to the third sentence of this paragraph, the Trustee shall authenticate and make available for delivery Securities for original issue in the aggregate principal amount of up to \$200,000,000 (or such greater amount necessary to reflect the exercise by the Underwriters of their option to purchase additional Securities in compliance with the Underwriting Agreement, dated March 27, 2007, between the Company and the Underwriters (the “**Underwriting Agreement**”) but not to exceed \$230,000,000 in aggregate principal amount) upon receipt of a written order or orders of the Company signed by two Officers, at least one of whom shall be the principal executive officer, principal financial officer or principal accounting officer of the Company (a “**Company Order**”). The Company Order shall specify the amount of Securities to be authenticated, shall provide that all such Securities will be represented by a Global Security and the date on which each original issue of Securities is to be authenticated. The Company at any time or from time to time may, without the consent of any Holder, issue additional Securities in an unlimited principal amount having the same terms (including ranking, interest rate and maturity) and having the same CUSIP number as the Securities initially issued hereunder, and entitled to all of the benefits of this Indenture, provided that no such additional Securities may be issued unless for U.S. federal income tax purposes they are fungible with the Securities initially issued hereunder. Such additional Securities will be deemed Securities for all purposes hereunder, including without limitation in determining

the necessary Holders who may take the actions or consent to the taking of actions as specified in this Indenture. Such additional Securities, together with the Securities originally issued hereunder, constitute a single series of Securities under this Indenture.

The Trustee shall act as the initial authenticating agent. Thereafter, the Trustee may appoint an authenticating agent acceptable to the Company to authenticate Securities. An authenticating agent may authenticate Securities whenever the Trustee may do so. Each reference in this Indenture to authentication by the Trustee includes authentication by such agent. An authenticating agent shall have the same rights as an Agent to deal with the Company or an Affiliate of the Company.

The Securities shall be issuable only in registered form without coupons and only in denominations of \$1,000 principal amount and any integral multiple thereof.

Section 2.03. *Registrar, Paying Agent and Conversion Agent.* The Company shall maintain one or more offices or agencies where Securities may be presented for registration of transfer or for exchange (each, a “**Registrar**”), one or more offices or agencies where Securities may be presented for payment (each, a “**Paying Agent**”), one or more offices or agencies where Securities may be presented for conversion (each, a “**Conversion Agent**”) and one or more offices or agencies where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities and this Indenture may be served. The Company will at all times maintain a Paying Agent, Conversion Agent, Registrar and an office or agency where notices and demands to or upon the Company in respect of the Securities and this Indenture may be served in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York. One of the Registrars (the “**Primary Registrar**”) shall keep a register of the Securities and of their registration of transfer and exchange. The Company shall give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the location, and any change in the location, of such office or agency.

The Company shall enter into an appropriate agency agreement with any Agent not a party to this Indenture. The agreement shall implement the provisions of this Indenture that relate to such Agent. The Company shall give prompt written notice to the Trustee of the name and address of any Agent not a party to this Indenture. If the Company fails to maintain a Registrar, Paying Agent, Conversion Agent or agent for service of notices and demands in any place required by this Indenture, or fails to give the foregoing notice, the Trustee shall act as such. The Company or any Affiliate of the Company may act as Paying Agent (except for the purposes of Section 6.01 and Article 10).

The Company hereby initially designates the Trustee as Paying Agent, Registrar, Custodian and Conversion Agent and each of the Corporate Trust

Office of the Trustee and the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York, as an office or agency of the Company for each of the aforesaid purposes.

Section 2.04. *Paying Agent to Hold Money in Trust.* Prior to 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on each due date of the principal of, premium, if any, any Extension Fee or interest on any Securities, the Company shall deposit with a Paying Agent a sum sufficient to pay such principal, premium, Extension Fee or interest so becoming due. A Paying Agent shall hold in trust for the benefit of Securityholders or the Trustee all money held by the Paying Agent for the payment of principal of, premium or interest on the Securities, and shall notify the Trustee of any default by the Company (or any other obligor on the Securities) in making any such payment. If the Company or an Affiliate of the Company acts as Paying Agent, it shall, before 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on each due date of the principal of, premium, if any, Extension Fee or interest on any Securities, segregate the money and hold it as a separate trust fund for the benefit of the Securityholders. The Company at any time may require a Paying Agent to pay all money held by it to the Trustee, and the Trustee may at any time during the continuance of any default, upon written request to a Paying Agent, require such Paying Agent to pay forthwith to the Trustee all sums so held in trust by such Paying Agent. Upon doing so, the Paying Agent (other than the Company) shall have no further liability for the money.

Section 2.05. *Securityholder Lists.* The Trustee shall preserve in as current a form as is reasonably practicable the most recent list available to it of the names and addresses of Securityholders, and the Trustee shall otherwise comply with TIA Section 312(a). If the Trustee is not the Primary Registrar, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee at least seven Business Days before each semiannual interest payment date, and at such other times as the Trustee may request in writing, a list in such form and as of such date as the Trustee may reasonably require of the names and addresses of Securityholders, and the Company shall otherwise comply with TIA Section 312(a).

Section 2.06. *Transfer and Exchange.*

(a) Subject to compliance with any applicable additional requirements contained in Section 2.12, when a Security is presented to a Registrar with a request to register a transfer thereof or to exchange such Security for an equal principal amount of Securities of other authorized denominations, the Registrar shall register the transfer or make the exchange as requested; *provided, however*, that every Security presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by an assignment form and, if applicable, a transfer certificate each in the form included in Exhibit A, and in form satisfactory to the Registrar duly executed by the Holder thereof or its attorney duly authorized in writing. To permit registration of transfers and

exchanges, upon surrender of any Security for registration of transfer or exchange at an office or agency maintained pursuant to Section 2.03, the Company shall execute and the Trustee shall authenticate Securities of a like aggregate principal amount at the Registrar's request. Any exchange or registration of transfer shall be without charge, except that the Company or the Registrar may require payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto, and provided, that this sentence shall not apply to any exchange pursuant to Sections 2.07, 2.10, 3.07, 4.03 (last paragraph) or 11.06.

Neither the Company, any Registrar nor the Trustee shall be required to exchange or register a transfer of (i) any Securities for a period of 15 days next preceding any mailing of a notice of Securities to be redeemed, (ii) any Securities or portions thereof selected or called for redemption (except, in the case of redemption of a Security in part, the portion thereof not to be redeemed) or (iii) any Securities or portions thereof in respect of which a Repurchase Exercise Notice pursuant to Section 3.08(c) hereof has been delivered and not withdrawn by the Holder thereof (except, in the case of the purchase of a Security in part, the portion thereof not to be purchased).

All Securities issued upon any transfer or exchange of Securities shall be valid obligations of the Company, evidencing the same debt and entitled to the same benefits under this Indenture, as the Securities surrendered upon such transfer or exchange.

(b) Any Registrar appointed pursuant to Section 2.03 hereof shall provide to the Trustee such information as the Trustee may reasonably require in connection with the delivery by such Registrar of Securities upon transfer or exchange of Securities.

(c) Each Holder agrees to indemnify the Company, each Registrar and the Trustee against any liability that may result from the registration of transfer, exchange or assignment of such Holder's Security in violation of any provision of this Indenture and/or applicable United States federal or state securities law.

The Trustee shall have no obligation or duty to monitor, determine or inquire as to compliance with any restrictions on transfer imposed under this Indenture or under applicable law with respect to any transfer of any interest in any Security (including any transfers between or among Agent Members or other beneficial owners of interests in any Global Security) other than to require delivery of such certificates and other documentation or evidence as are expressly required by, and to do so if and when expressly required by the terms of, this Indenture, and to examine the same to determine substantial compliance as to form with the express requirements hereof.

Section 2.07. *Replacement Securities.* If any mutilated Security is surrendered to the Company, a Registrar or the Trustee, or the Trustee receives evidence to its satisfaction of the destruction, loss or theft of any Security, and there is delivered to the Company, the applicable Registrar and the Trustee such security or indemnity as will be required by them to save each of them harmless, then, in the absence of notice to the Company, such Registrar or the Trustee that such Security has been acquired by a protected purchaser, the Company shall execute, and upon its written request the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, in exchange for any such mutilated Security or in lieu of any such destroyed, lost or stolen Security, a new Security of like tenor and principal amount, bearing a number not contemporaneously outstanding.

In case any such mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security has become or is about to become due and payable, or is about to be redeemed or purchased by the Company pursuant to Article 3, the Company in its discretion may, instead of issuing a new Security, pay, redeem or purchase such Security, as the case may be.

Upon the issuance of any new Securities under this Section 2.07, the Company may require the payment of a sum sufficient to cover any tax or other governmental charge that may be imposed in relation thereto and any other reasonable expenses (including the reasonable fees and expenses of the Trustee or the Registrar) in connection therewith.

Every new Security issued pursuant to this Section 2.07 in lieu of any mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall constitute an original additional contractual obligation of the Company, whether or not the mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Security shall be at any time enforceable by anyone, and shall be entitled to all benefits of this Indenture equally and proportionately with any and all other Securities duly issued hereunder.

The provisions of this Section 2.07 are (to the extent lawful) exclusive and shall preclude (to the extent lawful) all other rights and remedies with respect to the replacement or payment of mutilated, destroyed, lost or stolen Securities.

Section 2.08. *Outstanding Securities.* Securities outstanding at any time are all Securities authenticated by the Trustee, except for those canceled by it, those converted pursuant to Article 4, those delivered to it for cancellation or surrendered for transfer or exchange and those described in this Section 2.08 as not outstanding.

If a Security is replaced pursuant to Section 2.07, it ceases to be outstanding unless the Trustee receives proof satisfactory to it that the replaced Security is held by a protected purchaser.

If a Paying Agent (other than the Company or an Affiliate of the Company) holds on a Redemption Date, a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date or the Final Maturity Date money sufficient to pay the principal of, premium, if any, any Extension Fees and accrued interest on Securities (or portions thereof) payable on that date, then on and after such Redemption Date, Fundamental Change Repurchase Date or the Final Maturity Date, as the case may be, such Securities (or portions thereof, as the case may be) shall cease to be outstanding and interest on them shall cease to accrue; *provided*, that if such Securities are to be redeemed, notice of such redemption has been duly given pursuant to this Indenture or provision therefor satisfactory to the Trustee has been made.

Subject to the restrictions contained in Section 2.09, a Security does not cease to be outstanding because the Company or an Affiliate of the Company holds the Security.

Section 2.09. *Treasury Securities.* In determining whether the Holders of the required principal amount of Securities have concurred in any notice, direction, waiver or consent, Securities owned by the Company or any other obligor on the Securities or by any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor shall be disregarded, except that, for purposes of determining whether the Trustee shall be protected in relying on any such notice, direction, waiver or consent, only Securities that a Responsible Officer of the Trustee actually knows are so owned shall be so disregarded. Securities so owned that have been pledged in good faith shall not be disregarded if the pledgee establishes to the satisfaction of the Trustee the pledgee's right so to act with respect to the Securities and that the pledgee is not the Company or any other obligor on the Securities or any Affiliate of the Company or of such other obligor.

Section 2.10. *Temporary Securities.* Until definitive Securities are ready for delivery, the Company may prepare and execute, and, upon receipt of a Company Order, the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver, temporary Securities. Temporary Securities shall be substantially in the form of definitive Securities but may have variations that the Company considers appropriate for temporary Securities and as shall be reasonably acceptable to the Trustee. Without unreasonable delay, the Company shall prepare and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, shall authenticate and deliver definitive Securities in exchange for temporary Securities.

Holders of temporary Securities shall be entitled to all the benefits of this Indenture.

Section 2.11. *Cancellation.* The Company at any time may deliver Securities to the Trustee for cancellation. The Registrar, the Paying Agent and the Conversion Agent shall forward to the Trustee or its agent any Securities surrendered to them for registration of transfer, exchange, redemption, payment or

conversion. The Trustee (and no one else) shall promptly cancel, in accordance with its standard procedures, all Securities surrendered for registration of transfer, exchange, redemption, payment, conversion or cancellation and shall dispose of canceled Securities (subject to the record retention requirements of the Exchange Act), in accordance with its standard procedures. All Securities that are redeemed or repurchased by the Company in connection with a Fundamental Change prior to the Final Maturity Date shall be delivered to the Trustee for cancellation. The Company may not hold or resell such Securities or issue new Securities to replace Securities that it has redeemed or repurchased in connection with a Fundamental Change or that have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation.

Section 2.12. *Additional Transfer and Exchange Requirements.*

(a) A Global Security may not be transferred, in whole or in part, to any Person other than the Depository or a nominee or any successor thereof, and no such transfer to any such other Person may be registered; *provided* that the foregoing shall not prohibit any transfer of a Security that is issued in exchange for a Global Security but is not itself a Global Security. No transfer of a Security to any Person shall be effective under this Indenture or the Securities unless and until such Security has been registered in the name of such Person. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture or the Securities, transfers of a Global Security, in whole or in part, shall be made only in accordance with this Section 2.12.

(b) The provisions of clauses (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv) below shall apply only to Global Securities:

(i) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Indenture or the Securities, a Global Security shall not be exchanged in whole or in part for a Security registered in the name of any Person other than the Depository or one or more nominees thereof; *provided* that a Global Security may be exchanged for Securities registered in the names of any person designated by the Depository in the event that (A) the Depository has notified the Company that it is unwilling or unable to continue as Depository for such Global Security or such Depository has ceased to be a “clearing agency” registered under the Exchange Act, and a successor Depository is not appointed by the Company within 90 days, (B) the Company has provided the Depository with written notice that it has decided to discontinue use of the system of book-entry transfer through the Depository or any successor Depository or (C) an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing. Any Global Security exchanged pursuant to clauses (A) or (B) above shall be so exchanged in whole and not in part, and any Global Security exchanged pursuant to clause (C) above may be exchanged in whole or from time to time in part as directed by the Depository. Any Security issued in exchange for a Global Security or any

portion thereof shall be a Global Security; *provided* that any such Security so issued that is registered in the name of a Person other than the Depositary or a nominee thereof shall not be a Global Security.

(ii) Securities issued in exchange for a Global Security or any portion thereof shall be issued in definitive, fully-registered book entry form, without interest coupons, shall have an aggregate principal amount equal to that of such Global Security or portion thereof to be so exchanged, shall be registered in such names and be in such authorized denominations as the Depositary shall designate and shall bear any applicable legend provided for herein. Any Global Security to be exchanged in whole shall be surrendered by the Depositary to the Trustee, as Registrar. With regard to any Global Security to be exchanged in part, either such Global Security shall be so surrendered for exchange or, if the Trustee is acting as custodian for the Depositary or its nominee with respect to such Global Security, the principal amount thereof shall be reduced, by an amount equal to the portion thereof to be so exchanged, by means of an appropriate adjustment made on the records of the Trustee. Upon any such surrender or adjustment, the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver the Security issuable on such exchange to or upon the order of the Depositary or an authorized representative thereof; *provided, however*, that any Global Security surrendered for exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in accordance with the proviso to the first paragraph of Section 2.06(a).

(iii) Subject to the provisions of clause (v) below, the registered Holder may grant proxies and otherwise authorize any Person, including Agent Members and persons that may hold interests through Agent Members, to take any action which a Holder is entitled to take under this Indenture or the Securities.

(iv) In the event of the occurrence of any of the events specified in clause (i) above, the Company will promptly make available to the Trustee a reasonable supply of Certificated Securities in definitive, fully registered form, without interest coupons.

(v) Neither Agent Members nor any other Persons on whose behalf Agent Members may act shall have any rights under this Indenture with respect to any Global Security registered in the name of the Depositary or any nominee thereof, or under any such Global Security, and the Depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, may be treated by the Company, the Trustee and any agent of the Company or the Trustee as the absolute owner and holder of such Global Security for all purposes whatsoever. Notwithstanding the foregoing, nothing herein shall prevent the Company, the Trustee or any agent of the Company or the Trustee

from giving effect to any written certification, proxy or other authorization furnished by the Depositary or such nominee, as the case may be, or impair, as between the Depositary, its Agent Members and any other person on whose behalf an Agent Member may act, the operation of customary practices of such Persons governing the exercise of the rights of a holder of any Security.

(c) In the event that Certificated Securities are issued in exchange for beneficial interests in Global Securities and, thereafter, the events or conditions specified in Section 2.12(b)(i) which required such exchange shall cease to exist, the Company shall deliver notice to the Trustee and to the Holders stating that Holders may exchange Certificated Securities for interests in Global Securities by complying with the procedures set forth in this Indenture and briefly describing such procedures and the events or circumstances requiring that such notice be given. Thereafter, if Certificated Securities are presented by a Holder to a Registrar with a request:

- (i) to register the transfer of such Certificated Securities to a person who will take delivery thereof in the form of a beneficial interest in a Global Security; or
- (ii) to exchange such Certificated Securities for an equal principal amount of beneficial interests in a Global Security, which beneficial interests will be owned by the Holder transferring such Certificated Securities,

the Registrar shall register the transfer or make the exchange as requested by canceling such Certificated Securities and causing, or directing the Custodian to cause, the aggregate principal amount of the applicable Global Security to be increased accordingly and, if no such Global Security is then outstanding, the Company shall issue and the Trustee, upon receipt of a Company Order, shall authenticate and deliver a new Global Security; *provided, however*, that the Certificated Securities presented or surrendered for registration of transfer or exchange shall be duly endorsed or accompanied by a written instrument of transfer in accordance with the proviso to the first paragraph of Section 2.06(a).

Section 2.13. *CUSIP Numbers.* The Company in issuing the Securities may use one or more “CUSIP” numbers (if then generally in use), and, if so, the Trustee shall use “CUSIP” numbers in notices of redemption or purchase as a convenience to Holders; *provided* that any such notice may state that no representation is made as to the correctness of such numbers either as printed on the Securities or as contained in any notice of a redemption or purchase and that reliance may be placed only on the other identification numbers printed on the Securities, and any such redemption or purchase shall not be affected by any defect in or omission of such numbers. The Company will promptly notify the Trustee of any change in the “CUSIP” numbers.

Section 2.14. *Repurchases.* The Company may from time to time repurchase the Securities in tender offers, open market purchases or negotiated transactions at any price without prior notice to Securityholders.

ARTICLE 3
REDEMPTION AND PURCHASES

Section 3.01. *Optional Redemption.* (a) The Company shall not have the option to redeem the Securities pursuant to this Section 3.01 prior to April 16, 2010. The Securities may be redeemed, at the option of the Company, on or after April 16, 2010, in whole or in part, in cash but only if the Sale Price of the Common Stock for at least 20 Trading Days of the 30 consecutive Trading Days immediately prior to the day the Company gives a notice of redemption is greater than 130% of the Applicable Conversion Price on the date of such notice, at a Redemption Price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Securities to be redeemed together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the principal amount of the Securities redeemed to, but not including, the date of redemption.

(b) The Company shall make at least six semi-annual interest payments (including interest payments on October 15, 2007 and April 15, 2010) in the full amount required by this Indenture before it may redeem the Securities.

(c) Any redemption pursuant to this Section 3.01 shall be made pursuant to the provisions of Sections 3.02 through 3.07 hereof.

Section 3.02. *Right to Redeem; Notice to Trustee.* If the Company elects to redeem Securities pursuant to Section 3.01, it shall furnish to the Trustee at least 25 but not more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date as fixed by the Company (unless a shorter notice shall be satisfactory to the Trustee) an Officers' Certificate setting forth the Redemption Date and the principal amount of Securities to be redeemed. If fewer than all of the Securities are to be redeemed, the record date relating to such redemption shall be selected by the Company and given to the Trustee, which record date shall not be less than 10 days after the date of notice to the Trustee.

Section 3.03. *Selection of Securities to Be Redeemed.* If fewer than all of the Securities are to be redeemed, unless the procedures of the Depositary provide otherwise, the Trustee shall, at least 20 days but not more than 60 days prior to the Redemption Date, select the Securities to be redeemed and promptly notify the Company in writing of its selection. The Trustee shall make the selection from the Securities outstanding and not previously called for redemption, by lot, on a pro rata basis or by any other method the Trustee considers fair and appropriate.

Securities in denominations of \$1,000 may only be redeemed in whole. The Trustee may select for redemption portions (equal to \$1,000 or any integral multiple thereof) of the principal of Securities that have denominations larger than \$1,000. Provisions of this Indenture that apply to Securities called for redemption also apply to portions of Securities called for redemption.

If any Security selected for partial redemption is converted in part before termination of the conversion right with respect to the portion of the Security so selected, the converted portion of such Security shall be deemed to be the portion selected for redemption. Securities which have been converted during a selection of Securities to be redeemed shall be treated by the Trustee as outstanding for the purpose of such selection.

Section 3.04. *Notice of Redemption.* At least 20 days but not more than 60 days before a Redemption Date, the Company shall deliver a notice of redemption to each Holder of Securities to be redeemed at such Holder's registered address.

The notice shall identify the Securities (including CUSIP numbers) to be redeemed and shall state:

- (a) the Redemption Date;
- (b) the Redemption Price;
- (c) the Applicable Conversion Rate;
- (d) the name and address of each Paying Agent and Conversion Agent;
- (e) that Securities called for redemption must be presented and surrendered to a Paying Agent to collect the Redemption Price;
- (f) that Holders who wish to convert Securities must surrender such Securities for conversion no later than the close of business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date;
- (g) that, unless the Company defaults in making the payment of the Redemption Price, interest on Securities called for redemption shall cease accruing on and after the Redemption Date and the only remaining right of the Holder shall be to receive payment of the Redemption Price plus accrued interest, if any, up to but not including the Redemption Date, upon presentation and surrender to a Paying Agent of the Securities; and
- (h) if any Security is being redeemed in part, the portion of the principal amount of such Security to be redeemed and that, after the Redemption Date, upon presentation and surrender of such Security, a new Security or Securities in aggregate principal amount equal to the unredeemed portion thereof will be issued.

If any of the Securities to be redeemed is in the form of a Global Security, then the Company shall modify such notice to the extent necessary to accord with the procedures of the Depositary applicable to redemptions. At the Company's written request to the Trustee, upon reasonable prior notice, which request shall (i) be irrevocable once given and (ii) set forth all relevant information required by clauses (a) through (h) of the preceding paragraph, the Trustee shall give the Redemption Notice in the Company's name and at the Company's expense.

Section 3.05. *Effect of Notice of Redemption.* Once a Redemption Notice is mailed, Securities called for redemption become due and payable on the Redemption Date and at the Redemption Price stated in the notice, together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, except for Securities that are converted in accordance with the provisions of Article 4. Upon presentation and surrender to a Paying Agent, Securities called for redemption shall be paid at the Redemption Price, plus accrued interest up to but not including the Redemption Date; *provided* that if the Redemption Date falls after an interest payment record date and on or before an interest payment date, then the interest will be payable to the Holders in whose name the Securities are registered at the close of business on the interest payment record date.

Section 3.06. *Deposit of Redemption Price.* At least one Business Day prior to the Redemption Date, the Company shall deposit with a Paying Agent (or, if the Company acts as Paying Agent, shall segregate and hold in trust) an amount of money sufficient to pay the Redemption Price of and accrued interest on all Securities to be redeemed on that date, other than Securities or portions thereof called for redemption on that date which have been delivered by the Company to the Trustee for cancellation or have been converted. The Paying Agent shall as promptly as practicable return to the Company any money not required for that purpose because of the conversion of Securities pursuant to Article 4 or, if such money is then held by the Company in trust and is not required for such purpose, it shall be discharged from the trust.

Section 3.07. *Securities Redeemed in Part.* In case of any redemption in part, the Company shall not be required to (a) issue, register the transfer of or exchange any Security during a period of 15 days before the mailing of the Redemption Notice; or (b) register the transfer of or exchange any Security so selected for redemption, in whole or in part, except the unredeemed portion of any Security being redeemed in part. Upon presentation and surrender of a Security that is redeemed in part, the Company shall execute and, upon the Company's written request, the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the Holder, at the expense of the Company, a new Security equal in principal amount to the unredeemed portion of the Security surrendered.

Section 3.08. *Repurchase at Option of the Holder upon a Fundamental Change.*

(a) Subject to the satisfaction of the requirements of this Section 3.08, if a Fundamental Change occurs, each Holder will, upon receipt of the notice of the occurrence of a Fundamental Change described in Section 3.08(b), have the right to require the Company to repurchase for cash any or all of such Holder's Securities not previously called for redemption, or any portion of those Securities that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000, on the date (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Date**") that is 45 days after the date the Company gives the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Securities to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to (but excluding) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Price**").

(b) Within 30 days after the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, the Company shall provide to all Holders of the Securities, the Trustee and the Paying Agent a notice of the occurrence of the Fundamental Change and of the resulting repurchase right (the "**Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice**").

(c) To exercise the repurchase right in connection with a Fundamental Change, a Holder must, prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the 30 day after the date of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice, deliver the Securities to be repurchased to the Paying Agent, duly endorsed for transfer, or effect book-entry transfer of the Securities to the Paying Agent, and must deliver a written notice of repurchase (a "**Repurchase Exercise Notice**"), substantially in the form included in Exhibit A hereto, duly completed to the Paying Agent. The Repurchase Exercise Notice must state:

(i) if the Securities are certificated, the certificate numbers of the Securities to be delivered for repurchase;

(ii) the portion of the principal amount of the Securities to be repurchased, which must be equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof; and

(iii) that the Securities are to be repurchased by the Company as of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date pursuant to the applicable provisions of the Securities and this Indenture.

If the Securities are not in certificated form, the Repurchase Exercise Notice must comply with the Applicable Procedures.

A Holder may withdraw any Repurchase Exercise Notice (in whole or in part) by a written notice of withdrawal delivered to the Paying Agent prior to 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date. The notice of withdrawal must state:

- (i) the principal amount of the Securities for which the Repurchase Exercise Notice has been withdrawn;
- (ii) if certificated Securities have been issued, the certificate numbers of the withdrawn Securities; and
- (iii) the principal amount, if any, that remains subject to the Repurchase Notice.

If the Securities are not in certificated form, the withdrawal notice must comply with the Applicable Procedures.

(d) The Company shall promptly pay the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price for Securities surrendered for repurchase following the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date.

Section 3.09. *Compliance with Securities Laws upon Purchase of Securities.* In connection with any offer to purchase or purchase of Securities under Section 3.08, the Company shall comply with all tender offer rules applicable to the Company under the Exchange Act. The Company shall (a) comply with Rule 13e-4 and Rule 14e-1 (or any successor to either such Rule), if applicable, under the Exchange Act, (b) file the related Schedule TO (or any successor or similar schedule, form or report) if required under the Exchange Act, and (c) otherwise comply with all federal and state securities laws in connection with such offer to purchase or purchase of Securities, all so as to permit the rights of the Holders and obligations of the Company under Sections 3.08 and 4.08 to be exercised in the time and in the manner specified therein. To the extent that the provisions of any securities laws or regulations conflict with the provisions of this Section 3.09, the Company will comply with the applicable securities laws and regulations and will not be deemed to have breached its obligations under this Section 3.09 by virtue of such conflict.

Section 3.10. *Repayment to the Company.* To the extent that the aggregate amount of cash deposited by the Company pursuant to Section 3.08 exceeds the aggregate Fundamental Change Repurchase Price together with interest, if any, thereon of the Securities or portions thereof that the Company is obligated to purchase, then promptly after the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, the Trustee or a Paying Agent, as the case may be, shall return any such excess cash to the Company.

ARTICLE 4
CONVERSION

Section 4.01. *Right to Convert.* (a) Subject to and upon compliance with the provisions of this Indenture, at any time prior to the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date, a Holder of any Security shall have the right, at such Holder's option, to convert the Security, unless such Security has been previously redeemed or repurchased, at the Conversion Rate only upon the occurrence of one of the following events:

(i) during any fiscal quarter (and only during such fiscal quarter) after the quarter ending June 30, 2007, if the Sale Price of the Common Stock exceeds 130% of the Applicable Conversion Price per share of Common Stock for at least 20 Trading Days during the period of 30 consecutive Trading Days ending on the last Trading Day of the immediately preceding fiscal quarter;

(ii) during the five Business Day period immediately after any ten consecutive Trading Day period (the "**Measurement Period**") in which the Trading Price per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities (as determined following a request by a Holder of Securities as set forth below) for each day of such Measurement Period was less than 98% of the product of the Sale Price of the Common Stock on the applicable date and the Applicable Conversion Rate;

(iii) if (A) the Company (1) elects to distribute to all holders of the Common Stock rights or warrants entitling them to purchase, for a period expiring within 60 days after the distribution of such rights or warrants, shares of Common Stock at a price per share that is less than the average Sale Price of a share of Common Stock over the five consecutive Trading Day period ending on the Trading Day immediately preceding the announcement of the distribution, or (2) elects to distribute to all holders of Common Stock cash, assets, debt securities or certain rights to purchase its securities, which distribution has a per share value as determined in good faith by the Company's Board of Directors exceeding 10% of the average Sale Price of a share of Common Stock for the five consecutive Trading Day period ending on the Trading Day immediately preceding the announcement of the distribution, then, in either case, the Company shall notify the Holders at least 20 Trading Days prior to the Ex-Dividend Date for such distribution. After the Company has given such notice, the Securities may be surrendered for conversion at any time until the earlier of the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Ex-Dividend Date or the date the Company publicly announces that such distribution will not take place, even if the Securities are not otherwise convertible at such time; *provided* that no Holder of Securities may elect this right to convert if the Holder otherwise may participate in the distribution without conversion; or

(B) a transaction described in clauses (a) or (b) of the definition of Change of Control occurs, then the Securities may be surrendered for conversion at any time from and after the date that is 15 days prior to the anticipated effective date of the transaction and ending on and including the date that is 15 days after the effective date of the transaction (or if such transaction also constitutes a Fundamental Change, until the corresponding Fundamental Change Repurchase Date). The Company shall notify the Holders and the Trustee as promptly as practicable following the date of public announcement of such transaction, which shall not be less than fifteen days prior to the anticipated effective date of such transaction; or

(iv) at any time prior to the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date, even if the Securities are not otherwise convertible at such time.

(v) at any time on or after March 15, 2012.

Upon receipt by the Conversion Agent of a Conversion Notice from a Holder of Securities pursuant to clause (i) above, the Conversion Agent shall inform the Company of such request and the Company shall thereupon furnish to the Conversion Agent an Officers' Certificate stating whether the Securities are then convertible pursuant to clause (i) above and setting forth in reasonable detail the Company's basis for such determination. Upon receipt of such Officers' Certificate, if the Company has determined that the Securities are then convertible in accordance with clause (i) above, the Conversion Agent shall, based solely on its review of the information contained in such Officer's Certificate, confirm or refute the Company's determination. If the Conversion Agent confirms that the Securities are then convertible pursuant to clause (i) above, the Conversion Agent shall promptly deliver written notice thereof to the Company (and, if the Conversion Agent is other than the Trustee, to the Trustee). In any event, the Company shall be obligated at all times to determine whether the Securities shall be convertible as a result of the occurrence of an event specified in clause (i) above.

The Trustee shall have no obligation to determine the Trading Price of the Securities under clause (ii) above unless the Company has requested such determination; and the Company shall have no obligation to make such request unless a Holder of Securities provides the Company with reasonable evidence that the Trading Price per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities would be less than 98% of the product of the Sale Price of the Common Stock and the Applicable

Conversion Rate. If such evidence is provided, the Company shall instruct the Trustee to determine the Trading Price of the Securities beginning on the next Trading Day and on each successive Trading Day until the Trading Price of the Securities is greater than or equal to 98% of the product of the Sale Price of the Common Stock and the Applicable Conversion Rate.

At the effective date of the transaction as set forth under clause (iii) above, the value of cash and/or shares of Common Stock delivered at settlement will be based on the kind and amount of cash, securities or other property that the Holder would have received had the Holder converted its Security immediately prior to the transaction, subject to adjustment as set forth in Section 4.07, in which case settlement of conversion of Securities will occur following the effective date of the transaction as set forth in Section 4.07.

(b) A Security in respect of which a Holder is electing to exercise its option to require repurchase upon a Fundamental Change pursuant to Section 3.08 may be converted only if such holder withdraws its election in accordance with Section 3.08(c). A Holder of Securities is not entitled to any rights of a holder of Common Stock until such Holder has converted such Securities for Common Stock, and only to the extent such Securities are deemed to have been converted for Common Stock under this Article 4.

Section 4.02. *Conversion Rate.* Each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities shall be convertible into _____ shares of Common Stock (the “**Conversion Rate**”), subject to adjustment as provided in this Article 4. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event will the total number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Securities exceed _____ per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, subject to adjustment in the same manner as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 4.07. The Company may choose to deliver, in lieu of shares of Common Stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock as set forth in Section 4.04.

Section 4.03. *Conversion Procedures.* To convert a Security, a Holder must (a) complete and manually sign the conversion notice on the back of the Security (“**Conversion Notice**”) or a facsimile of the Conversion Notice and deliver such notice to a Conversion Agent, (b) surrender the Security to a Conversion Agent, (c) furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents if required by a Registrar or a Conversion Agent, (d) pay any transfer or similar tax, if required and (e) pay funds equal to interest payable on the next interest payment date, if required. The date on which the Holder satisfies all of those requirements is the “**Conversion Date**”. Anything herein to the contrary notwithstanding, in the case of Global Securities, Conversion Notices may be delivered and such Securities may be surrendered for conversion in accordance with the Applicable Procedures as in effect from time to time.

The Person in whose name the Common Stock certificate is registered shall be deemed to be a stockholder of record at 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the applicable Conversion Date; *provided, however*, that if the Conversion Date is a date when the stock transfer books of the Company are closed, such Person shall be deemed a stockholder of record on the next date on which the stock transfer books of the Company are open; *provided further* that such conversion shall be at the Applicable Conversion Rate as if the stock transfer books of the Company had not been closed on the Conversion Date.

Upon conversion of a Security, a Holder will not receive any cash payment of interest (unless such conversion occurs between a Record Date and the related Interest Payment Date), and the Company will not adjust the Applicable Conversion Rate to account for accrued and unpaid interest on the Security being converted. Delivery to the Holder of the full number of shares of Common Stock into which the Security is convertible, or cash or a combination of shares of Common Stock and cash, including at the Company's election, any cash payment for fractional shares pursuant to Section 4.06, will be deemed to satisfy the Company's obligation with respect to such Security. Any accrued but unpaid interest will be deemed to be paid in full upon conversion rather than canceled, extinguished or forfeited.

Holders of Securities at the close of business on a Record Date will receive payment of interest payable on the related Interest Payment Date notwithstanding the conversion of such Securities at any time after 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the Record Date and prior to the related Interest Payment Date. Securities or portions thereof surrendered for conversion during the period from 5:00 p.m., New York City time on a Record Date to 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the Business Day immediately preceding the related Interest Payment Date shall be accompanied by payment to the Company or its order, in immediately available funds or other funds acceptable to the Company, of an amount equal to the interest payable on such Interest Payment Date with respect to the principal amount of Securities or portions thereof being surrendered for conversion; *provided* that no such payment need be made (1) following 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the regular Record Date immediately preceding the final Interest Payment Date, (2) if the Company has specified a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date that occurs during the period from 5:00 p.m., New York City time on a Record Date to 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the related Interest Payment Date, (3) to the extent any overdue interest exists on the Conversion Date with respect to the Securities converted, but only to the extent of such overdue interest, or (4) if the Company has specified a Redemption Date that is after a Record Date and on or prior to the corresponding Interest Payment Date.

If a Holder converts more than one Security at the same time, the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon the conversion shall be based on the aggregate principal amount of Securities converted.

Upon surrender of a Security that is converted in part, the Company shall execute, and the Trustee shall authenticate and deliver to the holder, a new Security equal in principal amount to the principal amount of the unconverted portion of the Security surrendered.

Section 4.04. *Payment upon Conversion.* Upon the conversion of a Security, subject to Section 4.03, the Company shall pay cash and/or deliver shares of Common Stock, as set forth below, to the Holder through the Conversion Agent. No payment or adjustment shall be made for dividends on, or other distributions with respect to, any Common Stock except as provided in this Article 4.

(a) If the Company receives a Conversion Notice on or prior to the date that is twelve Scheduled Trading Days immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date (the “**Final Notice Date**”), subject to Section 4.04(c) the following procedures shall apply:

If the Company elects to satisfy all or any portion of its obligation to convert the Securities (the “**Conversion Obligation**”) in cash (a “**Cash Election**”), the Company will notify the Holder through the Trustee of the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which shall be expressed either as 100% of the Conversion Obligation or as a fixed dollar amount) at any time on or before the date that is two Business Days following the Conversion Date (the “**Cash Settlement Notice Period**”). If the Company timely makes a Cash Election, Holders of Securities may retract their Conversion Notices at any time during the two Business Day period following the final day of the Cash Settlement Notice Period (the “**Conversion Retraction Period**”). Upon the expiration of a Conversion Retraction Period, a Conversion Notice shall be irrevocable. No such retraction can be made (and a Conversion Notice shall be irrevocable) if the Company does not elect to deliver cash in lieu of Common Stock (other than cash in lieu of fractional shares). Settlement (in cash or in cash and shares of Common Stock) following a Cash Election will occur on the Business Day following the final day of the ten Trading Day period beginning on the day after the final day of the Conversion Retraction Period (the “**Cash Settlement Averaging Period**”).

If the Company does not elect to satisfy any part of the Conversion Obligation in cash (other than cash in lieu of any fractional shares) (a “**Share Election**”), delivery of shares of Common Stock into which the Securities are converted (and cash in lieu of any fractional shares) will be made through the Conversion Agent or the Depositary, as the case may be, as soon as practicable on or after the Conversion Date.

Settlement amounts will be computed as follows:

(i) If the Company makes a Share Election, it will deliver to Holders surrendering Securities for conversion a number of shares of Common Stock equal to (a) the aggregate original principal amount of Securities to be converted divided by \$1,000 multiplied by (b) the Applicable Conversion Rate.

(ii) If the Company makes a Cash Election and elects to satisfy its entire Conversion Obligation in cash, the Company will deliver to Holders surrendering Securities for conversion cash in an amount equal to the product of:

(A) the aggregate principal amount of Securities to be converted divided by \$1,000;

(B) the Applicable Conversion Rate; and

(C) the sum of the Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Stock divided by ten for each of the ten consecutive Trading Days in the Cash Settlement Averaging Period.

(iii) If the Company makes a Cash Election and elects to satisfy in cash a fixed portion (other than 100%) of the Conversion Obligation, the Company will deliver to Holders surrendering Securities for conversion, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, cash in any amount specified by the Company ("**Specified Cash Amount**") and a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the greater of (A) zero and (B) the excess, if any, of the number of shares of Common Stock calculated as if the Company elected to satisfy the entire conversion obligation in shares of Common Stock over the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the sum of the quotients, calculated for each day of the ten Trading Days in the Cash Settlement Averaging Period, of (x) the Specified Cash Amount divided by the number of days in the Cash Settlement Averaging Period divided by (y) the Volume Weighted Average Price of the Common Stock on such Trading Day.

(iv) If the Company irrevocably elects ("**Irrevocable Election**") to satisfy the Conversion Obligation for the remaining term of the Securities in cash for up to 100% of the principal amount of Securities converted, the Company will deliver to Holders, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities surrendered for conversion, cash in an amount equal to the lesser of (A) \$1,000 and (B) the Conversion Value (the "**Required Cash Amount**"); and if the Conversion Value is greater than \$1,000, a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the sum of the Daily Share Amounts for each of the ten Trading Days in the Cash Settlement Averaging Period, subject to the Company's right to deliver cash in lieu of all or a portion of such shares calculated in the manner set forth above.

The Company will pay cash for all fractional shares of Common Stock in an amount based on the Sale Price of the Common Stock on the Trading Day immediately preceding the Conversion Date.

(b) If the Company receives a Conversion Notice after the Final Notice Date, the following procedures shall apply:

If the Company makes a Cash Election, the Company will not send individual notices of such election. Instead, if the Company makes a Cash Election, the Company will send a single notice to Holders indicating the dollar amount to be satisfied in cash (which shall be expressed either as 100% of the Conversion Obligation or as a fixed dollar amount). Holders will not be allowed to retract their Conversion Notices. Settlement amounts will be computed and settlement dates will be determined in the same manner as set forth under paragraph (a) above, except that the Cash Settlement Averaging Period shall be the ten consecutive Trading Day period beginning on the twelfth Scheduled Trading Day immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date. Settlement (in cash and/or shares of Common Stock) will occur on the Business Day following the final day of such Cash Settlement Averaging Period.

(c) If the Company makes the Irrevocable Election, the following procedures shall apply:

If the Company chooses to satisfy all or any portion of the Conversion Value in excess of \$1,000 in cash, the Company will provide notice of such election in the same manner as set forth above under either clause (a) or (b), as applicable. If the Company chooses to satisfy all of the Conversion Value in excess of \$1,000 in shares of Common Stock, notice of election to deliver cash for the principal amount will be deemed to have been provided on the last date of the Cash Settlement Notice Period and a Holder will not be allowed to retract its Conversion Notice. Settlement amounts will be computed and settlement dates will be determined in the same manner as set forth above under either clause (a) or (b), as applicable.

Section 4.05. *Exchange in Lieu of Conversion.* (a) In lieu of its obligations pursuant to Section 4.04, the Company may, at its option, direct the Conversion Agent to surrender, on or prior to the commencement of the Cash Settlement Averaging Period, Securities tendered for conversion to a financial institution (the “**Financial Institution**”) designated by the Company for exchange in lieu of conversion. In order to accept any Securities surrendered for conversion, the Financial Institution must agree to deliver, in exchange for the Securities, cash, shares of Common Stock or a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock,

equal to the consideration due upon conversion in accordance with Section 4.04 above. By 5:00 p.m., New York City time on the Trading Day immediately preceding the start of the Cash Settlement Averaging Period, the Company will notify the Holder surrendering Securities for conversion that it has designated a Financial Institution to make an exchange in lieu of conversion and such Financial Institution will be required to notify the Conversion Agent whether it will deliver, upon exchange, cash, shares of Common Stock or a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock.

If the Financial Institution accepts any such Securities, it shall deliver cash, shares of Common Stock, or combination of cash and Common Stock, as the case may be, to the Conversion Agent and the Conversion Agent shall deliver such cash, shares of Common Stock, or combination of cash and Common Stock, as the case may be, to the Holder who has tendered such Securities for conversion. If the Financial Institution agrees to accept any Securities for exchange but does not timely deliver the related consideration, or if the Financial Institution does not accept the Securities for exchange, the Company shall, as promptly as practical thereafter, but not later than the third Trading Day immediately following the last day of the Cash Settlement Averaging Period, convert such Securities into cash, shares of Common Stock, or a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock, if any, as provided in Section 4.04 above.

The Company's designation of a financial institution to which the Securities may be submitted for exchange does not require the institution to accept any Securities. The Company will not pay consideration to, or otherwise enter into any agreement with, the Financial Institution for or with respect to such designation.

Section 4.06. *Cash Payments in Lieu of Fractional Shares.* No fractional shares of Common Stock or scrip certificates representing fractional shares shall be issued upon conversion of Securities. If more than one Security shall be surrendered for convert at one time by the same Holder, the number of full shares of Common Stock that shall be issuable upon conversion shall be computed on the basis of the aggregate principal amount of the Securities (or specified portions thereof to the extent permitted hereby) so surrendered.

Section 4.07. *Adjustment of Conversion Rate.* (a) The Conversion Rate shall be adjusted, and thereafter the Applicable Conversion Rate shall be adjusted, from time to time by the Company as follows:

(i) In case the Company shall issue shares of Common Stock as a dividend or distribution on its Common Stock or subdivide or combine its outstanding Common Stock, the Applicable Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_1}{OS_0}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Applicable Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Ex Date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- CR₁ = the Applicable Conversion Rate in effect immediately on and after the Ex Date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be;
- OS₀ = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex Date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be; and
- OS₁ = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately on and after the Ex Date for such dividend or distribution or the effective date of such subdivision or combination, as the case may be.

Such adjustment shall become effective immediately after 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day following the Ex Date for such dividend, distribution, subdivision or combination. The Company will not pay any dividend or make any distribution on shares of Common Stock held in treasury by the Company. If any dividend or distribution of the type described in this Section 4.07(a)(i) is declared but not so paid or made, or the outstanding shares of Common Stock are not subdivided or combined, as the case may be, the Conversion Rate shall again be adjusted to the Conversion Rate which would then be in effect if such dividend, distribution, subdivision or combination had not been declared.

(ii) In case the Company shall issue rights or warrants to all holders of Common Stock entitling them (for a period expiring within 60 days from the date of issuance of such rights or warrants) to subscribe for or purchase shares of Common Stock at a price per share that is less than the average Sale Prices of a share of Common Stock over the ten consecutive Trading Day period ending on and including the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of *announcement* of such issuance, the Conversion Rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{OS_0 + X}{OS_0 + Y}$$

where,

CR_0 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Ex Date for such event;

CR_1 = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately on and after the Ex Date for such event;

OS_0 = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately prior to the Ex Date for such event;

X = the total number of shares of Common Stock issuable pursuant to such rights or warrants; and

Y = the number of shares of Common Stock equal to the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants divided by the average sale prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on and including the Trading Day immediately preceding the announcement of such issuance.

Such adjustment shall be successively made whenever any such rights or warrants are issued and shall become effective immediately after 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day following the Ex Date of such issuance. To the extent that shares of Common Stock are not delivered pursuant to such rights or warrants upon the expiration or termination of such rights or warrants, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted to the Conversion Rate which would then be in effect had the adjustments made upon the issuance of such rights or warrants been made on the basis of the delivery of only the number of shares of Common Stock actually delivered. In the event that such rights or warrants are not so issued, the Conversion Rate shall again be adjusted to be the Conversion Rate which would then be in effect if the announcement with respect to such rights, warrants or convertible securities had not been made.

In determining whether any rights or warrants entitle the holders to subscribe for or purchase shares of Common Stock at less than the average Sale Prices per share of Common Stock over the ten consecutive Trading Day period ending on and including the Trading Day immediately preceding the date of announcement of such issuance, and in determining the aggregate price payable to exercise such rights or warrants of such shares of Common Stock, there shall be taken into account any consideration received by the Company for such rights or warrants and any amount payable on exercise thereof, the value of such consideration, if other than cash, to be determined in good faith by the Board of Directors.

(iii) In case the Company shall dividend or distribute to all holders of its Common Stock any securities (other than Common Stock), evidences of indebtedness, assets or properties (excluding (x) any dividend, distribution or issuance covered by clause (i) or (ii) of this Section 4.07(a) and (y) any dividend or distribution paid exclusively in cash) (any of such shares of capital stock, evidence of indebtedness or assets hereinafter called the “**Distributed Property**”), then in each such case the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - FMV}$$

where,

CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Ex Date for such distribution;

CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately on and after the Ex Date for such distribution;

SP₀ = the Current Market Price of the Common Stock; and

FMV = the fair market value (as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company) of the securities, evidences of indebtedness, assets or property dividended or distributed with respect to each outstanding share of Common Stock on the Ex Date for such dividend or distribution.

Such adjustment shall become effective immediately prior to 9:00 a.m., New York City time, on the Business Day following the Ex Date *provided* that if the then fair market value (as so determined) of the portion of the Distributed Property so distributed applicable to one share of Common Stock is equal to or greater than SP₀ as set forth above, in lieu of the foregoing adjustment, adequate provision shall be made so that each Holder shall have the right to receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount of Securities upon conversion, the amount of Distributed Property such Holder would have received had such Holder owned a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Conversion Rate on the record date. If such dividend or distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall again be adjusted to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such record date had not been fixed. If the Board of Directors determines the fair market value of any distribution for purposes of this Section 4.07(a)(iii) by reference to the actual or when issued trading market for any securities, it shall in doing so consider the prices in such market over the same period used in computing the Current Market Price.

With respect to an adjustment pursuant to this clause (iii) where there has been a payment of a dividend or other distribution on the Common Stock or

shares of capital stock of, or similar equity interests of, a Subsidiary or other business unit of the Company (a **Spin-Off**”, and any such dividend or distribution of Common Stock, shares of capital stock or equity interests being **Spin-Off Securities**”), in which event the Conversion Rate will be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV_0 + MP_0}{MP_0}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to 5:00 p.m. on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the effective date of the Spin-Off;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately from and after 5:00 p.m. on the 10th Trading Day immediately following, and including, the effective date of the Spin-Off;
- FMV₀ = the average of the sale prices of the capital stock or similar equity interest distributed to holders of Common Stock applicable to one share of Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Days commencing on and including the effective date of the Spin-Off; and
- MP₀ = the average of the sale prices of the Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Days commencing on and including the effective date of the Spin-Off.

Such adjustment shall occur at the Close of Business on the 10th Trading Day from, and including, the effective date of the Spin-Off; *provided, however*, that the Company may in lieu of the foregoing adjustment elect to make adequate provision so that each Holder of Securities shall have the right to receive upon conversion thereof the amount of such Spin-Off Securities that such Holder of Securities would have received if such Securities had been converted on the record date with respect to such distribution.

In the event that the Company has in effect a preferred shares rights plan (**Rights Plan**”), upon conversion of the Securities for Common Stock, to the extent that the Rights Plan is still in effect upon such conversion, the Holders of Securities will receive, in addition to the Common Stock, the rights described therein (whether or not the rights have separated from the Common Stock at the time of conversion), subject to the limitations set forth in the Rights Plan. If the Rights Plan provides that upon separation of rights under such plan from the Common Stock that the Holders would not be entitled to receive any such rights in respect of the Common Stock issuable upon conversion for the Securities, the Conversion Rate will be adjusted at the time of separation as provided in this

Section 4.07(a)(iii) (with such separation deemed to be the distribution of such rights), subject to readjustment in the event of the expiration, termination or redemption of the rights. Any distribution of rights or warrants pursuant to a Rights Plan that would allow a Holder to receive upon conversion, in addition to the Common Stock, the rights described therein (whether or not the rights have separated from the Common Stock at the time of conversion), shall not constitute a distribution of rights or warrants pursuant to this Section 4.07.

Rights or warrants distributed by the Company to all holders of Common Stock entitling the holders thereof to subscribe for or purchase shares of capital stock (either initially or under certain circumstances), which rights or warrants, until the occurrence of a specified event or events (“**Trigger Event**”), (i) are deemed to be transferred with such shares of Common Stock, (ii) are not exercisable and (iii) are also issued in respect of future issuances of Common Stock, shall be deemed not to have been distributed for purposes of this Section 4.07 (and no adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.07 will be required) until the occurrence of the earliest Trigger Event, whereupon such rights and warrants shall be deemed to have been distributed and an appropriate adjustment (if any is required) to the Conversion Rate shall be made under this clause (iii) of Section 4.07. If any such right or warrant, including any such existing rights or warrants distributed prior to the date of this Indenture, are subject to events, upon the occurrence of which such rights or warrants become exercisable to purchase different securities, evidences of indebtedness or other assets, then the date of the occurrence of any and each such event shall be deemed to be the date of distribution and record date with respect to new rights or warrants with such rights (and a termination or expiration of the existing rights or warrants without exercise by any of the holders thereof). In addition, in the event of any distribution (or deemed distribution) of rights or warrants, or any Trigger Event or other event (of the type described in the preceding sentence) with respect thereto that was counted for purposes of calculating a distribution amount for which an adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.07 was made, (1) in the case of any such rights or warrants which shall all have been repurchased without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted upon such repurchase to give effect to such distribution or Trigger Event, as the case may be, as though it were a cash distribution, equal to the per share repurchase price received by a holder or holders of Common Stock with respect to such rights or warrants (assuming such holder had retained such rights or warrants), made to all holders of Common Stock as of the date of such repurchase, and (2) in the case of such rights or warrants which shall have expired or been terminated without exercise by any holders thereof, the Conversion Rate shall be readjusted as if such rights and warrants had not been issued.

(iv) In case the Company shall, by dividend or otherwise, at any time distribute (a “**Triggering Distribution**”) to all holders of its

Common Stock cash, the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{SP_0}{SP_0 - C}$$

where,

- CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately prior to the Ex Date for such distribution;
- CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately on and after the Ex Date for such distribution;
- SP₀ = the Current Market Price of the Common Stock; and
- C = the amount in cash per share distributed by the Company to holders of the Common Stock.

Such adjustment shall become effective immediately after 5:00 p.m., New York City time, on the Ex Date for such Triggering Distribution *provided* that if the portion of the cash so distributed applicable to one share of Common Stock is equal to or greater than SP₀ as set forth above, in lieu of the foregoing adjustment, adequate provision shall be made so that each Holder shall have the right to receive, for each \$1,000 principal amount upon conversion, the amount of cash such Holder would have received had such Holder owned a number of shares of Common Stock equal to the Conversion Rate on the record date. If such Triggering Distribution is not so paid or made, the Conversion Rate shall again be adjusted to be the Conversion Rate that would then be in effect if such dividend or distribution had not been declared.

For the avoidance of doubt, for purposes of this Section 4.07(a)(iv), in the event of any reclassification of the Common Stock, as a result of which the Securities become convertible into more than one class of Common Stock, if an adjustment to the Conversion Rate is required pursuant to this Section 4.07(a)(iv), references in this Section to one share of Common Stock or Current Market Price of one share of Common Stock shall be deemed to refer to a unit or to the price of a unit consisting of the number of shares of each class of Common Stock into which the Securities are then convertible equal to the numbers of shares of such class issued in respect of one share of Common Stock in such reclassification. The above provisions of this paragraph shall similarly apply to successive reclassifications.

It is expressly understood that a stock buyback, repurchase or similar transaction or program shall in no event be considered a distribution for purposes of clauses (iii) and (iv) of Section 4.07.

(v) In case the Company or one or more of its Subsidiaries shall purchase any shares of Common Stock by means of a tender offer or exchange offer by the Company or one of its Subsidiaries for the Common Stock (other than Exchange Offers not subject to Rule 13e-4 of the Exchange Act), to the extent that the cash and value of any other consideration included in the payment per share of Common Stock exceeds the average Sale Prices of a share of Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Days commencing on and including the Trading Day immediately succeeding the last date on which tenders or exchanges may be made pursuant to such tender or exchange offer (the “Expiration Date”), the Conversion Rate shall be adjusted based on the following formula:

$$CR_1 = CR_0 \times \frac{FMV + (SP_1 \times OS_1)}{OS_0 \times SP_1}$$

where,

CR₀ = the Conversion Rate in effect at the close of business on the Expiration Date;

CR₁ = the Conversion Rate in effect immediately after the Expiration Date;

FMV = the fair market value (as determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company) of the aggregate value of all cash and any other consideration paid or payable for shares validly tendered or exchanged and not withdrawn as of the Expiration Date;

OS₁ = the number of shares of the Common Stock outstanding immediately after the Expiration Date (after giving effect to the purchase or exchange of shares pursuant to such tender or exchange offer);

OS₀ = the number of shares of Common Stock outstanding immediately after the Expiration Date (without giving effect to the purchase or exchange of shares pursuant to such tender or exchange offer); and

SP₁ = the average of the sale prices a share of Common Stock for the 10 consecutive Trading Days commencing on and including the Trading Day immediately succeeding the Expiration Date.

The adjustment to the Conversion Rate under this Section 4.07(a)(v) shall occur on the tenth Trading Day from, and including, the Trading Day next succeeding the date such tender or exchange offer expires.

In the event that the Company is obligated to purchase shares pursuant to any such tender offer, but the Company is permanently prevented by applicable law from effecting any or all such purchases or any or all such purchases are rescinded, the Conversion Rate shall again be adjusted to be the Conversion Rate which would have been in effect based upon the number of shares actually purchased. If the application of this clause (v) of Section 4.07(a) to any tender or exchange offer would result in a decrease in the Conversion Rate, no adjustment shall be made for such tender or exchange offer under this Section 4.07(a)(v).

(b) No adjustment in the Conversion Rate shall be made:

(i) unless such adjustment would require a change of at least 1% in the Applicable Conversion Rate *provided, however*, the Company shall carry forward any adjustments that are less than 1% of the Conversion Rate and take them into account in any subsequent adjustment of the Conversion Rate or in connection with any conversion of the Securities;

(ii) for any issuance of Common Stock or convertible or exchangeable securities or rights to purchase Common Stock or convertible of exchangeable securities, except in accordance with Section 4.07(a) above; or

(iii) if the Holders are permitted to participate, without converting their Securities, in the transactions described in clauses (i) through (v) of Section 4.07(a) above that would otherwise require adjustment of the Conversion Rate.

(c) The Company may, from time to time, and to the extent permitted by law and subject to applicable rules of the NASDAQ Global Select Market, increase the Conversion Rate by any amount for any period of at least 20 days. Whenever the Conversion Rate is increased pursuant to the preceding sentence, the Company shall give notice of the increase to the Holders in the manner provided in Section 4.07, with a copy to the Trustee and Conversion Agent, at least 15 days prior to the date the increased Conversion Rate takes effect, and such notice shall state the increased Conversion Rate and the period during which it will be in effect. The Company may also, in its discretion, increase the Conversion Rate, to avoid or diminish any income tax to any holders of shares of Common Stock resulting from any dividend or distribution of stock (or rights to acquire stock) or from any event treated as such for income tax purposes.

Section 4.08. *Make-Whole Adjustment.* (a) If a transaction described in clause (a) or (b) of the definition of Change of Control, excluding a Change of Control in clause (b) where the exception relating to a transaction involving consideration of at least 95% publicly traded securities, occurs, and a Holder elects to convert its Securities in connection with such transaction, the Company will increase the applicable Conversion Rate for the Securities surrendered for conversion by a number of additional shares of Common Stock (the “**Additional Shares**”) in accordance with this Section 4.08.

Any conversion occurring at a time when the Securities would be convertible in light of the expected or actual occurrence of a transaction described in clauses (a) or (b) of the definition of Change of Control will be deemed to have occurred in connection with such Change of Control, notwithstanding the fact that a Security may then also be convertible because another condition to conversion has been satisfied.

The number of Additional Shares shall be determined by reference to the table below, based on the Effective Date of the transaction described in clauses (a) or (b) of the definition of Change of Control and the price (the “**Stock Price**”) paid per share of Common Stock in such transaction. If the holders of Common Stock receive only cash in the Change of Control transaction, the Stock Price shall be the cash amount paid per share of Common Stock. Otherwise, the Stock Price shall be the average of the Sale Prices of a share of Common Stock over the 10 consecutive Trading Day period ending on and including the Trading Day immediately preceding the Effective Date.

The Stock Prices set forth in the first row of the table below shall be adjusted as of any date on which the Conversion Rate of the Securities is adjusted in accordance with Section 4.07 hereof. The adjusted Stock Prices shall equal the Stock Prices applicable immediately prior to such adjustment, multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the Conversion Rate immediately prior to the adjustment giving rise to the Stock Price adjustment and the denominator of which is the Conversion Rate as so adjusted. The number of Additional Shares shall be adjusted in the same manner and for the same events as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 4.07 hereof.

The following table sets forth the Stock Price and number of Additional Shares to be received per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities:

Change of Control Effective Date	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
March 30, 2007													
April 15, 2008													
April 15, 2009													
April 15, 2010													
April 15, 2011													
April 15, 2012													

* The original issue date of the Securities.

The exact Stock Price and effective dates may not be set forth on the table, in which case:

(i) if the Stock Price is between two Stock Price amounts on the table or the effective date is between two dates on the table, the number of Additional Shares will be determined by straight-line interpolation between the number of Additional Shares set forth for the higher and lower stock prices and the earlier and later effective dates, as applicable, based on a 365-day year;

(ii) if the Stock Price is greater than \$ per share (subject to adjustment), no increase will be made to the Conversion Rate; and

(iii) if the Stock Price is less than \$ per share (subject to adjustment), no increase will be made to the Conversion Rate.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, in no event shall the total number of Additional Shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of a Security exceed per \$1,000 principal amount of Securities, subject to adjustments in the same manner as the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 4.07.

(b) If, pursuant to Section 4.08(a), the Company is required to increase the Conversion Rate by the Additional Shares:

(i) if the Company does not elect to deliver cash to settle any portion of the Conversion Obligation and it does not make an Irrevocable Election, Securities surrendered for conversion will be settled as follows:

(A) If the date on which the Securities are surrendered for conversion is prior to the third Trading Day preceding the effective date of the Change of Control (the **Cut-off Date**), the Company shall settle such conversion by delivering the number of shares of Common Stock (based on the Conversion Rate without regard to the number of Additional Shares to be added to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.08(a)) on the third Trading Day immediately following the Cut-off Date. In addition, as soon as practicable following the effective date of the Change of Control (but in any event within three Trading Days of such effective date), the Company shall deliver the number of Additional Shares to be added to the Conversion Rate as described above, if any, or the equivalent of such shares in Reference Property, as applicable.

(B) If the date on which the Securities are surrendered for conversion is on or following the Cut-off Date, the Company shall settle such conversion (based on the Conversion Rate as increased by the Additional Shares described above) on the third Trading Day immediately following the Conversion Date by delivering the number of shares of Common Stock (based on the Conversion Rate without regard to the number of Additional Shares to be added to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.08(a)) plus the number of Additional Shares to be added to the Conversion Rate as set forth in Section 4.08(a), if any, or the equivalent of such shares in Reference Property, as applicable.

(ii) if the Company elects to deliver cash in respect of all or a portion of the Conversion Obligation or it makes an Irrevocable Election, Securities surrendered for conversion will be settled as follows:

(A) If the last day of the applicable Cash Settlement Averaging Period related to the Securities surrendered for conversion is prior to the Cut-off Date, the Company shall settle such conversion pursuant to Section 4.04 by delivering the amount of cash and shares of the Common Stock, if any (based on the Conversion Rate without regard to the number of Additional Shares to be added to the Conversion Rate pursuant to Section 4.08(a)), on the third Trading Day immediately following the last day of the applicable Cash Settlement Averaging Period. In addition, as soon as practicable following the effective date of the Change of Control (but in any event within three Trading Days of such effective date), the Company shall deliver the increase in such amount of cash and Additional Shares (or the equivalent in Reference Property, if applicable), if any, as if the Conversion Rate had been increased by such number of Additional Shares during the related Cash Settlement Averaging Period (and based upon the related Conversion Value). If such increased amount results in an increase to the amount of cash to be paid to the Holders, the Company shall pay such increase in cash, and if such increased settlement amount results in an increase to the number of shares of the Common Stock to be paid to the Holders, the Company shall deliver such increase by delivering shares of the Common Stock (or, if applicable, Reference Property based on such increased number of shares).

(B) If the last day of the applicable Cash Settlement Averaging Period related to Securities surrendered for conversion is on or following the Cut-off Date, the Company shall settle such conversion pursuant to Section 4.04 (based on the Conversion Rate as increased by the Additional Shares) on the later to occur of (i) the effective date of the transaction and (ii) the third Trading Day immediately following the last day of the applicable Cash Settlement Averaging Period.

For the avoidance of doubt, if Securities are surrendered for conversion in connection with an anticipated Change of Control and such Change of Control does not in fact occur, no Additional Shares will be added to the Conversion Rate and no additional cash or Reference Property will be paid as a result of the related anticipated Change of Control.

Section 4.09. *Notice of Adjustment in Conversion Rate.* Whenever the Conversion Rate is adjusted pursuant to Sections 4.07 or 4.08:

(a) the Company shall compute the adjusted Conversion Rate in accordance with Sections 4.07 or 4.08 and shall prepare an Officers' Certificate setting forth (i) the adjusted Conversion Rate, (ii) the clause of Section 4.07 or 4.08 pursuant to which such adjustment has been made, showing in reasonable detail the facts upon which such adjustment is based, (iii) the calculation of such adjustment and (iv) the date as of which such adjustment is effective, and such certificate shall promptly be filed with the Trustee and with each Conversion Agent; and

(b) upon each such adjustment, a notice stating that the Conversion Rate has been adjusted and setting forth the adjusted Conversion Rate shall be required,

and as soon as practicable after it is required, such notice shall be provided by the Company to all Holders of record of the Securities in accordance with Section 12.02.

Unless and until a Responsible Officer of the Trustee shall have received an Officers' Certificate in accordance with this Section 4.09, the Trustee shall not be deemed to have knowledge of any adjustment of the Conversion Rate and may assume that the last Conversion Rate of which it has knowledge is still in effect.

Neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be under any duty or responsibility with respect to any such certificate or the information and calculations contained therein, except to exhibit the same to any Holder of Securities desiring inspection thereof at its office during normal business hours.

Section 4.10. *Effect of Reclassification, Consolidation, Merger or Sale.* If any of the following events occur, namely (i) any recapitalization, reclassification or other similar change in the outstanding shares of Common Stock (other than changes resulting from a subdivision or combination), (ii) any consolidation, merger or combination of the Company with another Person, (iii) the Company is a party to a statutory share exchange, or (iv) any sale, lease or other conveyance of all or substantially all of the assets of the Company to any other Person, in each case, as a result of which holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to receive stock, other securities, other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) with respect to or in exchange for such Common Stock, the Holders of the Securities then outstanding will be entitled thereafter to convert such Securities into the kind and amount of shares of stock, other securities or other property or assets (including cash or any combination thereof) that they would have owned or been entitled to receive (the "**Reference Property**") upon such recapitalization, reclassification, change, consolidation, merger, combination, sale, lease, transfer or statutory share exchange had such Securities not been converted into Common Stock immediately prior to such transaction.

In the event the holders of Common Stock have the opportunity to elect the form of consideration to be received in such transaction, the Company shall make adequate provision whereby the Securities shall be convertible from and after the effective date of such transaction into the form of consideration elected by a majority of the Company's stockholders in such transaction; *provided, however*, at and after the effective time of the transaction, any amount otherwise payable in cash upon conversion of the Securities will continue to be payable in cash, and the Daily Share Amount will be calculated based on the value of the Reference Property and shall be payable in the form of consideration elected by a majority of the Company's stockholders in such transaction. The Company hereby agrees not to become a party to any such transaction unless its terms are consistent with the foregoing.

The above provisions of this Section shall similarly apply to successive recapitalizations, reclassifications, changes, consolidations, mergers, combinations, sales and conveyances.

Section 4.11. *Taxes on Shares Issued.* The issue of stock certificates on convert for Securities shall be made without charge to the Holder thereof for any documentary, stamp or similar issue or transfer tax in respect of the issue thereof. The Company shall not, however, be required to pay any such tax which may be payable in respect of any transfer involved in the issue and delivery of stock in any name other than that of the Holder of any Security converted, and the Company shall not be required to issue or deliver any such stock certificate unless and until the Person or Persons requesting the issue thereof shall have paid to the Company the amount of such tax or shall have established to the satisfaction of the Company that such tax has been paid.

Section 4.12. *Reservation of Shares, Shares; Listing and Compliance.* The Company shall reserve and keep available, free from preemptive rights, out of its authorized but unissued shares or shares held in treasury, sufficient shares of Common Stock to provide for the conversion of Securities from time to time as such Securities are presented for conversion.

Before taking any action which would cause an adjustment increasing the Conversion Rate to an amount that would cause the Conversion Price to be reduced below the then par value, if any, of the shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Securities, the Company shall take all corporate action which may, in the opinion of its counsel, be necessary in order that the Company may validly and legally issue shares of such Common Stock at such adjusted Conversion Rate.

The Company covenants that all shares of Common Stock which may be issued upon conversion of Securities will upon issue be fully paid and non-assessable by the Company and free from all taxes, liens and charges with respect to the issue by the Company thereof, except as set forth in Section 4.11.

The Company covenants that, if any shares of Common Stock to be provided for the purpose of conversion of Securities hereunder require registration with or approval of any governmental authority under any federal or state law before such shares may be validly issued upon conversion, the Company will in good faith and as expeditiously as possible, to the extent then permitted by the rules and interpretations of the SEC (or any successor thereto), endeavor to secure such registration or approval, as the case may be.

The Company further covenants that, if at any time the Common Stock shall be listed on the NASDAQ Global Select Market or any other national securities exchange or automated quotation system, the Company shall, if

permitted by the rules of such exchange or automated quotation system, list and keep listed, so long as the Common Stock shall be so listed on such exchange or automated quotation system, all Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Securities.

Section 4.13. *Responsibility of Trustee.* The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not at any time be under any duty or responsibility to any Holder of Securities to determine the Conversion Rate or whether any facts exist which may require any adjustment of the Conversion Rate, or with respect to the nature or extent or calculation of any such adjustment when made, or with respect to the method employed, or herein or in any supplemental indenture provided to be employed, in making the same. The Trustee and any other Conversion Agent shall not be accountable with respect to the validity or value (or the kind or amount) of any shares of Common Stock, or of any securities or property, which may at any time be issued or delivered upon the conversion of any Security; and the Trustee and any other Conversion Agent make no representations with respect thereto. Neither the Trustee nor any Conversion Agent shall be responsible for any failure of the Company to issue, transfer or deliver any shares of Common Stock or stock certificates or other securities or property or cash upon the surrender of any Security for the purpose of conversion or to comply with any of the duties, responsibilities or covenants of the Company contained in this Article 4.

ARTICLE 5 SUBORDINATION

Section 5.01. *Securities Subordinated to Senior Indebtedness.* The Company agrees, and each Holder by accepting a Security agrees, that the Indebtedness evidenced by the Securities (including the principal of, premium, if any, interest and any Extension Fee on all the Securities and the Redemption Price with respect to any Securities being called for redemption and the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price with respect to all Securities subject to repurchase pursuant to Section 3.08 hereof) is subordinated in right of payment, to the extent and in the manner provided in this Article 5, to the prior payment in full of all Senior Indebtedness (whether outstanding on the date hereof or hereafter created, incurred, assumed or guaranteed).

Section 5.02. *Liquidation; Dissolution; Bankruptcy.* In the event of any payment or distribution of assets of the Company upon any dissolution winding up, liquidation or reorganization of the Company, whether in bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization or receivership proceedings or upon an assignment for the benefit of creditors or any other marshalling of the assets and liabilities of the Company:

(a) holders of Senior Indebtedness shall first be entitled to receive payment in full of all Obligations due in respect of such Senior Indebtedness (including interest after the commencement of any such proceeding at the rate specified in the applicable Senior Indebtedness) or provision shall be made for such amount in cash, or other payments satisfactory to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, before Holders of the Securities shall be entitled to receive any payment with respect to the Securities; and

(b) until all Obligations with respect to Senior Indebtedness (as provided in paragraph (a) above) are paid in full, any distribution to which Holders would be entitled but for this Article 5 shall be made to holders of Senior Indebtedness (except that Holders of Securities may receive Permitted Junior Securities), as their interests may appear.

Section 5.03. *Default on Senior Indebtedness and Designated Senior Indebtedness.*

(a) The Company may not make any payment of principal or interest on the Securities to the Trustee or any Holder in respect of Obligations with respect to the Securities if a default in the payment of any principal or other Obligations with respect to Senior Indebtedness occurs, by reason of acceleration or otherwise, and is continuing beyond any applicable grace period in the agreement, indenture or other document governing such Senior Indebtedness until all principal and other Obligations with respect to the Senior Indebtedness have been cured or waived or ceased to exist.

(b) During the continuance of any event of default with respect to any Designated Senior Indebtedness (other than a default in payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on, rent or other payment obligations in respect of any Designated Senior Indebtedness), permitting the holders thereof to accelerate the maturity thereof (or, in the case of any lease, permitting the landlord either to terminate the lease or to require the Company to make an irrevocable offer to terminate the lease following an event of default under such lease), no payment may be made by the Company, directly or indirectly, with respect to principal of or interest on the Securities for a period (a “**Payment Blockage Period**”) commencing upon the receipt by the Trustee of written notice (a “**Payment Blockage Notice**”) of such default from persons entitled to give such notice under any agreement pursuant to which that Designated Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, that such an event of default has occurred and is continuing and ending on the earlier of: (i) 179 days from the date the Trustee shall have received the Payment Blockage Notice, (ii) the date such event of default has been cured or waived or ceases to exist, or (iii) the date such Payment Blockage Period shall have been terminated by written notice to the Company or the Trustee from the person initiating such Payment Blockage Period.

The Company may resume payments on the Securities after the end of the Payment Blockage Period unless the holders of such Designated Senior Indebtedness or the representative of such holders shall have accelerated the maturity of such Designated Senior Indebtedness.

(c) Not more than one Payment Blockage Notice may be given in any consecutive 365-day period, irrespective of the number of defaults with respect to one or more issues of Designated Senior Indebtedness during such period. No nonpayment default that existed or was continuing on the date of delivery of any Payment Blockage Notice to the Trustee will be, or can be made, the basis for the commencement of a subsequent Payment Blockage Period whether or not within a period of 365 consecutive days. In no event may the total number of days during which any Payment Blockage Period is in effect exceed 179 days in the aggregate in any consecutive 365-day period.

Section 5.04. *Acceleration of Securities.* If payment of the Securities is accelerated because of an Event of Default, unless the full amount in respect of all Senior Indebtedness is paid in cash or other payment satisfactory to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, no payment shall be made by the Company with respect to the principal of, or interest on, on the Securities or upon conversion or repurchase of any of the Securities, and the Company shall promptly notify holders of Senior Indebtedness of the acceleration.

Section 5.05. *When Distribution Must Be Paid Over.* In the event that the Trustee or any Holder receives any payment of any Obligations or distribution of assets of the Company of any kind or character (other than Permitted Junior Securities pursuant to Article 5 hereof), whether in cash, property or securities (including, without limitation, by way of setoff or otherwise) with respect to the Securities at a time when the Trustee or such Holder, as applicable, has actual knowledge that such payment is prohibited by Section 5.03 hereof, such payment shall be held by the Trustee or such Holder, in trust for the benefit of, and shall be paid forthwith over and delivered, upon written request, to, the holders of Senior Indebtedness as their interests may appear or their Representative under the indenture or other agreement (if any) pursuant to which Senior Indebtedness may have been issued, as their respective interests may appear, for application to the payment of all Obligations with respect to Senior Indebtedness remaining unpaid to the extent necessary to pay such Obligations in full in accordance with their terms, after giving effect to any concurrent payment or distribution to or for the holders of Senior Indebtedness.

With respect to the holders of Senior Indebtedness, the Trustee undertakes to perform only such obligations on the part of the Trustee as are specifically set forth in this Article 5, and no implied covenants or obligations with respect to the holders of Senior Indebtedness shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee. The Trustee shall not be deemed to owe any fiduciary duty to the holders

of Senior Indebtedness, and shall not be liable to any such holders if the Trustee shall pay over or distribute to or on behalf of Holders or the Company or any other Person money or assets to which any holders of Senior Indebtedness shall be entitled by virtue of this Article 5.

Section 5.06. *Notice by Company.* The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee and the Paying Agent of any facts known to the Company that would cause a payment of any Obligations with respect to the Securities to violate this Article 5, but failure to give such notice shall not affect the subordination of the Securities to the Senior Indebtedness as provided in this Article 5.

Section 5.07. *Subrogation.* After all Senior Indebtedness is paid in full in cash or other payment satisfactory to the holders of the Senior Indebtedness and until the Securities are paid in full, Securityholders shall be subrogated (equally and ratably with all other Indebtedness *pari passu* with the Securities and entitled to similar rights of subrogation) to the rights of holders of Senior Indebtedness to receive payments or distributions applicable to Senior Indebtedness to the extent that payments or distributions otherwise payable to the Securityholders have been applied to the payment of Senior Indebtedness. A distribution made under this Article 5 to holders of Senior Indebtedness that otherwise would have been made to Securityholders (whether by the Company, any Holder, the Trustee or otherwise) is not, as between the Company and Holders, a payment by the Company on the Securities.

Section 5.08. *Relative Rights.* This Article 5 defines the relative rights of Holders of Securities and holders of Senior Indebtedness. Nothing in this Indenture shall:

(a) impair, as between the Company and Securityholders, the obligation of the Company, which is absolute and unconditional, to pay principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Securities in accordance with their terms;

(b) affect the relative rights of Securityholders and creditors of the Company other than their rights in relation to holders of Senior Indebtedness; or

(c) prevent the Trustee or any Securityholder from exercising its available remedies upon a Default or Event of Default, subject to the rights of holders and owners of Senior Indebtedness to receive distributions and payments otherwise payable to Holders of Securities.

If the Company fails because of this Article 5 to pay principal of, premium, if any, interest or any Extension Fee on a Security on the due date, the failure is still a Default or Event of Default.

Section 5.09. *Subordination May Not Be Impaired by Company.* No right of any holder of Senior Indebtedness to enforce the subordination of the Indebtedness evidenced by the Securities shall be impaired by any act or failure to act by the Company or any Holder or by the failure of the Company or any Holder to comply with this Indenture.

Section 5.10. *Distribution or Notice to Representative.* Whenever a distribution is to be made or a notice given to holders of Senior Indebtedness, the distribution may be made and the notice given to their Representative. Upon any payment or distribution of assets of the Company referred to in this Article 5, the Trustee and the Holders of Securities shall be entitled to rely upon any order or decree made by any court of competent jurisdiction or upon any certificate of such Representative or of the liquidating trustee or agent or other Person making any distribution to the Trustee or to the Holders of Securities for the purpose of ascertaining the Persons entitled to participate in such distribution, the holders of the Senior Indebtedness, Designated Senior Indebtedness and other Indebtedness of the Company, the amount thereof or payable thereon, the amount or amounts paid or distributed thereon and all other facts pertinent thereto or to this Article 5.

Section 5.11. *Rights of Trustee and Paying Agent.* Notwithstanding the provisions of this Article 5 or any other provision of this Indenture, the Trustee shall not be charged with knowledge of the existence of any facts that would prohibit the making of any payment or distribution by the Trustee, and the Trustee and the Paying Agent may continue to make payments on the Securities, unless the Trustee shall have received at its Corporate Trust Office at least two Business Days prior to the date of such payment written notice of facts that would cause the payment of any Obligations with respect to the Securities to violate this Article 5. Only the Company, a Representative or a holder of Designated Senior Indebtedness may give the notice. Nothing in this Article 5 shall impair the claims of, or payments to, the Trustee under or pursuant to Section 9.07 hereof.

The Trustee in its individual or any other capacity may hold Senior Indebtedness with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee. Any Agent may do the same with like rights.

Section 5.12. *Authorization to Effect Subordination.* Each Securityholder, by the Holder's acceptance thereof, authorizes and directs the Trustee on such Holder's behalf to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the subordination as provided in this Article 5, and appoints the Trustee to act as such Holder's attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes. If the Trustee does not file a proper proof of claim or proof of debt in the form required in any proceeding referred to in Section 8.09 hereof at least 30 days before the expiration of the time to file such claim, the holders of any Designated Senior Indebtedness are hereby authorized to file an appropriate claim for and on behalf of the Securityholders.

Section 5.13. *Amendments.* The provisions of this Article 5 shall not be amended or modified in any manner adverse to the holders of Senior Indebtedness without the written consent of the holders of all Senior Indebtedness.

Section 5.14. *Agreement to Subordinate Unaffected.* The provisions of this Article 5 shall remain in full force and effect irrespective of (a) any amendment, modification, or supplement of, or any waiver or consent to, any of the terms of the Senior Indebtedness or the agreement or instrument governing the Senior Indebtedness, (b) the release or non-perfection of any collateral securing the Senior Indebtedness or (c) the manner of sale or other disposition of the collateral securing the Senior Indebtedness or the application of the proceeds upon such sale.

Section 5.15. *Certain Conversions Deemed Payment.* For the purposes of this Article 5 only, (a) the issuance and delivery of Permitted Junior Securities upon conversion of Securities in accordance with Article 4 shall not be deemed to constitute a payment or distribution on account of the principal of, or premium, if any, or interest on the Securities or on account of the purchase or other acquisition of Securities, and (b) the payment, issuance or delivery of cash (except in satisfaction of fractional shares pursuant to Section 4.06), property or securities (other than Permitted Junior Securities) upon conversion of a Security shall be deemed to constitute payment on account of the principal of such Security. Nothing contained in this Article 5 or elsewhere in this Indenture or in the Securities is intended to or shall impair, as among the Company, its creditors other than holders of Senior Indebtedness and the Holders, the right, which is absolute and unconditional, of the Holder of any Security to convert such Security in accordance with Article 4.

ARTICLE 6 COVENANTS

Section 6.01. *Payment of Securities.* The Company shall promptly make all payments in respect of the Securities on the dates and in the manner provided in the Securities and this Indenture. Principal, premium, if any, interest, and any Extension Fee, shall be considered paid on the date it is due if the Paying Agent (if other than the Company or an Affiliate thereof) holds as of 11:00 a.m., New York City time, on the due date money, deposited by the Company or an Affiliate thereof in immediately available funds, designated for and sufficient to pay all principal, premium, if any, interest and any Extension Fee then due. The Company shall, to the fullest extent permitted by law, pay interest on overdue principal (including premium, if any), overdue installments of interest and overdue Extension Fees at the rate of 1% above the then-applicable interest rate from the required payment date.

Payment of the principal of, premium, if any, interest and any Extension Fee on the Securities shall be made at the office or agency of the Company maintained for that purpose in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York (which shall initially be the office or agency of the Trustee in the Borough of Manhattan, The City of New York); *provided, however*, that at the option of the Company payment of interest may be made by check mailed to the address of the Person entitled thereto as such address appears in the Register; *provided further* that a beneficial owner of interests in any Global Security will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds in accordance with the Applicable Procedures and a Holder with an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$2,000,000 will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds at the election of such Holder if such Holder has provided wire transfer instructions to the Company and the Trustee at least 10 Business Days prior to the payment date.

Section 6.02. *Reports.* The Company shall file all reports and other information and documents that it is required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, and within 15 days after it files them with the SEC, the Company shall file copies of all such reports, information and other documents with the Trustee; *provided, however*, that the Company shall not be required to deliver to the Trustee any material for which the Company has sought and received confidential treatment from the SEC. It is agreed that the filing of such reports via the SEC's EDGAR system shall constitute "**filing**" of such reports with the Trustee for purposes of this Section 6.02. The Company shall at all times comply with TIA Section 314(a) and also file with the Trustee and transmit to the Holders such information, documents and other reports, and such summaries thereof, as may be required pursuant to the TIA at the time and in the manner required by the TIA.

Delivery of such reports, information and documents to the Trustee is for informational purposes only and the Trustee's receipt of such shall not constitute constructive notice of any information contained therein or determinable from information contained therein, including the Company's compliance with any of its covenants hereunder (as to which the Trustee is entitled to rely exclusively on Officers' Certificates).

Section 6.03. *Compliance Certificates.*

(a) The Company shall deliver to the Trustee, within 90 days after the end of each fiscal year, an Officers' Certificate stating that a review of the activities of the Company and its Subsidiaries during the preceding fiscal year has been made under the supervision of the signing Officers with a view to determining whether the Company has kept, observed, performed and fulfilled its obligations under this Indenture, and further stating, as to each such Officer signing such certificate, that to the best of his or her knowledge, in such Officer's capacity as an officer of the Company:

(i) the Company has kept, observed, performed and fulfilled each and every covenant contained in this Indenture and is not in default (without regard to grace periods or notice requirements) in the performance or observance of any of the terms, provisions and conditions of this Indenture, or, if a Default or Event of Default shall have occurred, describing all such Defaults or Events of Default of which he or she may have knowledge and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto; and

(ii) no event has occurred and remains in existence by reason of which payments on account of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on the Securities is prohibited or if such event has occurred, a description of the event and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

(b) The Company shall, so long as any of the Securities are outstanding, deliver to the Trustee, within five Business Days of any Officer becoming aware of any Default or Event of Default, an Officers' Certificate specifying such Default or Event of Default and what action the Company is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

Section 6.04. *Further Instruments and Acts.* Upon request of the Trustee, the Company will execute and deliver such further instruments and do such further acts as may be reasonably necessary or proper to carry out more effectively the purposes of this Indenture.

Section 6.05. *Maintenance of Corporate Existence.* Subject to Article 7, the Company will do or cause to be done all things necessary to preserve and keep in full force and effect its corporate existence.

Section 6.06. *Stay, Extension and Usury Laws.* The Company covenants (to the extent that it may lawfully do so) that it shall not at any time insist upon, plead, or in any manner whatsoever claim or take the benefit or advantage of, any stay, extension or usury law or other law which would prohibit or forgive the Company from paying all or any portion of the principal of, premium, if any, interest or any Extension Fee on the Securities as contemplated herein, wherever enacted, now or at any time hereafter in force, or which may affect the covenants or the performance of this Indenture, and the Company (to the extent it may lawfully do so) hereby expressly waives all benefit or advantage of any such law and covenants that it will not, by resort to any such law, hinder, delay or impede the execution of any power herein granted to the Trustee, but will suffer and permit the execution of every such power as though no such law had been enacted.

ARTICLE 7
CONSOLIDATION, MERGER, CONVEYANCE, TRANSFER OR LEASE

Section 7.01. *Company May Consolidate, etc., on Certain Terms.* The Company shall not directly or indirectly consolidate with or merge into any other Person or convey, transfer or lease all or substantially all its assets, in a single transaction or a series of transactions, to any Person, unless:

(a) the resulting surviving or transferee Person (the “**Successor Company**”), if not the Company, shall be a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, any State thereof or the District of Columbia and the Successor Company (if not the Company) shall expressly assume, by supplemental indenture, executed and delivered to the Trustee, in form satisfactory to the Trustee, all the obligations of the Company under the Securities and this Indenture;

(b) at the time of and immediately after such transaction, no Event of Default, and no event which, after notice or lapse of time, would become an Event of Default, shall have happened and be continuing; and

(c) an Officers’ Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that the consolidation, merger or conveyance, transfer or lease complies with this Indenture, have been delivered to the Trustee.

Notwithstanding the above, certain of the foregoing transactions could constitute a Fundamental Change permitting each Holder to require the Company to repurchase the Securities of such Holder as set forth in Section 3.08.

Section 7.02. *Successor Substituted.* Upon any consolidation of the Company with, or merger of the Company into, any other Person or any conveyance, transfer or lease of all or substantially all of the properties and assets of the Company in accordance with Section 7.01, the Successor Person formed by such consolidation or into which the Company is merged or to which such conveyance, transfer or lease is made shall succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Company under this Indenture with the same effect as if such Successor Person had been named as the Company herein, and thereafter, except in the case of a lease, the predecessor Person shall be relieved of all obligations and covenants under this Indenture and the Securities.

ARTICLE 8
DEFAULT AND REMEDIES

Section 8.01. *Events of Default.* An “**Event of Default**” shall occur if:

(a) the Company defaults in the payment of an installment any interest on any Security for 30 days after the date when the same becomes due and payable, whether or not such payment is prohibited pursuant to Article 5;

(b) the Company defaults in the payment of the principal on any Security when the same becomes due and payable (whether at maturity, upon redemption, on a Fundamental Change Repurchase Date or otherwise), whether or not such payment is prohibited pursuant to Article 5;

(c) the Company fails to deliver, when due upon conversion, shares of Common Stock, cash or a combination of shares of Common Stock, together with cash instead of fractional shares and such failure continues for a period of five days after receipt of the Conversion Notice as specified in Section 4.03;

(d) the Company fails to comply with its obligations under Article 7;

(e) the Company fails to provide notice (i) of a Fundamental Change when due to the Trustee and to each Holder as required by Section 3.08 or (ii) as required under clauses (A) and (B) of Section 4.01(a)(iii);

(f) the Company fails to perform or observe any other term, covenant or agreement contained in the Securities or this Indenture for a period of 60 days after written notice of such failure, requiring the Company to remedy the same, shall have been given to the Company by the Trustee or to the Company and the Trustee by the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding;

(g) a default by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries in the payment of the principal or interest on any mortgage, agreement or other instrument under which there may be outstanding, or by which there may be secured or evidenced, any debt for money borrowed in excess of \$25.0 million in the aggregate of the Company and/or any of its Subsidiaries, whether such debt now exists or shall hereafter be created, which default results in such debt becoming or being declared due and payable, and such acceleration shall not have been rescinded or annulled within 30 days after written notice of such acceleration has been received by the Company or any of its Subsidiaries;

(h) any judgment or judgments for the payment of \$25.0 million or more rendered against the Company or any of its Subsidiaries, which judgment is not waived, discharged or stayed within 60 days after (i) the date on which the right to appeal thereof has expired if no such appeal has commenced, or (ii) the date on which all rights to appeal have been extinguished;

(i) the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company, pursuant to or within the meaning of any Bankruptcy Law:

- (i) commences a voluntary case or proceeding;
- (ii) consents to the entry of an order for relief against it in an involuntary case or proceeding;
- (iii) consents to the appointment of a Custodian of it or for all or a material portion of its property; or
- (iv) makes a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors.

(j) a court of competent jurisdiction enters an order or decree under any Bankruptcy Law that:

- (i) is for relief against the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company in an involuntary case or proceeding;
- (ii) appoints a Custodian of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company or for all or a material portion of the property of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company; or
- (iii) orders the liquidation of the Company or any Subsidiary of the Company;

and in each case the order or decree remains unstayed and in effect for 60 consecutive days.

The term “**Bankruptcy Law**” means Title 11 of the United States Code (or any successor thereto) or any similar federal or state law for the relief of debtors. The term “**Custodian**” means any receiver, trustee, assignee, liquidator, sequestrator or similar official under any Bankruptcy Law.

The Company shall notify the Responsible Officer of the Trustee in writing, promptly upon becoming aware thereof, of any Event of Default by delivering to the Trustee a statement specifying such Event of Default and any action the Company has taken, is taking or proposes to take with respect thereto.

The Trustee shall not be charged with knowledge of any Event of Default unless written notice thereof shall have been given to a Responsible Officer at the Corporate Trust Office of the Trustee by the Company, a Paying Agent, any Holder or any agent of any Holder.

Section 8.02. *Acceleration*. If an Event of Default (other than an Event of Default specified in clause (i) or (j) of Section 8.01) occurs with respect to the Company and is continuing, the Trustee may, by notice to the Company, or the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding may, by notice to the Company and the Trustee, declare the Securities

due and payable at their principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest and any Extension Fees unpaid pursuant to Section 8.03, and the same shall become and be immediately due and payable. If an Event of Default specified in clause (i) or (j) of Section 8.01 occurs with respect to the Company, all the principal of the Securities and the interest thereon and any Extension Fees unpaid pursuant to Section 8.03 shall automatically become and be immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any Holder. The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding, by written notice to the Company and to the Trustee, may rescind and annul any declaration pursuant to the first sentence of this Section 8.02 and its consequences and such Default shall cease to exist, and any Event of Default arising therefrom shall be deemed to have been cured for every purpose of this Indenture; but no such rescission and annulment shall extend to or shall affect any subsequent Default or Event of Default, or shall impair any right consequent thereon.

Section 8.03. *Other Remedies.* If an Event of Default occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may, but shall not be obligated to, pursue any available remedy by proceeding at law or in equity to collect the payment of the principal of, or interest on, the Securities or to enforce the performance of any provision of the Securities or this Indenture.

The Trustee may maintain a proceeding even if it does not possess any of the Securities or does not produce any of them in the proceeding. A delay or omission by the Trustee or any Securityholder in exercising any right or remedy accruing upon an Event of Default shall not impair the right or remedy or constitute a waiver of or acquiescence in the Event of Default.

No remedy is exclusive of any other remedy. All available remedies are cumulative to the extent permitted by law.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Indenture, at the election of the Company, the sole remedy for an Event of Default relating to the failure to file any documents or reports that the Company is required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act and for any failure to comply with the requirements of Section 314(a)(1) of the TIA or of a failure to comply with Section 6.02 above (the "**Reporting Obligations**"), shall for the first 270 days after the occurrence of such an Event of Default consist exclusively of the right to receive an extension fee on the Securities in an amount equal to 1.00% of the principal amount of the Securities (the "**Extension Fee**"). If the Company so elects, the Extension Fee will be payable on all outstanding Securities on the date on which an Event of Default relating to a failure to comply with the Reporting Obligations first occurs, which will be the 60th day after notice to the Company of its failure to so comply. On the 270th day after such Event of Default (if the Event of Default relating to the Reporting Obligations is not cured or waived prior

to such 270th day), the Securities will be subject to acceleration in accordance with Section 8.02 above. The foregoing shall not affect the rights of Holders in the event of the occurrence of any other Event of Default. In the event the Company elects not to pay the Extension Fee upon an Event of Default in accordance with this paragraph, the Securities will be subject to acceleration in accordance with Section 8.02 above.

Payments of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, Redemption Price, any Extension Fee, principal of, or premium, if any, and interest on, the Securities that are not made when due shall accrue interest at the annual rate of 1% above the then-applicable interest rate from the required payment date.

Section 8.04. *Waiver of Defaults and Events of Default.* Subject to Sections 8.07 and 11.02, the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding by notice to the Trustee may waive an existing default or Event of Default and its consequence, except a default or Event of Default in the payment of the principal of, or premium, if any, interest or any Extension Fee on, any Security, a failure by the Company to convert any Securities into Common Stock in accordance with the provisions of the Securities and this Indenture or any default or Event of Default in respect of any covenants or provisions of this Indenture or the Securities which, under Section 11.02 cannot be modified or amended without the consent of the Holder of each Security affected. When a default or Event of Default is waived, it is cured and ceases.

Section 8.05. *Control by Majority.* The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding may direct the time, method and place of conducting any proceeding for any remedy available to the Trustee or exercising any trust or power conferred on it. However, the Trustee may refuse to follow any direction that conflicts with law or this Indenture, that the Trustee, in its sole discretion, determines may be unduly prejudicial to the rights of another Holder or the Trustee, or that may involve the Trustee in personal liability unless the Trustee is offered indemnity satisfactory to it; *provided, however*, that the Trustee may take any other action deemed proper by the Trustee which is not inconsistent with such direction.

Section 8.06. *Limitations on Suits.* A Holder may not pursue any remedy with respect to this Indenture or the Securities (except actions for payment of overdue principal or interest or for the conversion of the Securities pursuant to Article 4) unless:

- (a) the Holder gives to the Trustee written notice of a continuing Event of Default;

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- (b) the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the then outstanding Securities make a written request to the Trustee to pursue the remedy;
 - (c) such Holder or Holders offer to the Trustee reasonable indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against any loss, liability or expense;
 - (d) the Trustee does not comply with the request within 60 days after receipt of the request and the offer of indemnity; and
 - (e) no direction inconsistent with such written request has been given to the Trustee during such 60-day period by the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding.

A Securityholder may not use this Indenture to prejudice the rights of another Securityholder or to obtain a preference or priority over such other Securityholder.

Section 8.07. *Rights of Holders to Receive Payment and to Convert.* Notwithstanding any other provision of this Indenture, the right of any Holder of a Security to receive payment of the principal of and interest on the Security, on or after the respective due dates expressed in the Security and this Indenture, to convert such Security in accordance with Article 4 and to bring suit for the enforcement of any such payment on or after such respective dates or the right to convert, is absolute and unconditional and shall not be impaired or affected without the consent of the Holder.

Section 8.08. *Collection Suit by Trustee.* If an Event of Default in the payment of principal or interest specified in clause (a) or (b) of Section 8.01 occurs and is continuing, the Trustee may recover judgment in its own name and as trustee of an express trust against the Company or another obligor on the Securities for the whole amount of principal and accrued interest remaining unpaid, together with, to the extent that payment of such interest is lawful, interest on overdue principal and on overdue installments of interest, in each case at the rate per annum borne by the Securities and such further amount as shall be sufficient to cover the costs and expenses of collection, including the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel.

Section 8.09. *Trustee May File Proofs of Claim.* The Trustee may file such proofs of claim and other papers or documents as may be necessary or advisable in order to have the claims of the Trustee (including any claim for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel) and the Holders allowed in any judicial proceedings relative to the Company (or any other obligor on the Securities), its creditors or its

property and shall be entitled and empowered to collect and receive any money or other property payable or deliverable on any such claims and to distribute the same, and any Custodian in any such judicial proceeding is hereby authorized by each Holder to make such payments to the Trustee and, in the event that the Trustee shall consent to the making of such payments directly to the Holders, to pay to the Trustee any amount due to it for the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances of the Trustee, its agents and counsel, and any other amounts due the Trustee under Section 9.07, and to the extent that such payment of the reasonable compensation, expenses, disbursements and advances in any such proceedings shall be denied for any reason, payment of the same shall be secured by a lien on, and shall be paid out of, any and all distributions, dividends, money, securities and other property which the Holders may be entitled to receive in such proceedings, whether in liquidation or under any plan of reorganization or arrangement or otherwise. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to authorize the Trustee to authorize or consent to, or, on behalf of any Holder, to authorize, accept or adopt any plan of reorganization, arrangement, adjustment or composition affecting the Securities or the rights of any Holder thereof, or to authorize the Trustee to vote in respect of the claim of any Holder in any such proceeding.

Section 8.10. *Priorities.* If the Trustee collects any money pursuant to this Article 8, it shall pay out the money in the following order, subject to the provisions of Article 5:

First, to the Trustee for amounts due under Section 9.07;

Second, to Holders for amounts due and unpaid on the Securities for principal, premium, if any, interest, and any Extension Fee, ratably, without preference or priority of any kind, according to the amounts due and payable on the Securities for principal, premium, if any, interest, and any Extension Fee, respectively; and

Third, to the Company or such party as a court of competent jurisdiction shall direct.

The Trustee may fix a record date and payment date for any payment to Holders pursuant to this Section 8.10.

Section 8.11. *Undertaking for Costs.* In any suit for the enforcement of any right or remedy under this Indenture or in any suit against the Trustee for any action taken or omitted by it as Trustee, a court in its discretion may require the filing by any party litigant in the suit of an undertaking to pay the costs of the suit, and the court in its discretion may assess reasonable costs, including reasonable attorneys' fees and expenses, against any party litigant in the suit, having due regard to the merits and good faith of the claims or defenses made by the party

litigant. This Section 8.11 does not apply to a suit made by the Trustee, a suit by a Holder pursuant to Section 8.07, or a suit by Holders of more than 10% in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding.

ARTICLE 9
TRUSTEE

Section 9.01. *Duties of Trustee.*

(a) If an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, the Trustee shall exercise such of the rights and powers vested in it by this Indenture and use the same degree of care and skill in its exercise as a prudent person would exercise or use under the circumstances in the conduct of his or her own affairs.

(b) Except during the continuance of an Event of Default:

(i) the duties of the Trustee shall be determined solely by the express provisions of this Indenture and the Trustee need perform only those duties that are specifically set forth in this Indenture and no others, and no implied covenants or obligations shall be read into this Indenture against the Trustee; and

(ii) in the absence of bad faith on its part, the Trustee may conclusively rely, as to the truth of the statements and the correctness of the opinions expressed therein, upon certificates or opinions furnished to the Trustee and conforming to the requirements of this Indenture. The Trustee, however, shall examine any certificates and opinions which by any provision hereof are specifically required to be delivered to the Trustee to determine whether or not they conform to the requirements of this Indenture (but need not confirm or investigate the accuracy of mathematical calculations or other facts stated therein).

(c) The Trustee may not be relieved from liability for its own negligent action, its own negligent failure to act, or its own willful misconduct, except that:

(i) this paragraph does not limit the effect of subsection (b) of this Section 9.01;

(ii) the Trustee shall not be liable for any error of judgment made in good faith by a Responsible Officer, unless it is proved that the Trustee was negligent in ascertaining the pertinent facts; and

(iii) the Trustee shall not be liable with respect to any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in accordance with a direction received by it pursuant to Section 8.05.

(d) No provision of this Indenture shall require the Trustee to expend or risk its own funds or incur any liability unless the Company or Holders shall have offered to the Trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against such cost or liability. The Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of its rights and powers under this Indenture at the request of any Holders, unless such Holder shall have offered to the Trustee security and indemnity satisfactory to it against any loss, liability or expense.

(e) Every provision of this Indenture that in any way relates to the Trustee is subject to subsections (a), (b), (c) and (d) of this Section 9.01.

(f) The Trustee shall not be liable for interest on any money received by it except as the Trustee may agree in writing with the Company. Money held in trust by the Trustee need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

Section 9.02. *Rights of Trustee.* Subject to Section 9.01:

(a) The Trustee may rely conclusively on any document believed by it to be genuine and to have been signed or presented by the proper person. The Trustee need not investigate any fact or matter stated in the document.

(b) Before the Trustee acts or refrains from acting, it may require an Officers' Certificate or an Opinion of Counsel, which shall conform to Section 12.04(b). The Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith in reliance on such Officers' Certificate or Opinion of Counsel.

(c) The Trustee may act through its agents and shall not be responsible for the misconduct or negligence of any agent appointed with due care.

(d) The Trustee shall not be liable for any action it takes or omits to take in good faith which it believes to be authorized or within its rights or powers conferred upon it by this Indenture.

(e) The Trustee may consult with counsel of its selection, and the advice or opinion of such counsel as to matters of law shall be full and complete authorization and protection from liability in respect of any such action taken, omitted or suffered by it hereunder in good faith and in accordance with the advice or opinion of such counsel.

(f) The Trustee shall be under no obligation to exercise any of the rights or powers vested in it by this Indenture at the request or direction of any of the Holders pursuant to this Indenture, unless such Holders shall have offered to the Trustee security or indemnity satisfactory to the Trustee against the costs, expenses and liabilities that might be incurred by it in compliance with such request or direction.

(g) The Trustee shall not be bound to make any investigation into the facts or matters stated in any resolution, certificate, statement, instrument, opinion, report, notice, request, direction, consent, order, bond, debenture, note, other evidence of indebtedness or other paper or document, but the Trustee, in its discretion, may make such further inquiry or investigation into such facts or matters as it may see fit, and, if the Trustee shall determine to make such further inquiry or investigation, it shall be entitled to examine the books, records and premises of the Company, personally or by agent or attorney at the sole cost of the Company and shall incur no liability or additional liability of any kind by reason of such inquiry or investigation.

(h) The Trustee shall not be deemed to have notice of any Default or Event of Default unless a Responsible Officer has actual knowledge thereof or unless written notice of any event which is in fact such a default is received by the Trustee at the Corporate Trust Office, and such notice references the Securities and this Indenture.

(i) The rights, privileges, protections, immunities and benefits given to the Trustee, including, without limitation, its right to be indemnified, are extended to, and shall be enforceable by, the Trustee in each of its capacities hereunder, and to each agent, custodian and other Person employed to act hereunder.

(j) The Trustee may request that the Company deliver an Officers' Certificate setting forth the names of individuals and/or titles of officers authorized at such time to take specified actions pursuant to this Indenture, which Officers' Certificate may be signed by any person authorized to sign an Officers' Certificate, including any person specified as so authorized in any such certificate previously delivered and not superseded.

(k) In no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for special, indirect, or consequential loss or damage of any kind whatsoever (including, but not limited to, loss of profit) irrespective of whether the Trustee has been advised of the likelihood of such loss or damage and regardless of the form of action.

Section 9.03. *Individual Rights of Trustee.* The Trustee in its individual or any other capacity may become the owner or pledgee of Securities and may otherwise deal with the Company or an Affiliate of the Company with the same rights it would have if it were not Trustee. However, in the event that the Trustee acquires any conflicting interest it must eliminate such conflict within 90 days, apply to the SEC for permission to continue as trustee or resign. Any Agent may do the same with like rights and duties. The Trustee is also subject to Sections 9.10 and 9.11.

Section 9.04. *Trustee's Disclaimer.* The Trustee shall not be responsible for and makes no representation as to the validity, priority or adequacy of this Indenture or the Securities, it shall not be accountable for the Company's use of the proceeds from the Securities or any money paid to the Company or upon the Company's direction under any provision of this Indenture, it shall not be responsible for the use or application of any money received by any Paying Agent (other than the Trustee) and it shall not be responsible for any statement or recital herein or any statement in the Securities or any other document in connection with the sale of the Securities or pursuant to this Indenture other than its certificate of authentication.

Section 9.05. *Notice of Default or Events of Default.* If a Default or an Event of Default occurs and is continuing and if it is known to the Trustee, the Trustee shall mail to each Securityholder notice of the Default or Event of Default within 90 days after it occurs. However, the Trustee may withhold the notice if and so long as a committee of its Responsible Officers in good faith determines that withholding notice is in the best interest of Securityholders, except in the case of a Default or an Event of Default in payment of the principal of, premium, if any, or interest on any Security or in the payment of any conversion, redemption or repurchase obligation.

Section 9.06. *Reports by Trustee to Holders.* If such report is required by TIA Section 313, within 60 days after each May 15, beginning with the May 15 following the date of this Indenture, and for so long as Securities remain outstanding, the Trustee shall mail to each Securityholder a brief report dated as of such May 15 that complies with TIA Section 313(a) (but if no event described in TIA Section 313(a) has occurred within the twelve months preceding the reporting date, no report need be transmitted). The Trustee also shall comply with TIA Section 313(b)(2) and (c).

A copy of each report at the time of its mailing to Securityholders shall be mailed to the Company and filed with the SEC and each stock exchange, if any, on which the Securities are listed. The Company shall promptly notify the Trustee whenever the Securities become listed on any stock exchange or listed or admitted to trading on any quotation system and any changes in the stock exchanges or quotation systems on which the Securities are listed or admitted to trading and of any delisting thereof.

Section 9.07. *Compensation and Indemnity.* The Company shall pay to the Trustee from time to time compensation (as agreed to from time to time by the Company and the Trustee in writing) for its services (which compensation shall not be limited by any provision of law in regard to the compensation of a trustee of an express trust). The Company shall reimburse the Trustee promptly upon request for all reasonable disbursements, expenses and advances incurred or made by it in addition to the compensation for its services. Such expenses may include the reasonable compensation, disbursements and expenses of the Trustee's agents and counsel.

The Company shall indemnify each of the Trustee and any predecessor Trustee against any and all losses, liabilities, damages, claims or expenses incurred by it arising out of or in connection with the acceptance or administration of its duties under this Indenture, including the costs and expenses (including taxes, other than taxes based upon, measured by or determined by the income of the Trustee) of enforcing this Indenture against the Company (including this Section 9.07) and defending itself against any claim (whether asserted by the Company or any Holder or any other person) or liability in connection with the exercise or performance of any of its powers or duties hereunder. The Trustee, upon receiving written notice thereof, shall notify the Company promptly of any claim for which it may seek indemnity. Failure by the Trustee to so notify the Company shall not relieve the Company of its obligations hereunder. The Company shall defend the claim and the Trustee shall cooperate in the defense. The Trustee may have separate counsel and the Company shall pay the reasonable fees and expenses of such counsel. The Company need not pay for any settlement made without its written consent, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

The Company need not reimburse the Trustee for any expense or indemnify it against any loss or liability incurred by it resulting from its negligence or bad faith.

To secure the Company's payment obligations in this Section 9.07, the Trustee shall have a senior claim to which the Securities are hereby made subordinate on all money or property held or collected by the Trustee, except such money or property held in trust to pay the principal of and interest on the Securities.

When the Trustee incurs expenses or renders services after an Event of Default specified in clause (i) or (j) of Section 8.01 occurs, the expenses and the compensation for the services (including the fees and expenses of its agents and counsel) are intended to constitute expenses of administration under any Bankruptcy Law. The obligations of the Company under this Section 9.07 shall survive the termination or satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture or the resignation or removal of the Trustee for any reason.

Section 9.08. *Replacement of Trustee.* The Trustee may resign by so notifying the Company in writing. The Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding may remove the Trustee by so notifying the Trustee and the Company in writing and may, with the Company's written consent, appoint a successor Trustee. The Company may remove the Trustee if:

- (a) the Trustee fails to comply with Section 9.10;

(b) the Trustee is adjudged a bankrupt or an insolvent or relief is entered with respect to the Trustee under any Bankruptcy Law;

(c) a receiver or other public officer takes charge of the Trustee or its property; or

(d) the Trustee becomes incapable of acting.

If the Trustee resigns or is removed or if a vacancy exists in the office of Trustee for any reason, the Company shall promptly appoint a successor Trustee. The resignation or removal of a Trustee shall not be effective until a successor Trustee shall have delivered the written acceptance of its appointment as described below.

If a successor Trustee does not take office within 60 days after the retiring Trustee resigns or is removed, the retiring Trustee, the Company or the Holders of 10% in principal amount of the Securities then outstanding may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the appointment of a successor Trustee at the expense of the Company.

If the Trustee fails to comply with Section 9.10, any Holder who has been a Holder for at least six months may petition any court of competent jurisdiction for the removal of the Trustee and the appointment of a successor Trustee.

A successor Trustee shall deliver a written acceptance of its appointment to the retiring Trustee and to the Company. Immediately after that, the retiring Trustee shall transfer all property held by it as Trustee to the successor Trustee (*provided* that all sums owing to the Trustee hereunder have been paid) and be released from its obligations (exclusive of any liabilities that the retiring Trustee may have incurred while acting as Trustee) hereunder, the resignation or removal of the retiring Trustee shall become effective, and the successor Trustee shall have all the rights, powers and duties of the Trustee under this Indenture. A successor Trustee shall mail notice of its succession to each Holder.

A retiring Trustee shall not be liable for the acts or omissions of any successor Trustee after its succession.

Notwithstanding replacement of the Trustee pursuant to this Section 9.08, the Company's obligations under Section 9.07 shall continue for the benefit of the retiring Trustee.

Section 9.09. *Successor Trustee by Merger, etc.* If the Trustee consolidates with, merges or converts into, or transfers all or substantially all of its corporate trust assets (including the administration of this Indenture) to,

another corporation, by sale or otherwise, the resulting, surviving or transferee corporation, without any further act, shall be the successor Trustee, *provided* such transferee corporation shall qualify and be eligible under Section 9.10. Such successor Trustee shall promptly mail notice of its succession to the Company and each Holder.

Section 9.10. *Eligibility; Disqualification.* The Trustee shall always satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2) and (5) of TIA Section 310(a). The Trustee (or its parent holding company) shall have a combined capital and surplus of at least \$50,000,000. If at any time the Trustee shall cease to satisfy any such requirements, it shall resign immediately in the manner and with the effect specified in this Article 9. The Trustee shall be subject to the provisions of TIA Section 310(b). Nothing herein shall prevent the Trustee from filing with the SEC the application referred to in the penultimate paragraph of TIA Section 310(b).

Section 9.11. *Preferential Collection of Claims Against Company.* The Trustee shall comply with TIA Section 311(a), excluding any creditor relationship listed in TIA Section 311(b). A Trustee who has resigned or been removed shall be subject to TIA Section 311(a) to the extent indicated therein.

ARTICLE 10
SATISFACTION AND DISCHARGE OF INDENTURE

Section 10.01. *Satisfaction and Discharge of Indenture.* This Indenture shall be discharged and shall cease to be of further effect (except as to any surviving rights of conversion, registration of transfer or exchange of Securities herein expressly provided for and except as further provided below), and the Trustee, on demand of and at the expense of the Company, shall execute proper instruments acknowledging satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture, when:

(a) either

(i) all Securities theretofore authenticated and delivered (other than Securities that have been destroyed, lost or stolen and that have been replaced or paid as provided in Section 2.07) have been delivered to the Trustee for cancellation; or

(ii) all such Securities not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation:

(A) have become due and payable (whether on the Final Maturity Date, or on any earlier Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, Redemption Date, conversion or otherwise); or

(B) will become due and payable at the Final Maturity Date within one year; or

(C) are scheduled for redemption within one year under arrangements satisfactory to the Trustee for the giving of notice of redemption by the Trustee in the name, and at the expense, of the Company,

and the Company, in the case of clause (A), (B) or (C) above, has irrevocably deposited or caused to be irrevocably deposited with the Trustee or a Paying Agent (other than the Company or any of its Affiliates) as trust funds in trust solely for the purpose cash in an amount sufficient to pay and discharge the entire indebtedness on such Securities not theretofore delivered to the Trustee for cancellation, for principal, premium, if any, and interest to the date of such deposit (in the case of Securities which have become due and payable) or to the Final Maturity Date or Redemption Date, as the case may be;

(b) the Company has paid or caused to be paid all other sums payable hereunder by the Company, including any unpaid Extension Fees; and

(c) the Company has delivered to the Trustee an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel, each stating that all conditions precedent herein provided for relating to the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture have been complied with.

Notwithstanding the satisfaction and discharge of this Indenture (1) the right of Holders to receive payments of principal of, and premium (if any), accrued and unpaid interest and Extension Fee (if any) and any unpaid Conversion Obligation (if any) on, the Securities and the other rights, duties and obligations of Securityholders, as beneficiaries hereof with respect to the amounts, if any, so deposited with the Trustee shall survive and (2) the obligations of the Company to the Trustee under Section 9.07 shall survive and, if money shall have been deposited with the Trustee pursuant to paragraph (b) of this Section 10.01, the provisions of Sections 10.02 and 10.04 shall survive until the Securities have been paid in full.

Section 10.02. *Application of Trust Money.* Subject to the provisions of Section 10.03, the Trustee or a Paying Agent shall hold in trust, for the benefit of the Holders, all money deposited with it pursuant to Section 10.01 and shall apply the deposited money in accordance with this Indenture and the Securities to the payment of the principal of, premium, if any, and interest on the Securities and any unpaid Extension Fees; *provided* that such money need not be segregated from other funds except to the extent required by law.

Section 10.03. *Repayment to Company.* The Trustee and each Paying Agent shall promptly pay to the Company upon request any excess money (a) deposited with them pursuant to Section 10.01 and (b) held by them at any time.

The Trustee and each Paying Agent shall pay to the Company upon request any money held by them for the payment of principal, premium, if any, interest and any Extension Fee that remains unclaimed for two years after a right to such money has matured; *provided, however*, that the Trustee or such Paying Agent, before being required to make any such payment, may at the expense of the Company cause to be mailed to each Holder entitled to such money notice that such money remains unclaimed and that after a date specified therein, which shall be at least 30 days from the date of such mailing, any unclaimed balance of such money then remaining will be repaid to the Company. After payment to the Company, Holders entitled to money must look to the Company for payment as general creditors unless an applicable abandoned property law designates another person. In the absence of a written request from the Company to return unclaimed funds to the Company, the Trustee shall from time to time deliver all unclaimed funds to or as directed by applicable escheat authorities, as determined by the Trustee in its sole discretion, in accordance with the customary practices and procedures of the Trustee. Any unclaimed funds held by the Trustee pursuant to this Section 10.03 shall be held uninvested and without any liability for interest.

Section 10.04. *Reinstatement.* If the Trustee or any Paying Agent is unable to apply any money in accordance with Section 10.02 by reason of any legal proceeding or by reason of any order or judgment of any court or governmental authority enjoining, restraining or otherwise prohibiting such application, then the Company's obligations under this Indenture and the Securities shall be revived and reinstated as though no deposit had occurred pursuant to Section 10.01 until such time as the Trustee or such Paying Agent is permitted to apply all such money in accordance with Section 10.02; *provided, however*, that if the Company has made any payment of the principal of or interest on any Securities because of the reinstatement of its obligations, the Company shall be subrogated to the rights of the Holders of such Securities to receive any such payment from the money held by the Trustee or such Paying Agent.

ARTICLE 11
AMENDMENTS, SUPPLEMENTS AND WAIVERS

Section 11.01. *Without Consent of Holders.* The Company and the Trustee may amend or supplement this Indenture or the Securities without notice to or consent of any Securityholder:

- (a) to cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency;

-
- (b) to make any other change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Securityholder;
 - (c) to provide for uncertificated Securities in addition to or in place of Certificated Securities;
 - (d) to provide for the assumption of the Company's obligations to the Holders of the Securities by a successor to the Company pursuant to Article 7 hereof;
 - (e) to comply with the provisions of the TIA;
 - (f) to add to the covenants of the Company for the equal and ratable benefit of the Securityholders or to surrender any right, power or option conferred upon the Company;
 - (g) to secure the Company's obligations with respect to the Securities or to add one or more guarantees with respect to the Securities;
 - (h) to appoint a successor Trustee;
 - (i) to provide for the issuance of additional Securities having the same terms as the Securities initially issued hereunder; or
 - (j) to conform the text of this Indenture or the Securities to any provision of the "Description of Notes" contained in the Prospectus to the extent that the text of the "Description of Notes" was intended by the Company to be a recitation of the text of this Indenture or the Securities as represented by the Company to the Trustee in an Officers' Certificate.

Upon the request of the Company accompanied by a resolution of its Board of Directors authorizing the execution of any such amended or supplemental indenture, and upon receipt by the Trustee of the documents described in Section 9.02 hereof, the Trustee shall join with the Company in the execution of any amended or supplemental indenture authorized or permitted by the terms of this Indenture and to make any further appropriate agreements and stipulations that may be therein contained, but the Trustee shall not be obligated to enter into such amended or supplemental indenture that affects its own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise.

Section 11.02. *With Consent of Holders.* The Company and the Trustee may amend or supplement this Indenture or the Securities with the written consent of the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding. The Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Securities then outstanding may waive compliance in a particular instance by the Company with any provision of this Indenture or the

Securities without notice to any Securityholder. However, notwithstanding the foregoing but subject to Section 11.04, without the written consent of each Securityholder affected, an amendment, supplement or waiver, including a waiver pursuant to Section 8.04, may not:

- (a) change the stated maturity of the principal of, or interest on, any Security;
- (b) reduce the principal amount of, or any premium or interest on, any Security;
- (c) reduce the amount of principal payable upon acceleration of the maturity of any Security;
- (d) change the currency of payment of principal of, or any premium or interest on, any Security;
- (e) impair the right to institute suit for the enforcement of any payment on, or with respect to, any Security;
- (f) modify the provisions with respect to the Company's obligation to repurchase Securities pursuant to Section 3.08 in a manner adverse to Holders;
- (g) modify the provisions of Article 5 in a manner adverse to Holders;
- (h) adversely affect the right of Holders to convert Securities other than as provided in or under Article 4 of this Indenture;
- (i) reduce the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Securities whose Holders must consent to a modification or amendment; and
- (j) reduce the percentage of the aggregate principal amount of the outstanding Securities, the consent of whose holders is necessary to take actions under Sections 8.02, 8.04, 8.05, 8.06 and 9.08 under this Indenture.

It shall not be necessary for the consent of the Holders under this Section 11.02 to approve the particular form of any proposed amendment, supplement or waiver, but it shall be sufficient if such consent approves the substance thereof.

Upon the request of the Company accompanied by a resolution of its Board of Directors authorizing the execution of any such amended or supplemental indenture, and upon the filing with the Trustee of evidence satisfactory to the Trustee of the consent of the Holders as aforesaid, and upon

receipt by the Trustee of the documents described in Section 12.04 hereof, the Trustee shall join with the Company in the execution of such amended or supplemental indenture unless such amended or supplemental indenture directly affects the Trustee's own rights, duties or immunities under this Indenture or otherwise, in which case the Trustee may in its discretion, but shall not be obligated to, enter into such amended or supplemental indenture.

After an amendment, supplement or waiver under this Section 11.02 becomes effective, the Company shall mail to the Holders affected thereby a notice briefly describing the amendment, supplement or waiver. Any failure of the Company to mail such notice, or any defect therein, shall not, however, in any way impair or affect the validity of any such amendment, supplement or waiver.

To the extent that the Company or any of the Subsidiaries hold any Securities, such Securities shall be disregarded for purposes of voting in connection with any notice, waiver, consent or direction requiring the vote or concurrence of Securityholders.

Section 11.03. *Compliance with Trust Indenture Act.* Every amendment to or supplement of this Indenture or the Securities shall comply with the TIA as in effect at the date of such amendment or supplement.

Section 11.04. *Revocation and Effect of Consents.* Until an amendment, supplement or waiver becomes effective, a consent to it by a Holder is a continuing consent by the Holder and every subsequent Holder of a Security or portion of a Security that evidences the same debt as the consenting Holder's Security, even if notation of the consent is not made on any Security. However, any such Holder or subsequent Holder may revoke the consent as to its Security or portion of a Security if the Trustee receives the notice of revocation before the date the amendment, supplement or waiver becomes effective.

After an amendment, supplement or waiver becomes effective, it shall bind every applicable Securityholder.

Section 11.05. *Notation on or Exchange of Securities.* The Trustee may place an appropriate notation about an amendment, supplement or waiver on any Security thereafter authenticated. The Company in exchange for all Securities may issue and the Trustee shall, upon receipt of a Company Order, authenticate new Securities that reflect the amendment, supplement or waiver.

Failure to make the appropriate notation or issue a new Security shall not affect the validity and effect of such amendment, supplement or waiver.

Section 11.06. *Trustee to Sign Amendments, etc.* The Trustee shall sign any amendment or supplemental indenture authorized pursuant to this Article 11

if the amendment or supplemental indenture does not adversely affect the rights, duties, liabilities or immunities of the Trustee. If it does, the Trustee may, in its sole discretion, but need not sign it. In signing or refusing to sign such amendment or supplemental indenture, the Trustee shall be provided with and, subject to Section 9.01, shall be fully protected in relying upon in addition to the documents required by Section 12.04, an Officers' Certificate and an Opinion of Counsel stating that such amendment or supplemental indenture is authorized or permitted by this Indenture. The Company may not sign an amendment or supplemental indenture until the Board of Directors approves it.

Section 11.07. *Effect of Supplemental Indentures.* Upon the execution of any supplemental indenture under this Article, this Indenture shall be modified in accordance therewith, and such supplemental indenture shall form a part of this Indenture for all purposes; and every Holder of Securities theretofore or thereafter authenticated and delivered hereunder shall be bound thereby.

ARTICLE 12
MISCELLANEOUS

Section 12.01. *Trust Indenture Act Controls.* If any provision of this Indenture limits, qualifies or conflicts with the duties imposed by TIA Section 318(c), such imposed duties shall control.

Section 12.02. *Notices.* Any notice or communication to the Company or the Trustee under this Indenture shall be given in writing and delivered in person or by first-class mail (registered or certified, return receipt requested), facsimile transmission (confirmed by delivery in person or by first-class mail (registered or certified, return receipt requested)) or guaranteed overnight courier, as follows:

If to the Company, to:

Equinix, Inc.
301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor
Foster City, California 94404
Facsimile No.: (650) 513-7900
Attention: General Counsel and Assistant Secretary

With a copy to:

Gunderson Dettmer Stough Villeneuve Franklin & Hachigian LLP
155 Constitution Avenue
Menlo Park, California 94025
Facsimile No.: (650) 321-2800
Attention: Christopher Dillon, Esq.

If to the Trustee, to:

U.S. Bank National Association
633 West 5th Street, 24th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071
Attention: Corporate Trust Services
(Equinix % Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012)
Fax: (213) 615-6197

All notices and communications (other than those sent to Holders) shall be deemed to have been duly given at the time delivered by hand, if personally delivered; five Business Days after being deposited in the mail, if mailed by first-class mail (registered or certified, return receipt requested); upon acknowledgment of receipt, if transmitted by facsimile; and the next Business Day after timely delivery to the courier, if sent by guaranteed overnight courier.

The Company or the Trustee by notice to the other may designate additional or different addresses for subsequent notices or communications.

Any notice or communication mailed to a Securityholder shall be mailed by first-class mail or delivered by guaranteed overnight courier or by other electronic means to it at its address shown on the register kept by the Primary Registrar. Any notice or communication shall also be so mailed to any Person described in TIA Section 313(c), to the extent required by the TIA.

Failure to mail a notice or communication to a Securityholder or any defect in it shall not affect its sufficiency with respect to other Securityholders. If a notice or communication to a Securityholder is mailed in the manner provided above, it is duly given, whether or not the addressee receives it.

If the Company mails a notice or communication to Holders, it shall mail a copy to the Trustee and each Agent at the same time.

Section 12.03. *Communications by Holders with Other Holders.* Securityholders may communicate pursuant to TIA Section 312(b) with other Securityholders with respect to their rights under this Indenture or the Securities. The Company, the Trustee, the Registrar and any other person shall have the protection of TIA Section 312(c).

Section 12.04. *Certificate and Opinion as to Conditions Precedent.*

(a) Upon any request or application by the Company to the Trustee to take any action under this Indenture, the Company shall furnish to the Trustee at the request of the Trustee:

(i) an Officers' Certificate in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee stating that, in the opinion of the signers, all conditions precedent (including any covenants, compliance with which constitutes a condition precedent), if any, provided for in this Indenture relating to the proposed action have been complied with; and

(ii) an Opinion of Counsel in form and substance reasonably satisfactory to the Trustee stating that, in the opinion of such counsel, all such conditions precedent (including any covenants, compliance with which constitutes a condition precedent) have been complied with.

(b) Each Officers' Certificate and Opinion of Counsel with respect to compliance with a condition or covenant provided for in this Indenture shall include:

(i) a statement that the person making such certificate or opinion has read such covenant or condition;

(ii) a brief statement as to the nature and scope of the examination or investigation upon which the statements or opinions contained in such certificate or opinion are based;

(iii) a statement that, in the opinion of such Person, he or she has made such examination or investigation as is necessary to enable him or her to express an informed opinion as to whether or not such covenant or condition has been complied with; and

(iv) a statement as to whether or not, in the opinion of such Person, such condition or covenant has been complied with;

provided however, that with respect to matters of fact an Opinion of Counsel may rely on an Officers' Certificate or certificates of public officials.

Section 12.05. *Record Date for Vote or Consent of Securityholders.* The Company (or, in the event deposits have been made pursuant to Section 10.01, the Trustee) may set a record date for purposes of determining the identity of Holders entitled to vote or consent to any action by vote or consent authorized or permitted under this Indenture, which record date shall not be more than thirty (30) days prior to the date of the commencement of solicitation of such action. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 11.04, if a record date is fixed, those persons who were Holders of Securities at the close of business on such record date (or their duly designated proxies), and only those persons, shall be entitled to take such action by vote or consent or to revoke any vote or consent previously given, whether or not such persons continue to be Holders after such record date.

Section 12.06. *Rules by Trustee, Paying Agent, Registrar and Conversion Agent.* The Trustee may make reasonable rules (not inconsistent with the terms of this Indenture) for action by or at a meeting of Holders. Any Registrar, Paying Agent or Conversion Agent may make reasonable rules for its functions.

Section 12.07. *Legal Holidays.* A “**Legal Holiday**” is a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks in New York, New York are authorized or required to close. If a payment date is a Legal Holiday, payment shall be made on the next succeeding day that is not a Legal Holiday, and no interest shall accrue for the intervening period. If a regular record date is a Legal Holiday, the record date shall not be affected.

Section 12.08. *Governing Law.* THIS INDENTURE AND THE SECURITIES SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE INTERNAL LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO APPLICABLE PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW TO THE EXTENT THAT THE APPLICATION OF THE LAWS OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION WOULD BE REQUIRED THEREBY.

Section 12.09. *No Adverse Interpretation of Other Agreements.* This Indenture may not be used to interpret another indenture, loan or debt agreement of the Company or a Subsidiary of the Company. Any such indenture, loan or debt agreement may not be used to interpret this Indenture.

Section 12.10. *No Personal Liability of Directors, Officers, Employees or Stockholders.* No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator or stockholder of the Company, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Securities, this Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. Each Holder by accepting a Security waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for issuance of the Securities.

Section 12.11. *Successors.* All agreements of the Company in this Indenture and the Securities shall bind its successor. All agreements of the Trustee in this Indenture shall bind its successor.

Section 12.12. *Multiple Counterparts.* The parties may sign multiple counterparts of this Indenture. Each signed counterpart shall be deemed an original, but all of them together represent the same agreement.

Section 12.13. *Reparability.* In case any provisions in this Indenture or in the Securities shall be invalid, illegal or unenforceable, the validity, legality and enforceability of the remaining provisions shall not in any way be affected or impaired thereby.

Section 12.14. *Table of Contents, Headings, etc.* The table of contents, cross-reference sheet and headings of the Articles and Sections of this Indenture have been inserted for convenience of reference only, are not to be considered a part hereof, and shall in no way modify or restrict any of the terms or provisions hereof.

Section 12.15. *Force Majeure.* In no event shall the Trustee be responsible or liable for any failure or delay in the performance of its obligations hereunder arising out of or caused by, directly or indirectly, forces beyond its control, including, without limitation, strikes, work stoppages, accidents, acts of war or terrorism, civil or military disturbances, nuclear or natural catastrophes or acts of God, and interruptions, loss or malfunctions of utilities, communications or computer (software and hardware) services; *provided* that the Trustee shall use reasonable efforts consistent with accepted practices in the banking industry to resume performance as soon as practicable under the circumstances.

Section 12.16. *Waiver of Jury Trial.* EACH OF THE COMPANY AND THE TRUSTEE HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY AND ALL RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY IN ANY LEGAL PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS INDENTURE, THE SECURITIES OR THE TRANSACTIONS CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have hereunto set their hands as of the date and year first above written.

EQUINIX, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE

By: _____
Name:
Title:

EXHIBIT A
[FORM OF FACE OF SECURITY]

[UNLESS THIS CERTIFICATE IS PRESENTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY TO THE COMPANY OR ITS AGENT FOR REGISTRATION OF TRANSFER, EXCHANGE OR PAYMENT, AND ANY CERTIFICATE ISSUED IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF CEDE & CO. OR IN SUCH OTHER NAME AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY (AND ANY PAYMENT HEREON IS MADE TO CEDE & CO. OR TO SUCH OTHER ENTITY AS IS REQUESTED BY AN AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OF THE DEPOSITORY TRUST COMPANY), ANY TRANSFER, PLEDGE OR OTHER USE HEREOF FOR VALUE OR OTHERWISE BY OR TO ANY PERSON IS WRONGFUL SINCE THE REGISTERED OWNER HEREOF, CEDE & CO., HAS AN INTEREST HEREIN. THIS NOTE IS A GLOBAL SECURITY WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE INDENTURE HEREINAFTER REFERRED TO AND IS REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE THEREOF. THIS NOTE IS EXCHANGEABLE FOR SECURITIES REGISTERED IN THE NAME OF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE DEPOSITARY OR ITS NOMINEE ONLY IN THE LIMITED CIRCUMSTANCES DESCRIBED IN THE INDENTURE AND, UNLESS AND UNTIL IT IS EXCHANGED IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR NOTES IN DEFINITIVE FORM, THIS NOTE MAY NOT BE TRANSFERRED EXCEPT AS A WHOLE BY THE DEPOSITARY TO A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY A NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY TO THE DEPOSITARY OR ANOTHER NOMINEE OF THE DEPOSITARY OR BY THE DEPOSITARY OR ANY SUCH NOMINEE TO A SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY OR A NOMINEE OF SUCH SUCCESSOR DEPOSITARY.]¹

¹ These paragraphs should be included only if the Security is a Global Security.

EQUINIX, INC1.

CUSIP No.: _____

% CONVERTIBLE SUBORDINATED NOTES DUE APRIL 15, 2012

Equinix, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”, which term shall include any successor corporation under the Indenture referred to on the reverse hereof), promises to pay to Cede & Co., or registered assigns, the principal sum of _____ Dollars (\$ _____) on April 15, 2012, or such greater or lesser amount as is indicated on the Schedule of Exchanges of Notes on the other side of this Note.

Interest Payment Dates: April 15 and October 15, commencing October 15, 2007

Record Dates: April 1 and October 1

This Note is convertible as specified on the other side of this Note. Additional provisions of this Note are set forth on the other side of this Note.

[SIGNATURE PAGE FOLLOWS]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this instrument to be duly executed.

EQUINIX, INC.

By: _____
Name:
Title:

TRUSTEE'S CERTIFICATE OF AUTHENTICATION

This is one of the Securities referred to in the within-mentioned Indenture.

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, AS TRUSTEE

Authorized Signatory

EQUINIX, INC.
% CONVERTIBLE SUBORDINATED NOTES DUE APRIL 15, 2012

1. INTEREST

Equinix, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**”, which term shall include any successor corporation under the Indenture hereinafter referred to), promises to pay interest on the principal amount of this Note at the rate of % per annum. The Company shall pay interest semiannually on April 15 and October 15 of each year, commencing on October 15, 2007. Interest on the Notes shall accrue from the most recent date to which interest has been paid or, if no interest has been paid, from March 30, 2007; *provided, however*, that if there is not an existing default in the payment of interest and if this Note is authenticated between a record date referred to on the face hereof and the next succeeding interest payment date, interest shall accrue from such interest payment date. Interest will be computed on the basis of a 360-day year of twelve 30-day months.

2. METHOD OF PAYMENT

The Company shall pay interest on this Note (except defaulted interest) to the person who is the Holder of this Note at the close of business on April 1 or October 1, as the case may be, next preceding the related interest payment date. The Holder must surrender this Note to a Paying Agent to collect payment of principal. The Company will pay principal and interest in money of the United States that at the time of payment is legal tender for payment of public and private debts. The Company may, however, pay principal and interest in respect of any Certificated Security by check or wire payable in such money; *provided, however*, that a beneficial owner of interests in any Global Security will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds in accordance with the rules and procedures of the Depository Trust Company (“**DTC**”) and a Holder with an aggregate principal amount in excess of \$2,000,000 will be paid by wire transfer in immediately available funds at the election of such Holder if such Holder has provided wire transfer instructions to the Company and the Trustee at least 10 Business Days prior to the payment date.

3. PAYING AGENT, REGISTRAR AND CONVERSION AGENT

Initially, the U.S. Bank National Association, a national banking association (the “**Trustee**”, which term shall include any successor trustee under the Indenture hereinafter referred to), will act as Paying Agent, Registrar and Conversion Agent. The Company may change any Paying Agent, Registrar or Conversion Agent without notice to the Holder. The Company or any of its Subsidiaries may, subject to certain limitations set forth in the Indenture, act as Paying Agent or Registrar.

4. INDENTURE, LIMITATIONS

This Note is one of a duly authorized issue of Notes of the Company designated as its % Convertible Subordinated Notes due April 15, 2012 (the "Notes"), issued under an Indenture, dated as of March 30, 2007 (together with any amendments or supplemental indentures thereto, the "Indenture"), between the Company and the Trustee. The terms of this Note include those stated in the Indenture and those required by or made part of the Indenture by reference to the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, as in effect on the date of the Indenture. This Note is subject to all such terms, and the Holder of this Note is referred to the Indenture and said Act for a statement of them. The Notes are unsecured obligations of the Company limited to \$200,000,000 aggregate principal amount (or \$230,000,000 if the Underwriters exercise their option to purchase additional Notes in compliance with the Underwriting Agreement), except that the Company at any time or from time to time may, without the consent of any Holder, issue additional Notes having the same terms as the Notes initially issued under the Indenture, and entitled to all of the benefits of the Indenture. The Indenture does not limit other debt of the Company, secured or unsecured.

5. OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

The Notes are subject to redemption, at the option of the Company, on or after April 16, 2010, in whole or in part, but only if the Sale Price of the Common Stock for at least 20 Trading Days of the 30 consecutive Trading Days immediately prior to the day the Company gives a notice of redemption is greater than 130% of the Applicable Conversion Price on the date of such notice, at a Redemption Price in cash equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be redeemed together with accrued and unpaid interest, if any, on the principal amount of the Notes redeemed to, but not including, the date of redemption.

The Company shall make at least six semi-annual interest payments (including interest on October 15, 2007 and April 15, 2010) in the full amount required by this Indenture before it may redeem the Securities.

No sinking fund is provided for the Notes.

6. NOTICE OF REDEMPTION

Notice of redemption will be delivered at least 20 days but not more than 60 days before the Redemption Date to each Holder of Notes to be redeemed at its registered address. Notes in denominations larger than \$1,000 may be redeemed in part, but only in whole multiples of \$1,000. On and after the Redemption Date,

subject to the deposit with the Paying Agent of funds sufficient to pay the Redemption Price plus accrued interest, if any, accrued to, but excluding, the Redemption Date, interest shall cease to accrue on Notes or portions of them called for redemption.

7. REPURCHASE OF NOTES AT OPTION OF HOLDER UPON A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE

Subject to the terms and conditions of the Indenture, if a Fundamental Change occurs, each Holder will, upon receipt of the notice of the occurrence of a Fundamental Change, have the right to require the Company to repurchase for cash any or all of such Holder's Notes not previously called for redemption, or any portion of those Securities that is equal to \$1,000 or an integral multiple of \$1,000, on the date that is 45 days after the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice at a price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the Notes to be repurchased plus accrued and unpaid interest, if any, to (but excluding) the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date.

Holders have the right to withdraw any Fundamental Change repurchase notice, in whole or in part, by delivering to the Paying Agent a written notice of withdrawal in accordance with the provisions of the Indenture.

If cash sufficient to pay the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price of all Notes or portions thereof to be purchased as of the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, has been deposited with the Paying Agent on or prior to the Business Day following the Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, all interest shall cease to accrue on such Notes (or portions thereof) immediately after such Fundamental Change Repurchase Date and the Holder thereof shall have no other rights as such other than the right to receive the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, upon surrender of such Notes.

8. CONVERSION

Upon satisfaction of one or more of the conditions in Section 4.01 of the Indenture, a Holder of a Note may convert the principal amount of such Note (or any portion thereof equal to \$ 1,000 or any integral multiple of \$1,000 in excess thereof) into Common Stock at any time prior to the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Final Maturity Date, at the Applicable Conversion Rate in effect on the Conversion Date; *provided, however*, that, if such Note is called for redemption or submitted or presented for repurchase pursuant to Article 3 of the Indenture, such conversion right shall terminate at the Close of Business on the Business Day immediately preceding the Redemption Date or Fundamental Change Repurchase Date, as the case may be, for such Note or such earlier date as the Holder presents such Note for redemption or for purchase (unless the Company shall default in making the redemption payment or

Fundamental Change Repurchase Price payment when due, as the case may be, in which case the conversion right shall terminate at the close of business on the date such default is cured and such Note is redeemed or purchased, as the case may be).

The Conversion Rate means shares of Common Stock per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, subject to adjustment under certain circumstances as provided in the Indenture.

Upon surrender of Notes for conversion, the Company will have the right to deliver, in lieu of shares of Common Stock, cash or a combination of cash and shares of Common Stock in the amounts provided in Section 4.04 of the Indenture.

No fractional shares will be issued upon conversion; in lieu thereof, an amount will be paid in cash based upon the Sale Price of the Common Stock on the Trading Day immediately prior to the Conversion Date.

To convert a Note, a Holder must follow the procedures set forth in the Indenture.

A Note in respect of which a Holder had delivered a Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice exercising the option of such Holder to require the Company to purchase such Note may be converted only if the Fundamental Change Repurchase Notice is withdrawn in accordance with the terms of the Indenture.

9. DENOMINATIONS, TRANSFER, EXCHANGE

The Notes are in registered form, without coupons, in denominations of \$1,000 and integral multiples of \$1,000. A Holder may register the transfer of or exchange Notes in accordance with the Indenture. The Registrar may require a Holder, among other things, to furnish appropriate endorsements and transfer documents and to pay any taxes or other governmental charges that may be imposed in relation thereto by law or permitted by the Indenture.

10. PERSONS DEEMED OWNERS

The Holder of a Note may be treated as the owner of it for all purposes.

11. UNCLAIMED MONEY

The Trustee and each Paying Agent shall pay to the Company upon request any money held by them for the payment of principal or interest that remains unclaimed for two years after a right to such money has matured. After payment to the Company, Holders entitled to money must look to the Company for payment as general creditors unless an applicable abandoned property law designates another person.

12. AMENDMENT, SUPPLEMENT AND WAIVER

Subject to certain exceptions, the Indenture or the Notes may be amended or supplemented with the consent of the Holders of at least a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding, and an existing default or Event of Default and its consequence or compliance with any provision of the Indenture or the Notes may be waived in a particular instance with the consent of the Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding. Without the consent of or notice to any Holder, the Company and the Trustee may amend or supplement the Indenture or the Notes to, among other things, cure any ambiguity, defect or inconsistency or make any other change that does not adversely affect the rights of any Holder.

13. SUCCESSOR ENTITY

When a successor corporation assumes all the obligations of its predecessor under the Notes and the Indenture in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Indenture, the predecessor corporation (except in certain circumstances specified in the Indenture) shall be released from those obligations.

14. DEFAULTS AND REMEDIES

The definition of Event of Default is in the Indenture. If an Event of Default (other than as a result of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company) occurs and is continuing, the Trustee or the Holders of at least 25% in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding may declare the Notes due and immediately payable at their principal amount together with accrued and unpaid interest, all as and to the extent provided in the Indenture. If an Event of Default occurs as a result of certain events of bankruptcy, insolvency or reorganization of the Company, all the principal of the Notes and the interest thereon shall become immediately due and payable without any declaration or other act on the part of the Trustee or any Holder, all as and to the extent provided in the Indenture. Holders may not enforce the Indenture or the Notes except as provided in the Indenture. The Trustee may require indemnity satisfactory to it before it enforces the Indenture or the Notes. Subject to certain limitations, Holders of a majority in aggregate principal amount of the Notes then outstanding may direct the Trustee in its exercise of any trust or power. The Trustee may withhold from Holders notice of any continuing default (except a default in payment of principal or interest) if it determines that withholding notice is in their interests. The Company is required to file periodic reports with the Trustee as to the absence of default.

15. TRUSTEE DEALINGS WITH THE COMPANY

The U.S. Bank National Association, a national banking association, the Trustee under the Indenture, in its individual or any other capacity, may make loans to, accept deposits from and perform services for the Company or an Affiliate of the Company, and may otherwise deal with the Company or an Affiliate of the Company, as if it were not the Trustee.

16. NO RECOURSE AGAINST OTHERS

No past, present or future director, officer, employee, incorporator or stockholder of the Company, as such, shall have any liability for any obligations of the Company under the Notes, the Indenture or for any claim based on, in respect of, or by reason of, such obligations or their creation. The Holder of this Note by accepting this Note waives and releases all such liability. The waiver and release are part of the consideration for the issuance of this Note.

17. AUTHENTICATION

This Note shall not be valid until the Trustee or an authenticating agent manually signs the certificate of authentication on the other side of this Note.

18. ABBREVIATIONS AND DEFINITIONS

Customary abbreviations may be used in the name of the Holder or an assignee, such as: TEN COM (= tenants in common), TEN ENT (= tenants by the entireties), JT TEN (= joint tenants with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common), CUST (= Custodian) and UGMA (= Uniform Gifts to Minors Act).

All terms used in this Note but not specifically defined herein are defined in the Indenture and are used herein as so defined.

19. RANK

The Indebtedness evidenced by the Notes is, to the extent and in the manner provided in the Indenture, subordinated and subject in right of payment to the prior payment in full of all amounts then due on all Senior Indebtedness of the Company. Each Holder of this Note, by accepting the same, (a) agrees to and shall be bound by such provisions, (b) authorizes and directs the Trustee on such Holder's behalf to take such action as may be necessary or appropriate to effectuate the subordination so provided and (c) appoints the Trustee such Holder's attorney-in-fact for any and all such purposes.

20. INDENTURE TO CONTROL; GOVERNING LAW

In the case of any conflict between the provisions of this Note and the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture shall control.

THIS NOTE SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE INTERNAL LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK WITHOUT GIVING EFFECT TO APPLICABLE PRINCIPLES OF CONFLICTS OF LAW TO THE EXTENT THAT THE APPLICATION OF THE LAWS OF ANOTHER JURISDICTION WOULD BE REQUIRED THEREBY.

The Company will furnish to any Holder, upon written request and without charge, a copy of the Indenture. Requests may be made to: Equinix, Inc., 301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor, Foster City, California 94404, Facsimile No.: (650) 513-7900, Attention: General Counsel and Assistant Secretary.

ASSIGNMENT FORM

To assign this Note, fill in the form below:

I or we assign and transfer this Note to:

(Insert assignee's social security or tax I.D. number)

(Print or type assignee's name, address and zip code) and irrevocably appoint

agent to transfer this Note on the books of the Company. The agent may substitute another to act for him or her.

Date:

Your Signature:

(Sign exactly as your name appears on the
other side of this Note)

* Signature guaranteed by:

By:

* The signature must be guaranteed by an institution which is a member of one of the following recognized signature guaranty programs: (i) the Securities Transfer Agent Medallion Program (STAMP); (ii) the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Program (MSP); (iii) the Stock Exchange Medallion Program (SEMP); or (iv) such other guaranty program acceptable to the Trustee.

CONVERSION NOTICE

To convert this Note into Common Stock of the Company, check the box:

To convert only part of this Note, state the principal amount to be converted (must be \$1,000 or a integral multiple of \$1,000): \$

If you want the stock certificate made out in another person's name, fill in the form below:

(Insert assignee's social security or tax I.D. number)

(Print or type assignee's name, address and zip code)

Date:

Your Signature:

(Sign exactly as your name appears on the
other side of this Note)

* Signature guaranteed by:

By:

* The signature must be guaranteed by an institution which is a member of one of the following recognized signature guaranty programs: (i) the Securities Transfer Agent Medallion Program (STAMP); (ii) the New York Stock Exchange Medallion Program (MSP); (iii) the Stock Exchange Medallion Program (SEMP); or (iv) such other guaranty program acceptable to the Trustee.

**REPURCHASE EXERCISE NOTICE
UPON A FUNDAMENTAL CHANGE**

To: Equinix, Inc.

The undersigned registered owner of this Note hereby irrevocably acknowledges receipt of a notice from Equinix, Inc. (the "Company") as to the occurrence of a Fundamental Change with respect to the Company and requests and instructs the Company to redeem the entire principal amount of this Note, or the portion thereof (which is \$1,000 or an integral multiple thereof) below designated, in accordance with the terms of the Indenture referred to in this Note at the Fundamental Change Repurchase Price, together with accrued interest to, but excluding, the Repurchase Date, to the registered Holder hereof.

Dated:

Signature(s)

Signature(s) must be guaranteed by a qualified guarantor institution with membership in an approved signature guarantee program pursuant to Rule 17Ad-15 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Signature Guaranty

Principal amount to be redeemed
(in an integral multiple of \$1,000, if less than all):

NOTICE: The signature to the foregoing Election must correspond to the name as written upon the face of the Note in every particular, without alteration or any change whatsoever.

SCHEDULE OF EXCHANGES OF NOTES²

The following exchanges, redemptions, repurchases or conversions of a part of this Global Note have been made:

<u>Date of Exchange, Redemption, Repurchase or Conversion</u>	<u>Amount of Decrease in Principal Amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Amount of Increase in Principal Amount of this Global Note</u>	<u>Principal Amount of this Global Note Following Such Decrease or Increase</u>	<u>Signature of Authorized Signatory of Securities Custodian</u>
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² This schedule should be included only if the Security is a Global Security.

[Letterhead of Shearman & Sterling LLP]

March 27, 2007

Equinix, Inc.
301 Velocity Way
Fifth Floor
Foster City, CA 94404

Equinix, Inc.

Ladies and Gentlemen :

We have acted as special counsel to Equinix, Inc., a Delaware corporation (the "Company"), in connection with the preparation of a registration statement on Form S-3 (the "Registration Statement") filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") on March 27, 2007, relating to the offering, pursuant to Rule 415 under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), by the Company of unsecured Convertible Subordinated Notes due 2012 of the Company (the "Notes") and the underlying common stock of the Company, par value \$0.0001 per share (the "Common Stock") issuable upon conversion of the Notes. Certain terms of the Notes to be issued by the Company will be approved by the Board of Directors of the Company or a committee thereof or certain authorized officers of the Company as part of the corporate action taken and to be taken (collectively, the "Corporate Actions") in connection with the issuance of the Notes. The Notes will be issued pursuant to an indenture (the "Indenture") in the form filed as Exhibit 4.4 to the Registration Statement, proposed to be entered into by the Company and U.S. Bank National Association, as trustee (the "Trustee").

In that connection, we have reviewed originals or copies of the:

- (a) The Registration Statement;
- (b) The form of Indenture;
- (c) A form of certificate evidencing the Notes attached as an exhibit to the Indenture;
- (d) The certificate of incorporation and bylaws of the Company, as certified by an officer of the Company; and
- (e) A specimen copy of the share certificate representing the Common Stock.

We have also reviewed originals or copies of such other corporate records of the Company, certificates of public officials and of officers of the Company and agreements and other documents as we have deemed necessary as a basis for the opinions expressed below.

In our review of the Indenture and other documents, and otherwise for the purposes of this opinion, we have assumed:

-
- (a) The genuineness of all signatures.
 - (b) The authenticity of the originals of the documents submitted to us.
 - (c) The conformity to authentic originals of any documents submitted to us as copies.
 - (d) As to matters of fact, the truthfulness of the representations made in certificates of public officials and officers of the Company.
 - (e) That the Indenture will be the legal, valid and binding obligation of each party thereto, other than the Company, enforceable against each such party in accordance with its terms.

(f) That:

(i) The Company is an entity duly organized and validly existing under the laws of the jurisdiction of its organization.

(ii) The Company will duly execute and deliver the Indenture and the Notes.

(iii) The execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Indenture will not:

(A) except with respect to Generally Applicable Law, violate any law, rule or regulation applicable to it; or

(B) result in any conflict with or breach of any agreement or document binding on it of which any addressee hereof has knowledge, has received notice or has reason to know.

(iv) Except with respect to Generally Applicable Law, no authorization, approval, consent or other action by, and no notice to or filing with, any governmental authority or regulatory body or (to the extent the same is required under any agreement or document binding on it of which an addressee has knowledge, has received notice or has reason to know) any other third party is required for the due execution, delivery or performance by the Company of the Indenture or, if any such authorization, approval, consent, action, notice or filing is required, it will be duly obtained, taken, given or made and is in full force and effect.

We have not independently established the validity of the foregoing assumptions.

“Generally Applicable Law” means the federal law of the United States of America, and the law of the State of New York (including the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder or pursuant thereto), that a New York lawyer exercising customary professional diligence would reasonably be expected to recognize as being applicable to the Company, the Indenture, the

Notes or the transactions governed by the Indenture and the Notes, and for purposes of assumption paragraph (f) above the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing definition of Generally Applicable Law, the term "Generally Applicable Law" does not include any law, rule or regulation that is applicable to the Company, the Indenture, the Notes or such transactions solely because such law, rule or regulation is part of a regulatory regime applicable to the specific assets or business of any party to the Indenture or any of its affiliates.

Based upon the foregoing and upon such other investigation as we have deemed necessary and subject to the assumptions and qualifications set forth herein, we are of the opinion that, following the completion of all Corporate Actions and the payment to the Company of full consideration for the Notes by the purchasers thereof,

1. The Company (a) has the corporate power to execute, deliver and perform the Indenture and the Notes and (b) has taken all corporate action necessary to authorize the execution, delivery and performance of the Indenture and the Notes.
2. Assuming that the Indenture has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Trustee, when the Indenture has been duly executed and delivered by the Company, the Indenture will constitute the legal, valid and binding obligation of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms.
3. When the Notes have been duly executed by the Company and authenticated by the Trustee in accordance with the Indenture, the Notes will constitute legal, valid and binding obligations of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with their terms and will be entitled to the benefits of the Indenture.
4. The shares of Common Stock issuable upon conversion of the Notes have been duly authorized and, when the certificates representing such shares in the form of the specimen certificate examined by us have been duly issued and delivered by the Company in accordance with the terms of the Indenture and the Notes, will be validly issued, fully paid and non-assessable.

Our opinions expressed above are subject to the following qualifications:

- (a) Our opinions in paragraphs 2 and 3 above are subject to the effect of any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar laws affecting creditors' rights generally (including without limitation all laws relating to fraudulent transfers).
- (b) Our opinions in paragraphs 2 and 3 above are also subject to the effect of general principles of equity, including without limitation concepts of materiality, reasonableness, good faith and fair dealing (regardless of whether considered in a proceeding in equity or at law).
- (c) Our opinions are limited to Generally Applicable Law, and we do not express any opinion herein concerning any other law.

This opinion letter is rendered to you in connection with the preparation of the Registration Statement. This opinion letter may not be relied upon by you for any other purpose without our prior written consent.

This opinion letter speaks only as of the date hereof. We expressly disclaim any responsibility to advise you of any development or circumstance of any kind, including any change of law or fact, that may occur after the date of this opinion letter that might affect the opinions expressed therein.

We hereby consent to the filing of this opinion letter as an exhibit to the Registration Statement and to the use of our name under the heading "Legal Matters" in the Prospectus. In giving this consent, we do not hereby admit that we are in the category of persons whose consent is required under Section 7 of the Securities Act or the rules and regulations of the Commission promulgated thereunder.

Very truly yours,

/s/ SHEARMAN & STERLING LLP

Equinix, Inc.

Computation of Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges

(in thousands)

	Years ended December 31,				
	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006
<i>Earnings:</i>					
Net loss before income taxes and cumulative effect of a change in accounting principle	\$(21,618)	\$(84,171)	\$(68,478)	\$(42,069)	\$ (6,334)
Fixed charges:					
Interest expense	35,098	20,512	11,496	8,880	14,875
Interest factor on operating leases	7,558	8,594	9,251	8,828	8,516
Subtotal	42,656	29,106	20,747	17,708	23,391
Total Earnings	<u>\$ 21,038</u>	<u>\$(55,065)</u>	<u>\$(47,731)</u>	<u>\$(24,362)</u>	<u>\$ 17,057</u>
<i>Fixed Charges:</i>					
Fixed charges:					
Interest expense	\$ 35,098	\$ 20,512	\$ 11,496	\$ 8,880	\$ 14,875
Capitalized interest	124	—	—	—	1,575
Interest factor on operating leases	7,558	8,594	9,251	8,828	8,516
Total Fixed Charges	<u>\$ 42,780</u>	<u>\$ 29,106</u>	<u>\$ 20,747</u>	<u>\$ 17,708</u>	<u>\$ 24,966</u>
Ratio of Earnings to Fixed Charges (1)	<u>1.0:2.0</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1.0:1.5</u>
Coverage Deficiency (1)	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$(84,171)</u>	<u>\$(68,478)</u>	<u>\$(42,069)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

- (1) Earnings were inadequate to cover fixed charges for all periods presented except for the years ended December 31, 2002 and 2006. As a result, the coverage deficiency is provided for all periods presented in which earnings were inadequate to cover fixed charges.

Consent of Independent Registered Public Accountant Firm

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in this Registration Statement on Form S-3 of our report dated February 28, 2007 relating to the financial statements, management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, which appears in Equinix's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006. We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Experts" in such Registration Statement.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
San Jose, CA
March 27, 2007

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM T-1

STATEMENT OF ELIGIBILITY UNDER
THE TRUST INDENTURE ACT OF 1939 OF A
CORPORATION DESIGNATED TO ACT AS TRUSTEE

Check if an Application to Determine Eligibility of
a Trustee Pursuant to Section 305(b)(2)

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

(Exact name of Trustee as specified in its charter)

31-0841368

I.R.S. Employer Identification No.

800 Nicollet Mall
Minneapolis, Minnesota
(Address of principal executive offices)

55402
(Zip Code)

Paula Oswald
U.S. Bank National Association
633 W. 5th Street, 24th Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90071
(213) 615-6043
(Name, address and telephone number of agent for service)

Equinix, Inc.

(Issuer with respect to the Securities)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

77-0487526
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

301 Velocity Way, Fifth Floor, Foster City, CA
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

94404
(Zip Code)

Debt Securities
(Title of the Indenture Securities)

FORM T-1

Item 1. GENERAL INFORMATION. Furnish the following information as to the Trustee.

- a) *Name and address of each examining or supervising authority to which it is subject.*
Comptroller of the Currency
Washington, D.C.
- b) *Whether it is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.*
Trustee is authorized to exercise corporate trust powers.

Item 2. AFFILIATIONS WITH OBLIGOR. *If the obligor is an affiliate of the Trustee, describe each such affiliation.*

None

In answering this item, the trustee has relied, in part, upon information furnished by the obligor and the underwriters, and has also examined its own books and records for the purpose of answering this item.

Items 3-15 *Items 3-15 are not applicable because to the best of the Trustee's knowledge, the obligor is not in default under any Indenture for which the Trustee acts as Trustee.*

Item 16. LIST OF EXHIBITS: *List below all exhibits filed as a part of this statement of eligibility and qualification.*

1. A copy of the Articles of Association of the Trustee.*
2. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to commence business.*
3. A copy of the certificate of authority of the Trustee to exercise corporate trust powers.*
4. A copy of the existing bylaws of the Trustee.*
5. A copy of each Indenture referred to in Item 4. Not applicable.
6. The consent of the Trustee required by Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, attached hereto as Exhibit 6.
7. A copy of the latest report of condition of the trustee published pursuant to law or the requirements of its supervising or examining authority, attached hereto as Exhibit 7.

* Incorporated by reference to Registration Number 333-67188.

A copy of the Articles of Association of the trustee, as now in effect, is on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an Exhibit with corresponding exhibit number to the Form T-1 of Structured Obligations Corporation, filed pursuant to Section 305(b)(2) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended (the "Act"), on November 16, 2001 (Registration No. 333-67188), and is incorporated herein by reference.

NOTE

The answers to this statement insofar as such answers relate to what persons have been underwriters for any securities of the obligors within three years prior to the date of filing this statement, or what persons are owners of 10% or more of the voting securities of the obligors, or affiliates, are based upon information furnished to the Trustee by the obligors.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, as amended, the Trustee, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, a national banking association organized and existing under the laws of the United States of America, has duly caused this statement of eligibility and qualification to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, all in the City of Los Angeles, State of California on the 22nd day of March, 2007.

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By: /s/ Paula Oswald
Paula Oswald
Vice President

Exhibit 6

CONSENT

In accordance with Section 321(b) of the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, the undersigned, U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION hereby consents that reports of examination of the undersigned by Federal, State, Territorial or District authorities may be furnished by such authorities to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon its request therefor.

Dated: March 22, 2007

U.S. BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION

By: /s/ Paula Oswald

Paula Oswald

Vice President

Exhibit 7

**U.S. Bank National Association
Statement of Financial Condition
As of 12/31/2006**

	(\$000's) 12/31/2006
Assets	
Cash and Due From Depository Institutions	\$ 8,644,951
Federal Reserve Stock	0
Securities	39,699,269
Federal Funds	3,512,083
Loans & Lease Financing Receivables	141,159,825
Fixed Assets	1,934,499
Intangible Assets	12,048,875
Other Assets	10,802,824
Total Assets	\$ 217,802,326
Liabilities	
Deposits	\$ 135,903,121
Fed Funds	2,553,472
Treasury Demand Notes	9,763,306
Trading Liabilities	139,984
Other Borrowed Money	33,217,524
Acceptances	0
Subordinated Notes and Debentures	7,384,026
Other Liabilities	6,677,926
Total Liabilities	\$ 195,639,359
Equity	
Minority Interest in Subsidiaries	\$ 1,544,842
Common and Preferred Stock	18,200
Surplus	11,976,937
Undivided Profits	8,622,988
Total Equity Capital	\$ 22,162,967
Total Liabilities and Equity Capital	\$ 217,802,326

CONSENT

The undersigned, who has agreed to serve as a member of the Board of Directors of Equinix, Inc. (the "Company") upon the commencement of his employment with the Company on April 2, 2007, hereby grants the Company consent to use his name in its Registration Statement on Form S-3 and all amendments, including post-effective amendments, to the Registration Statement.

Dated: March 22, 2007

/s/ Stephen M. Smith

Stephen M. Smith